

MOORE PUBLIC SCHOOLS
SOUTHMOORE HIGH SCHOOL
HVAC H1 G1 REPLACEMENT

INDEPENDENT DISTRICT NO. 2
CLEVELAND COUNTY, MOORE, OKLAHOMA

MOORE, OKLAHOMA

PROJECT MANUAL
MARCH 2026

AGP | the Abla Griffin
Partnership



PROJECT MANUAL
MARCH 2026

MOORE PUBLIC SCHOOLS
SOUTHMOORE HIGH SCHOOL
HVAC H1 G1 REPLACEMENT

INDEPENDENT DISTRICT NO. 2
CLEVELAND COUNTY, MOORE, OKLAHOMA

MOORE, OKLAHOMA

ARCHITECT:

AGP | the Abla Griffin
Partnership

the Abla Griffin Partnership LLC
313 Southeast 5th Street
Moore, Oklahoma 73160
t: 405.735.3477
AGP@theAGP.net

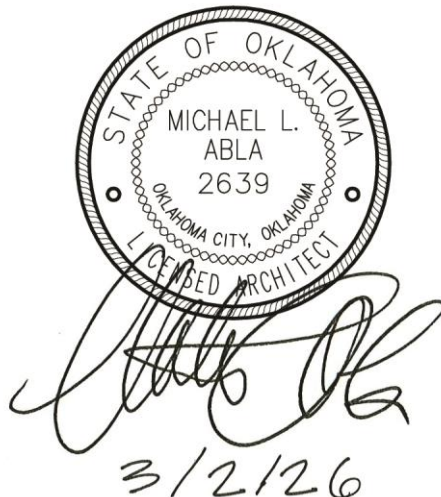


TABLE OF CONTENTS

Title Page	1 page
Table of Contents	2 pages
BIDDING REQUIREMENTS	
Special Conditions	7 pages
DIVISION 1 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS	
01010 Summary of the Work	01010-1 - 4
DIVISION 2 - SITE WORK	
Not Used	
DIVISION 3 - CONCRETE	
Not Used	
DIVISION 4 - MASONRY	
Not Used	
DIVISION 5 - METALS	
05500 Metal Fabrications	05500-1 - 6
DIVISION 6 - WOOD & PLASTIC (if applicable)	
06100 Rough Carpentry	06100-1 - 4
06300 Wood Treatment	06300-1
DIVISION 7 - THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION	
07200 Insulation	07200-1 - 2
07550 Modified Bitumen Membrane Roofing Systems	07550-1 - 14
07600 Flashing and Sheet Metal	07600-1 - 2
07900 Sealants	07900-1 - 6
DIVISION 8 - DOORS & WINDOWS	
Not Used	
DIVISION 9 - FINISHES	
09900 Painting	09900-1 - 3
DIVISION 10 - SPECIALTIES	
Not Used	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DIVISION 11 - EQUIPMENT

Not Used

DIVISION 12 - FURNISHINGS

Not Used

DIVISION 13 - SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION

Not Used

DIVISION 14 - CONVEYING SYSTEMS

Not Used

DIVISIONS 21 THRU 28 - MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, & TECHNOLOGY

REFER TO MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS

DIVISIONS 01, 02, AND 31 THRU 33 - CIVIL

Not Used

SECTION 00 01 10

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Engineer of Record
Divisions 21, 22, 23
Dwayne McDonald Gordon
Mechanical Engineer
Salas O'Brien, Inc.
OK 30822 / EXP 02.28.2028
CA 9820/ EXP 06.30.2027



DIVISION 21 - FIRE SUPPRESSION – Not Used

DIVISION 22 – PLUMBING – Not Used

DIVISION 23 - HEATING, VENTILATING, AND AIR CONDITIONING (HVAC)

- 23 05 00 Mechanical General Provisions
- 23 05 11 Mechanical Alterations Project Procedures
- 23 05 12 HVAC Shop Drawings, Coordination Drawings & Product Data
- 23 05 13 Electrical Provisions of HVAC Work
- 23 05 14 HVAC Condensate Drain Piping System
- 23 05 93 Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing of Environmental Systems
- 23 07 13 External Duct Insulation
- 23 31 13 Ductwork
- 23 81 20 Large Packaged Rooftop DX Air Handlers

Engineer of Record
Division 26
Timothy Van Ostran
Electrical Engineer
Salas O'Brien, Inc.
OK 32650 / EXP 03.31.2027
CA 9820 / EXP 06.30.2027



DIVISION 26 - ELECTRICAL

- 26 05 00 Electrical General Provisions
- 26 05 12 Electrical Shop Drawings, Coordination Drawings & Product Data
- 26 05 19 Conductors and Connectors - 600 Volt
- 26 05 26 Electrical Grounding
- 26 05 33 Conduit Systems
- 26 05 35 Electrical Connections for Equipment
- 26 05 37 Electrical Boxes and Fittings
- 26 05 40 Electrical Gutters and Wireways
- 26 05 50 Firestops
- 26 24 13 Switchboards
- 26 24 16 Panelboards and Enclosures
- 26 27 73 Line Voltage Wiring Devices

END OF SECTION

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

TIME FOR COMPLETION AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

- A. Upon execution of the contract agreement between the Owner and the Contractor, it shall become an obligation of the contractor to complete all work to be performed under this agreement for the 2026 HVAC H1 G1 Replacement project at Southmoore High School within a time to be negotiated between the Owner and Construction Manager.
- B. Penalty for noncompliance by the above negotiated date shall be cessation of all further periodical payments until the work is completed and can be fully used for the purpose intended.

PAYMENTS:

- A. The Owner's payment schedule indicating the payment dates established by Moore Public Schools shall be provided to the contractor to establish a monthly payment schedule.
- B. **Certificates of payment shall be submitted to the Architect on or before 7 days prior to Owner's cut-off date.**
- C. Until the Work is 50 percent complete, the Owner will pay 95 percent of the amount due the Contractor on account of progress payments. At the time the Work is 50 percent complete, any **remaining** partial payments shall be paid at 97.5 percent of amount due. The retainage shall be retained until the project is completed.

INSURANCE AND BONDS:

- A. Insurance provided shall be with a company or companies licensed to do business in the state of Oklahoma.
- B. Policies shall be provided in the following types and amounts:
 - 1. a. Workmen's Compensation-Statutory
 - b. Employer's Liability-\$500,000 each accident.
 - 2. Comprehensive General Liability:
 - a. Bodily Injury - \$1,000,000 each occurrence.
 - b. Personal Injury - \$1,000,000
 - c. Property Damage - \$1,000,000 each occurrence
 - 3. Automobile Liability:
 - a. Bodily Injury - \$500,000 each person/\$1,000.000 each occurrence
 - b. Such Comprehensive Automobile Liability Insurance

shall include all owned and non-owned hired motor vehicles.

4. Owners Protective Liability - Same limits as above.
 5. Products and Completed Operations - Same limits as above.
 6. Contractual Liability - Same limits as above.
- C. Furnish one copy of Certificates herein required for each copy of the Agreement; specifically set forth evidence of all coverage required by Subparagraphs 11.1 and 11.2. Furnish to the Owner copies of any endorsements that are subsequently issued amending coverage or limits.
- D. **The Contractor shall provide property insurance in the amount of the initial contract sum as well as subsequent modifications thereto for the entire Work at the site on a replacement cost basis without voluntary deductibles. This insurance coverage shall be the "all-risk" form for completed value.**

TEMPORARY SERVICES:

- A. Sanitary Facilities: The Contractor shall provide and maintain necessary sanitary conveniences for the use of those employed on/or about the work. The sanitary facilities shall be properly secluded from public observation and shall be such locations as shall be approved by the Owner, and their use shall be strictly enforced.

SHOP DRAWINGS and SUBMITTALS:

- A. Unless otherwise specified, the shop drawings and product data shall be submitted **electronically**. Physical samples of materials shall be submitted to the Architect as required.
- B. Construction Manager is responsible for obtaining and distributing required prints of shop drawings to his subcontractors and material suppliers after as well as before final approval.
- C. Shop drawings and samples shall be dated and marked to show the names of the Project, Architect, CM, originating Sub-Contractor, manufacturer or supplier, and separate detailer if pertinent. Shop drawings shall completely identify Specifications section and locations at which materials or equipment are to be installed. Reproduction of Contract Drawings are acceptable as Shop Drawings only when specifically authorized in writing by the Architect.

- D. If materials or specified items other than those specified in these Contract Documents are supplied - and approved by the Architect - it shall be the Construction Manager's responsibility to provide ALL additional materials, accessories, substrates, utility connection, etc. for a complete and operational installation at NO additional cost to the Owner.

CHANGES IN THE WORK:

- A. Cost shall be limited to the following: cost of materials, including sales tax and cost of delivery; cost of labor, including social security, old age and unemployment insurance, and fringe benefits under collective bargaining agreements; workmen's compensation insurance; bond premiums; and rental value of power tools and equipment. Overhead shall include the following; supervision, superintendence, wages of time keepers, watchmen and clerks, hand tools, incidentals, general office expense, and all other expenses not included in "cost".
- B. Change Order markups shall be limited to 10% overhead and 10% profit. No other markups shall be allowed.

AS BUILT DRAWINGS:

- A. Provide and maintain in proper order and in good, clean condition in the field office at the project site, one complete full-size set of all working drawings. On this set of drawing prints, in red ink, neatly and accurately inscribe any and all changes in the work.
- B. Upon completion of work, the Contractor shall furnish one set of "as built" drawings. These drawings shall be contract drawings corrected in **red ink** to show any differences between contract drawings and actual construction. All changes made during construction shall be noted. Each drawing showing changes in dimensions, details, or containing supplemental information shall be plainly marked "**As Built**" and shall contain the signature of both the Architect and the Contractor.

CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS:

Prepare project data in the form of an instructional manual supplied electronically on media as requested by Owner (CD or flash drive). The following information shall be included and arranged under a

Table of Contents:

1. Directory listing names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the Architect/Engineer(s), Construction Manager, Subcontractors, and major material/equipment suppliers.
2. Operation and maintenance instructions, arranged by system and subdivided by specification section. For each category, identify names, addresses, and telephone numbers of Subcontractors and Suppliers. Include equipment, parts list for each, operating instructions, maintenance instructions for equipment, special finishes, etc.
3. Project documents and certificates, including shop drawings and product data, air and water balance reports, photocopies of warranties.
4. Record As-Built Drawings as described above.
5. Completed Non-Asbestos Affidavit.

DEBRIS DISPOSAL:

Waste disposal shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. The Contractor shall make arrangements with the local authorities having jurisdiction for accommodation of all waste disposal. If local facilities are not available the contractor shall be responsible for all other arrangements for waste disposal.

SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

In the following sections where the term "General Conditions" is used, it shall include the "Supplementary Conditions" and/or "Special Conditions" bound in this project manual.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS:

A. TESTS AND INSPECTIONS

Add the following clarification: **Regardless of how it is described elsewhere in the drawings and specifications, the CM shall engage all testing laboratories / subcontractors as approved by the Architect; and, pay for ALL testing as required by the drawings and specifications.** The CM shall pay for any additional testing due to defective work. The Owner shall pay for any additional testing requested and found to be non-defective.

B. EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

The Contractor shall maintain policies of employment as follows:

The Contractor and all Subcontractors shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, religion, color, sex, or national origin. The Contractor shall take affirmative action to insure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated fairly during employment without regard to their race, religion, color, sex,

or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to the following: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or any other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The Contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices setting forth the policies of non-discrimination.

C. COOPERATION WITH BUILDING OFFICIALS

Cooperate with applicable Federal, State, City or other governmental officials and inspectors at all times. If such officials or inspectors deems special inspection necessary, provide assistance and facilities that will expedite his inspection.

Construction Manager shall be responsible for obtaining and paying for ALL building permits required for this project. This cost shall be included in the Construction Manager's General Conditions.

D. MEASUREMENTS

Before doing any work or ordering any materials, the Contractor shall verify all measurements of existing and new work, and shall be responsible for their correctness.

Any differences which may be found shall be submitted to the Architect for consideration before proceeding with the work. No extra compensation will be allowed because of differences between actual dimensions and measurements indicated on the working drawings.

E. CONFLICTS BETWEEN DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Conflicts between the drawings and specifications shall be brought to the immediate attention of the Architect. Failure to bid item(s) noted on the drawings and omitted from the specifications **does not** remove responsibility from the Construction Manager and applicable Subcontractor(s) to provide and install such with no additional cost to the Owner.

These Contract Documents - including but not limited to the Drawings, Project Manual, and any subsequent Addenda - are issued as a "whole" and shall be bid as such. Each discipline / subcontractor shall review the entire set of Contract Documents and include applicable work in their bid **regardless of location within the Contract Documents**. Reviewing only a portion of the Contract Documents shall not absolve the construction manager or subcontractor of the requirement to perform the work of their respective disciplines and/or trade.

F. MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

Install all manufactured items of materials or equipment in strict accordance with manufacturer's recommended specifications, except that the specifications herein, where more stringent, shall be complied with.

At the completion of the project and prior to final acceptance by the Owner, provide the Owner with three complete sets of operating and maintenance instructions, and demonstrate to him the procedures for proper operation and maintenance of all equipment.

G. JOB MAINTENANCE

During the course of their work, all crafts and trades shall protect all work which preceded theirs from damage, and they shall make repairs or replacements to any damage caused either directly or indirectly by them.

H. COMPLIANCE WITH STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS

Contractor assumes full responsibility for the payment of all contributions and payroll taxes (state and federal) as to all subcontractors and employees engaged in the performance of work pursuant hereto and further agrees to check and meet all requirements that might be specified under regulations of the administrative officials or board charged with the enforcement of any state or federal act on the subject referred to. CM agrees to furnish Owner, upon request, a certificate or other evidence of compliance therewith.

I. OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ACT OF 1970 (OSHA)

The Construction Manager shall comply with the latest edition and revision of The Federal Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 for construction.

J. GUARANTY BONDS

1. Prior to the Owner signing the contract agreement, he will require the Contractor to furnish performance and payment bonds covering the faithful performance of the entire construction contract agreement. The performance bond and the payment bond shall each be made out in one hundred percent (100%) of the contract sum and shall be in a company or companies against which the Owner has no reasonable objection.
2. Bonds shall be signed by an official of the bonding company, and shall be accompanied by the bonding agent's written power-of-attorney in order that one copy may be attached to each copy of the contract agreement.
3. The Construction Manager shall include in his proposal amount the total premiums for all required bonds.

4. Unless noted otherwise, the Construction Manager does hereby warrant and/or guarantee against defects in all workmanship and materials performed or furnished by him directly or by his subcontractors for a period of one (1) year from the date of completion, as evidenced by the date of the Final Certificate or final acceptance of the project. Said warranty and/or guarantee shall be in the form of a good and sufficient bond in a sum equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the contract price.

End of Special Conditions

DIVISION 1 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 01010-SUMMARY OF THE WORK

Part 1 - General

1.01 Work Included:

- A. The General Conditions, Bidding Requirements, and Division I are hereby made a part of each of the technical sections that follow, and shall be understood to apply and shall apply in full to all individuals or corporations who contract or subcontract to perform any part or all of the project work.
- B. Indications on the working drawings or in any section of the specifications of an article or material, operation, or method, requires that the Contractor shall provide each item or service or quality or is subject to qualifications noted; and, the Contractor shall perform each operation prescribed according to the conditions stated providing, therefore, all necessary labor, equipment, and incidentals to complete the project work.
- C. The projects:
 - 1. Name: HVAC H1 G1 Replacement at Southmoore High School
- Moore Public Schools.
 - 2. Location: 2901 South Santa Fe
Moore, OK 73160

1.02 Summary of Work:

- A. **Base Bid:** Provide and pay for all materials, labor, services, equipment, licenses, taxes, permits, and other items necessary for the complete construction of replacement of existing roof top units as indicated at existing arena building. Contractor shall maintain all barriers, guards and other environmental items required at the site during construction.
- B. Owner: Moore Public Schools
 - 1. Owner's Representative:
Todd Stapleton, Assistant Superintendent, Operations
Moore Public Schools
1500 SE 4th Street
Moore, OK 73160
405-735-4220
- C. Design Team:
 - 1. Architect:
Mike Abla, Principal Architect
AGP
201 N. Broadway, Suite 210
Moore, OK 73160
405-735-3477
 - 2. Structural Engineer:
Brandon Birch, Structural Engineer
KFC Engineering, Inc.
525 Central Park Drive, Suite 202
Oklahoma City, OK 73105
405-528-4596

DIVISION 1 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 01010-SUMMARY OF THE WORK

3. Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing Engineers:
Dwayne Gordon, Mechanical Engineer
Salas O'Brien
2600 Van Buren St., Suite 2604
Norman, OK 73072
405-364-9926
 4. Construction Management Team:
Joe Sherga, Project Manager
Omni Construction LLC
1909 South Eastern Avenue
Moore, OK 73160
405-735-3992
- 1.04 Work to be Provided and Installed By Others:
Not applicable.
- 1.05 Use of the Site:
- A. Confine operations at the site to the areas permitted under the contract. Portions of the site beyond areas on which work is indicated are not to be disturbed.
 - B. Keep facility free from accumulation of waste material, rubbish or construction debris.
- 1.06 Safety of Persons and property:
- A. Contractor shall at all times protect the building from damage from rainwater.
 - B. Contractor shall provide barricades and clearly mark work zone areas.
 - C. Refer to Special Conditions "Temporary Services" for additional information.
 - D. During the period of construction, the OSHA Standards shall be followed as applicable by law.
 - E. The Contractor shall post emergency telephone numbers.
- 1.07 Preconstruction Conference:
- A. A preconstruction meeting will be held at a time and place designated by the Architect or Owner's Representative, for the purpose of identifying responsibilities of the Owner=s and the Architect's personnel and explanation of administrative procedures.
 - B. The Contractor shall use this meeting for the following minimum agenda:
 1. Construction Schedule/Project Phasing.
 2. Use of areas of the site.
 3. Delivery and storage.
 4. Safety.
 5. Security.
 6. Cleaning up.
 7. Subcontractor procedures relating to:
 - a. Submittals.
 - b. Change orders.
 - c. Applications for payment.
 - d. Record documents.

DIVISION 1 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 01010-SUMMARY OF THE WORK

- C. The attendees shall include:
 - 1. The Owner's Representatives.
 - 2. The Architect.
 - 3. The Contractor, Project Manager, and Superintendent.
- 1.08 Project Scheduling:
 - A. The Contractor is responsible for the scheduling of construction and must prepare a schedule and charting system described below. This schedule is to ensure adequate planning and execution of the work by the contractor and to assist the Architect in appraising the schedule and evaluating the progress of the work.
 - B. The project schedule shall be presented within ten (10) days after receipt of the Notice to Proceed. Three (3) copies of the schedule shall be submitted to the Architect for review and approval.
 - C. The schedule logic must be in the form of a "fenced" bar chart or Critical Path Method network indicating the planned start and completion dates of the activity, logical constraints between activities, and total float of each activity.
 - D. An updated project schedule shall be provided when requested by the Architect.
- 1.09 Environmental Controls:
 - A. Water Resources:
 - 1. Oily substances: prevent oily or other hazardous substances from entering the ground, drainage areas, or local bodies of water.
 - 2. Mosquito abatement: prevent ponding of stagnant water conducive to mosquito breeding habitat.
 - B. Air resources:
 - 1. Prevent creation of dust, air pollution, and odors.
 - 2. Use water sprinkling, temporary enclosures, and other appropriate methods to limit dust and dirt rising and scattering in air to locate practical level.
 - 3. Store volatile liquids, including fuels and solvents, in closed containers.
 - 4. Properly maintain equipment to reduce gaseous pollutant emissions.
 - D. Comply with all applicable environmental control guidelines as required by the City of Moore / Oklahoma City.
- 1.10 Temporary Utilities:
 - A. The Contractor shall provide and pay for all temporary utilities required for the complete construction of the project including, but not limited to, electricity, lighting, heating, cooling, ventilating, telephone, water, sanitary facilities, exterior and interior enclosures, access roads and parking areas, cleaning and waste removal, project identification and signs, etc.
- 1.11 Cleaning:
 - A. Use cleaning materials and agents recommended by manufacturer or fabricator of surface to be cleaned. Do not use cleaning agents that are potentially hazardous to health or property, or that might damage finished surfaces.

DIVISION 1 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 01010-SUMMARY OF THE WORK

- B. Employ experienced workers or professional cleaners for final cleaning. Clean each surface or unit of work to condition expected from a commercial building cleaning and maintenance program. Comply with manufacturer's published instructions.
 - C. Complete cleaning operations prior to requesting a Final / Substantial Completion Inspection.
- 1.12 Project Sign: Not applicable.

End of Section

DIVISION 5 - METALS

SECTION 05500 - METAL FABRICATIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 Related Documents

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.02 Summary

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Steel framing and supports for applications where framing and supports are not specified in other Sections.
 - 2. Loose bearing and leveling plates for applications where they are not specified in other Sections.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 5 Section "Structural Steel."

1.03 Submittals

- A. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for metal fabrications.
 - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and details of metal fabrications and their connections. Show anchorage and accessory items.
 - 2. Provide templates for anchors and bolts specified for installation under other Sections.
- B. Welding certificates.

1.04 Quality Assurance

- A. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - 1. AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel."
 - 2. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code--Sheet Steel."

1.05 Project Conditions

- A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of walls and other construction contiguous with metal fabrications by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

1.06 Coordination

- A. Coordinate installation of anchorages for metal fabrications. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

DIVISION 5 - METALS

SECTION 05500 - METAL FABRICATIONS

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 Metals, General

- A. Metal Surfaces, General: Provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces, unless otherwise indicated. For metal fabrications exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials without seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, or blemishes.

2.02 Ferrous Metals

- A. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- B. Steel Tubing: ASTM A 500, cold-formed steel tubing.
- C. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, standard weight (Schedule 40), unless another weight is indicated or required by structural loads.

2.03 Fasteners

- A. General: Unless otherwise indicated, provide Type 304 stainless-steel fasteners for exterior use and zinc-plated fasteners with coating complying with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5, at exterior walls. Provide stainless-steel fasteners for fastening aluminum. Select fasteners for type, grade, and class required.
- B. Steel Bolts and Nuts: Regular hexagon-head bolts, ASTM A 307, Grade A (ASTM F 568M, Property Class 4.6); with hex nuts, ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M); and, where indicated, flat washers.
- C. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F 1554, Grade 55.
 - 1. Provide hot-dip or mechanically deposited, zinc-coated anchor bolts where item being fastened is indicated to be galvanized.
- D. Eyebolts: ASTM A 489.
- E. Machine Screws: ASME B18.6.3 (ASME B18.6.7M).
- F. Lag Bolts: ASME B18.2.1 (ASME B18.2.3.8M).
- G. Plain Washers: Round, ASME B18.22.1 (ASME B18.22M).
- H. Lock Washers: Helical, spring type, ASME B18.21.1 (ASME B18.21.2M).
- I. Expansion Anchors: Anchor bolt and sleeve assembly with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to six times the load imposed when installed in unit masonry and four times the load imposed when installed in concrete, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
 - 1. Material for Anchors in Interior Locations: Carbon-steel components zinc-plated to comply with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5.

DIVISION 5 - METALS

SECTION 05500 - METAL FABRICATIONS

2. Material for Anchors in Exterior Locations:
Alloy Group 1 (A1) stainless-steel bolts
complying with ASTM F 593 (ASTM F 738M) and nuts
complying with ASTM F 594 (ASTM F 836M).
- 2.04 Miscellaneous Materials
- A. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select according to AWS specifications for metal alloy welded.
 - B. Primer:
 1. Unexposed Interior Steel: The Society for Protective Coatings Specification 15-68T, Type 1 (red oxide) or a shop primer paint which meets the same minimum performance requirements.
 2. Exposed or Exterior Steel: Series 90-97 "Tneme Zinc", by the Tnemec Co., Inc. Refer to Section 9900.
 3. Galvanizing Repair Paint: ASTM A 780.
 - C. Galvanizing Repair Paint: High-zinc-dust-content paint for regalvanizing welds in steel, complying with SSPC-Paint 20.
- 2.05 Fabrication, General
- A. Shop Assembly: Preassemble items in the shop to greatest extent possible. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation.
 - B. Cut, drill, and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs and ease edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch (1 mm), unless otherwise indicated. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed surfaces.
 - C. Form bent-metal corners to smallest radius possible without causing grain separation or otherwise impairing work.
 - D. Form exposed work true to line and level with accurate angles and surfaces and straight edges.
 - E. Weld corners and seams continuously to comply with the following:
 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows

DIVISION 5 - METALS

SECTION 05500 - METAL FABRICATIONS

after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.

- F. Form exposed connections with hairline joints, flush and smooth, using concealed fasteners where possible. Where exposed fasteners are required, use Phillips flat-head (countersunk) screws or bolts, unless otherwise indicated. Locate joints where least conspicuous.
- G. Fabricate seams and other connections that will be exposed to weather in a manner to exclude water. Provide weep holes where water may accumulate.
- H. Cut, reinforce, drill, and tap metal fabrications as indicated to receive finish hardware, screws, and similar items.
- I. Provide for anchorage of type indicated; coordinate with supporting structure. Space anchoring devices to secure metal fabrications rigidly in place and to support indicated loads.
 - 1. Where units are indicated to be cast into concrete or built into masonry, equip with integrally welded steel strap anchors, 1/8 by 1-1/2 inches (3.2 by 38 mm), with a minimum 6-inch (150-mm) embedment and 2-inch (50-mm) hook, not less than 8 inches (200 mm) from ends and corners of units and 24 inches (600 mm) o.c., unless otherwise indicated.

2.06 Miscellaneous Framing And Supports

- A. General: Provide steel framing and supports not specified in other Sections as needed to complete the Work.
- B. Fabricate units from steel shapes, plates, and bars of welded construction, unless otherwise indicated. Fabricate to sizes, shapes, and profiles indicated and as necessary to receive adjacent construction retained by framing and supports. Cut, drill, and tap units to receive hardware, hangers, and similar items.
- C. Galvanize miscellaneous framing and supports where indicated.
- D. Prime miscellaneous framing and supports with zinc-rich primer where indicated.

2.07 Loose Bearing And Leveling Plates

- A. Provide loose bearing and leveling plates for steel items where noted.

DIVISION 5 - METALS

SECTION 05500 - METAL FABRICATIONS

2.08 Finishes, General

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Finish metal fabrications after assembly.
- C. Finish exposed surfaces to remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, and to blend into surrounding surface.

2.09 Steel And Iron Finishes

- A. Galvanizing: Hot-dip galvanize items as indicated to comply with applicable standard listed below:
 - 1. ASTM A 123/A 123M, for galvanizing steel and iron products.
 - 2. ASTM A 153/A 153M, for galvanizing steel and iron hardware.
- B. Preparation for Shop Priming: Prepare uncoated ferrous-metal surfaces to comply with minimum requirements indicated below for SSPC surface preparation specifications and environmental exposure conditions of installed metal fabrications:
 - 1. Exteriors (SSPC Zone 1B) and Items Indicated to Receive Zinc-Rich Primer: SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning."
- C. Shop Priming: Apply shop primer to uncoated surfaces of metal fabrications, except those with galvanized finishes and those to be embedded in concrete, sprayed-on fireproofing, or masonry, unless otherwise indicated. Comply with SSPC-PA 1, "Paint Application Specification No. 1: Shop, Field, and Maintenance Painting of Steel," for shop painting.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 Installation, General

- A. Cutting, Fitting, and Placement: Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing metal fabrications. Set metal fabrications accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; with edges and surfaces level, plumb, true, and free of rack; and measured from established lines and levels.
- B. Fit exposed connections accurately together to form hairline joints. Weld connections that are not to be left as exposed joints but cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations. Do not weld, cut, or abrade surfaces of exterior units that have

DIVISION 5 - METALS

SECTION 05500 - METAL FABRICATIONS

been hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and are for bolted or screwed field connections.

- C. Field Welding: Comply with the following requirements:
 - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
 - 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
 - D. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where metal fabrications are required to be fastened to in-place construction.
- 3.02 Installing Miscellaneous Framing And Supports
- A. General: Install framing and supports to comply with requirements of items being supported, including manufacturers' written instructions and requirements indicated on Shop Drawings.
- 3.03 Adjusting And Cleaning
- A. Touchup Painting: After installation, promptly clean, prepare, and prime or reprime field connections, rust spots, and abraded surfaces of prime-painted joists and accessories, bearing plates, and abutting structural steel.
 - 1. Clean and prepare surfaces by SSPC-SP 2 hand-tool cleaning or SSPC-SP 3 power-tool cleaning.
 - 2. Apply a compatible primer of same type and dry film thickness as shop primer used on adjacent surfaces.
 - B. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION

DIVISION 6 - WOOD & PLASTIC

SECTION 06100 - ROUGH CARPENTRY

Part 1 - General

1.01 Work Included:

- A. All materials, labor, services and incidentals necessary for the completion of this section of the work.

1.02 Related Work Specified Elsewhere:

- A. Wood Treatment - Section 06300

1.03 Quality Assurance:

- A. Grades specified shall conform to the most recent grading rules as established by the following bureaus and associations.
 - 1. PS 20 - American Softwood Lumber Standard.
 - 2. Western Wood Products Association
 - 3. Southern Pine Inspection Bureau
- B. Grade and trademark each piece of lumber or bundle on bundled stock. Use only the recognized official marks of association under whose rules it is graded. Grade and trademarks will not be required if each shipment is accompanied by certificate of inspection issued by grading association.

1.04 Submittals:

- A. Product Data: for each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials and dimensions and include construction and application details.
 - 1. Include data for wood preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements. Indicate type of preservative used, net amount of preservative retained, and chemical treatment manufacturer's written instructions for handling, storing, installing and finishing treated material.
 - 2. As requested by authorities having jurisdiction include data for fire-retardant treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements. Include physical properties of treated materials both before and after exposure to elevated temperatures when tested according to ASTM D5516 and ASTM D 5664.
 - 3. Include copies of warranties from chemical treatment manufacturers for each type of treatment.

DIVISION 6 - WOOD & PLASTIC

SECTION 06100 - ROUGH CARPENTRY

4. Research / evaluation reports - for the following, showing compliance with building code in effect for Project:
 - a. Fire-retardant treated wood.
 - b. Power-driven fasteners.
 - c. Power-actuated fasteners.
 - d. Expansion anchors.
 - e. Metal framing anchors.

1.05 Delivery, Storage and Handling:

- A. Stack lumber, plywood, sheathing, and other materials: provide spacers between each bundle to provide air circulation around bundled material. Provide proper air circulation between stacks and under coverings.

Part 2 - Products

2.01 General:

- A. Provide best quality of respective grades and kinds. Lumber and plywood shall be produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship". Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
- B. Maximum moisture content of lumber 19%.
- C. Provide dressed lumber (S4S) unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Where nominal sizes are indicated, provide actual sized required by DOC PS 20 for moisture content specified. Where actual sizes are indicated, they are minimum dressed sizes for dry lumber.

2.02 Grades and Applications of Lumber:

- A. Framing lumber for the following shall be "Standard" grade Douglas Fir (WCLIB or WWPA).
 1. Concealed blocking/nailers, grounds, and miscellaneous wood items used in conjunction with the panel infill work and as indicated on the Drawings.
 2. Provide dimension lumber of grades indicated according to the American Lumber Standards Committee National Grading Rule provisions of the Grading Agency indicated.

2.03 Fire-retardant Treated Materials:

- A. General - where fire-retardant treated materials are required by authorities having jurisdiction, provide materials that comply with performance requirements in AWPA C20 (lumber) and AWPA C27 (plywood). Identify fire-retardant treated wood with appropriate classification

DIVISION 6 - WOOD & PLASTIC

SECTION 06100 - ROUGH CARPENTRY

marking of UL, U.S. Testing, Timber Products Inspection, or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

2.04 Fasteners:

- A. All nails, spikes, bolts, connectors and other fasteners used in connections with this work shall be galvanized.
 - 1. Nails, wire, brads and staples - FS-FF-N-105.
 - 2. Power-driven Fasteners - CABO NER-272.
 - 3. Wood screws - ASME B18.6.1.
 - 4. Screws for fastening to cold formed metal framing: ASTM C954 length as recommended by screw manufacturer for material to be fastened.
 - 5. Lag bolts - ASME B18.2.1.
 - 6. Bolts - steel bolts complying with ASTM A 307, Grade A with ASTM C563 hex nuts and, where indicated, flat washers.
 - 7. Expansion anchors - anchor bolt and sleeve assembly of material indicated below with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 4 times the load imposed when installed in concrete as determined by testing per ASTM E 488 conducted by a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency.
 - a. Material for interior applications: carbon steel components, zinc plated to comply with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5.
 - b. Material for exterior applications: stainless steel with bolts and nuts complying with ASTM F 593 and ASTM F 594, alloy group 1 or 2.

2.05 Metal Framing Anchors:

- A. General: provide galvanized steel framing anchors of structural capacity, type, and size indicated and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Galvanized Steel Sheet: hot-dip, zinc-coated steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 coating designation.

Part 3 - Execution

3.01 Sizes and Applications (General Framing):

- A. Members shall be accurately cut and fitted, true to line and level, avoiding shims and wedges as much as possible. Discard material with defects that impair quality of carpentry and that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement.

DIVISION 6 - WOOD & PLASTIC

SECTION 06100 - ROUGH CARPENTRY

- B. Where applicable, apply field treatment complying with AWPA M4 to cut surfaces of preservative-treated lumber and plywood.
 - C. At wood ground, blocking and nailer installation: install where indicated and required for attaching other work. Form to shapes indicated and cut as required for true line and level of attached work. Coordinate locations with other work involved.
 - D. Attach items to substrates to support applied loading. Recess bolts and nuts flush with surfaces, unless noted otherwise.
- 3.02 Rough Hardware:
- A. Provide all sufficient nails, screws, etc. to insure rigidity and structural soundness. Provide hot-dipped galvanized fasteners at all weather exposed locations.
 - B. Spiking and nailing shall be done using largest size spikes and nails practicable and as indicated on the drawings. Securely attach carpentry according to applicable codes and recognized standards.
 - C. Bolt nailers and blocking to steel or concrete members with bolts of proportionate strength of members attached, length required, spaced 4'-0" o.c. maximum and 4" from each end, except as otherwise indicated. Countersink fastener heads on exposed carpentry work and fill holes with wood fiber.
 - D. Pre-drill members when necessary to avoid splitting of wood.

End of Section

DIVISION 6 - WOOD & PLASTIC

SECTION 06300 - WOOD TREATMENT

Part 1 - General

1.01 Work Included:

- A. All materials, labor, services and incidentals necessary for the completion of this section of the work.

1.02 Quality Assurance:

- A. Standards:
 - 1. American Wood Preservers Association:
 - a. AWPA Standard P-5 (Preservative)
 - b. AWPA Standard Commodity Standards (Treating Process).
 - 2. Federal Specifications:
 - a. TT-W-550 (Preservative).
 - b. TT-W-571 (Treating Process).
- B. All lumber and plywood receiving wood treatment shall bear the trademark of the process used.
- C. Submit certificate and guarantee of the lumber treated.

Part 2 - Products

2.01 Materials:

- A. Description: Waterborne chemical salts intended for pressure impregnation as a wood preservative. Preservatives with a petroleum vehicle are not permitted.

Part 3 - Execution

3.01 Installation:

- A. Location of treated lumber:
 - 1. All blocking, plates, nailers and curbs used in conjunction with gravel guards, roof edges and all other wood components used in the roofing project.
- B. Materials shall be pressure treated in accordance with the standards of the American Wood Preservers Institute and the chemical manufacturer's specifications.
- C. Treated material shall conform to AWPB LD-2 and treated to a maximum retention of 0.23 pound of oxide per cubic foot.
- D. Moisture content of finish products shall not exceed 19%.

End of Section

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07200 - INSULATION

Part 1 - General

1.01 Work Included:

- A. All materials, labor and services and incidentals necessary for the completion of this section of work.

1.02 Quality Assurance:

A. Standards:

1. Federal Specifications:

- a. HH-I-1972/GEN and HH-I-1972/2 Fire Approval, Class I and/or labeled with UL/FM labels, Rigid Insulation.
- b. ASTM C 665-84, Type 1, Insulation Blankets.

B. Submittals:

- 1. Provide submittals in the form of samples, and documentation, to the Architect for review.

1.03 Product Delivery, Storage and Handling:

- A. Rigid insulation board is combustible. During storage and installation, observe good fire safety practice, including job site housekeeping.

1.04 **Products of certain manufacturers are specified herein to simplify descriptions of design, construction, and/or materials only. Proprietary names are not intended to imply that products of named manufacturer are required to the exclusion of equivalent products of other manufacturers.**

Part 2 - Products

2.01 Materials:

- A. Rigid Insulation: FS-HH-I-1972/1, Class 2 Rigid Insulation.

- 1. Type: Glass fiber reinforced polyisocyanurate core with foil facing each side (glass fiber facing at roof insulation), and a minimum compressive strength of 20 p.s.i. and a maximum water vapor transmission rate of >.03 perm-inch.
- 2. Application at metal deck locations: (Thicknesses nominal - field verify)
 - a. 2 layers - one layer of 1.5" thick and one layer of 2.5" thick both glass fiber faced for a total insulation thickness of 4" installed above metal decking.
 - b. Tapered sections for achieving minimum slope (1/4" per foot) and at crickets, refer to Drawings. Attach with solid mopping of asphalt.
 - c. Attachment: as recommended by manufacturer of

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07200 - INSULATION

- rigid insulation board - screws and plates.
- B. High Density Wood Fiber Board:
 - 1. 0.5" thick Densdeck Cover Board installed over insulation attached with screws and plates except where noted otherwise - attach in low rise foam adhesive.

Part 3 - Execution

3.01 Installation - Rigid Insulation:

- A. Install rigid insulation to metal roof as shown on Drawings.
- B. Cut insulation by means of a saw, knife, or other sharp tool to fit around obstructions.
- C. Anchor with applicable screws and plates, or adhesive/low rise foam adhesive where indicated on the drawings.
- D. Workmanship shall be superior and comply with NCRA, FM, UL, and roofing material manufacturer's guidelines and specifications.
- E. Joint width shall not exceed 1/4" and shall be staggered a minimum of 12".

End of Section

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07550 - MODIFIED BITUMEN MEMBRANE ROOFING SYSTEM

Part 1 - General

1.01 Section Includes:

- A. Preparation of Substrate to Receive Roofing Materials
- B. Roof Insulation Application to Prepared Substrate
- C. Roof Membrane Application
- D. Roof Flashing Application
- E. Incorporation of Sheet Metal Flashing Components and Roofing Accessories into the Roof System

1.02 Products Installed But Not Furnished Under This Section:

- A. Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim
- B. Sheet Metal Roofing Specialties

1.03 Related Sections:

- A. Rough Carpentry - Section 06100
- B. Insulation - Section 07200
- C. Flashing & Sheet Metal Section 07600

1.04 Reference Standards:

References in these specifications to standards, test methods and codes, are implied to mean the latest edition of each such standard adopted. The following is an abbreviated list of associations, institutions, and societies which may be used as references throughout these specifications.

ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials Philadelphia, PA
FM	Factory Mutual Engineering and Research Norwood, MA
NRCA	National Roofing Contractors Association Rosemont, IL
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration Washington, DC
SMACNA	Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association, Chantilly, VA
UL	Underwriters Laboratories, Northbrook, IL

1.05 Description Of Work:

- A. **Project Type:** New installation.
Deck: Metal Slope: **3/8 inch ±** per foot.
- B. **Rigid Insulation:**
 - 1. Top and Bottom Layers: Polyisocyanurate, having a total thickness of **4"** - top layer of 1.5" and bottom layer of 2.5". Refer to Section 07200, Insulation.
 - 2. Crickets: Polyisocyanurate (tapered) providing a roof slope to roof drains (refer to Drawings.)
- C. **Gypsum sheathing panel:** having a thickness of 1/2 inch, mechanically attached, as per FM I-90 requirements.
- D. **Roof System:** Modified Bitumen Base, applied in cold adhesive; stripping and Flashing, applied in cold adhesive. Modified Bitumen Finish Ply, applied in cold adhesive.

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07550 - MODIFIED BITUMEN MEMBRANE ROOFING SYSTEM

- E. **Flashing System:** SBS with continuous metal-foil surfacing, torch applied.

1.06 Submittals:

- A. Submittals Prior to Contract Award:
 - 1. Letter from the proposed primary roofing manufacturer confirming that the bidder is an acceptable Contractor authorized to install the proposed system.
 - 2. Letter from the primary roofing manufacturer stating that the proposed application will comply with the manufacturer's requirements in order to qualify the project for the specified guarantee.
- B. Submittals Prior to Project Close-out:
 - 1. Manufacturer's printed recommendations for proper maintenance of the specified roof system including inspection frequencies, penetration addition policies, temporary repairs, and leak call procedures.

1.07 Quality Assurance:

- A. **Acceptable Products:** Primary roofing products, including each type of sheet, all manufactured in the United States, shall be supplied by a single manufacturer which has been successfully producing the specified types of primary products for not less than 10 years. The primary roofing products shall have maintained a consistent composition for a minimum of five years.
- B. **Agency Approvals:** The proposed roof system shall conform to the following requirements. No other testing agency approvals will be accepted.
 - 1. Underwriters Laboratories Class A acceptance of the proposed roofing system without additional requirements for coatings.
- C. **Acceptable Contractor:** Contractor shall have a minimum of 10 years of experience in successfully installing the same or similar roofing materials and be certified in writing by the roofing materials manufacturer to install the primary roofing products for a minimum of 5 years prior to the date of bid opening.
 - 1. **Torch Applicators:** Contractor shall employ torch applicators who have successfully passed the CERTA (Certified Roofing Torch Applicator) program requirements as provided by the National Roofing Contractors Association (NRCA).
 - 2. The Contractor shall have an office, warehouse with supplies, and permanent roofing crews within a 50 mile radius of Moore, Oklahoma. Contractor shall have had "NDL" (No Dollar Limit) approval for 5 years AT THIS AREA OFFICE from manufacturer and shall perform a minimum of ten (10) NDL manufacturer guarantees per

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07550 - MODIFIED BITUMEN MEMBRANE ROOFING SYSTEM

year.

- D. Scope of Work: The work to be performed under this specification shall include but is not limited to the following: Attend necessary job meetings and furnish competent and full-time supervision, experienced roof mechanics, all materials, tools, and equipment necessary to complete, in an acceptable manner, the roof installation in accordance with this specification. Comply with the latest written application instructions of the manufacturer of the primary roofing products. In addition, application practice shall comply with requirements and recommendations contained in the latest edition of the Handbook of Accepted Roofing Knowledge (HARK) as published by the National Roofing Contractors Association, amended to include the acceptance of a phased roof system installation.
- E. Local Regulations: Conform to regulations of public agencies, including any specific requirements of the city and/or state of jurisdiction.
- F. Manufacturer Requirements: Ensure that the primary roofing materials manufacturer provides direct trained company personnel to attend necessary job meetings, perform periodic inspections as necessary, and conducts a final inspection upon successful completion of the project.
- G. Contractor shall have one of the following approved Contractor Certification levels prior to bid opening:
 - Johns Manville - Peak Advantage Contractor
 - Soprema - Soprema Certified Applicator
 - Siplast - Siplast Select Applicator
 - GAF - Master Select Contractor

1.08 Product Delivery Storage And Handling:

- A. Delivery: Deliver materials in the manufacturer's original sealed and labeled containers and in quantities required to allow continuity of application.
- B. Storage: Store materials out of direct exposure to the elements. Store roll goods on a clean, flat and dry surface. All material stored on the roof overnight shall be stored on pallets. Rolls of roofing must be stored on ends. Store materials on the roof in a manner so as to preclude overloading of deck and building structure. Store materials such as solvents, adhesives, and asphalt cutback products away from open flames, sparks, or excessive heat. Cover all material using a breathable cover such as a canvas. Polyethylene or other non-breathable plastic coverings are not acceptable.
- C. Handling: Handle all materials in such a manner as to preclude damage and contamination with moisture or foreign matter. Handle rolled goods to prevent damage to edges or

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07550 - MODIFIED BITUMEN MEMBRANE ROOFING SYSTEM

ends.

- D. Damaged Material: Any materials that are found to be damaged or stored in any manner other than stated above will be automatically rejected, removed, and replaced at the Contractor's expense.

1.09 Project/Site Conditions:

A. Requirements Prior to Job Start

1. Notification: Give a minimum of 5 days notice to the Owner and manufacturer prior to commencing any work and notify both parties on a daily basis of any change in work schedule.
2. Permits: Obtain all permits required by local agencies and pay all fees which may be required for the performance of the work.
3. Safety: Familiarize every member of the application crew with all fire and safety regulations recommended by OSHA, NRCA and other industry or local governmental groups.

B. Environmental Requirements:

1. Precipitation: Do not apply roofing materials during precipitation or in the event there is a probability of precipitation during application. Take adequate precautions to ensure that materials, applied roofing, and building interiors are protected from possible moisture damage or contamination.
2. Temperature Restrictions: At ambient temperatures between 40F and 50F, prepare / warm adhesive as directed by manufacturer.

C. Protection Requirements:

1. Membrane Protection: Provide protection against staining and mechanical damage for newly applied roofing and adjacent surfaces throughout this project.
2. Torch Safety: Designate one person on each crew to perform a daily fire watch. The designated crew member shall watch for fires or smoldering materials on all areas of roof construction. Continue the fire watch after roofing material application has been suspended for the day.
3. Limited Access: Prevent access by the public to materials, tools, and equipment during the course of the project.
4. Debris Removal: Remove all debris daily from the project site and take to a legal dumping area authorized to receive such materials.
5. Site Condition: Complete, to the owner's satisfaction, all job site clean-up including building interior, exterior and landscaping where affected by

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07550 - MODIFIED BITUMEN MEMBRANE ROOFING SYSTEM

the construction.

1.10 Guarantee/Warranty:

- A. Roof Membrane Guarantee: Upon successful completion of the project, and after all post installation procedures have been completed, furnish the Owner with **the manufacturer's ten year labor and materials membrane guarantee**. The guarantee shall be a term type, without deductibles or limitations on coverage amount, and shall be issued at no additional cost to the Owner. This guarantee shall not exclude random areas of ponding from coverage.

1.11 **Products of certain manufacturers are specified herein to simplify descriptions of design, construction, and/or materials only. Only the four systems listed in 2.02 Description of Systems below will be accepted for installation on this project.**

Part 2 - Products:

2.01 Roofing System Assembly/Products:

- A. Rigid Roof Insulation: Roof insulation shall be UL and FM approved. Insulation shall be approved in writing by the insulation manufacturer for intended use and for use with the specified roof assembly. Refer to Section 07200.
- B. Recover Board Sheathing Panel for Roof Membrane Substrate: A panel composed of high density fiberboard, non-structural water resistant core material integrally bonded having a nominal thickness of 1/2 inch.
 - 1. Acceptable Manufacturer: Fiberboard Coated High Density Roof Insulation, by Huebert.
- C. Gypsum Sheathing Panel for Wood/Plywood Surfaces to Receive Flashing Coverage: A panel composed of a gypsum based, non-structural water resistant core material integrally bonded with fiberglass mats on both sides having a nominal thickness of 1/2 inch. The panel surface shall be factory primed with a non-asphaltic primer.
 - 1. Acceptable Manufacturer: DensDeck Prime Gypsum Roof Board, by Georgia Pacific Corporation; Atlanta, GA

2.02 Description Of Systems:

- A. Roofing Membrane Assembly: A roof membrane assembly consisting of two plies of a prefabricated, reinforced, homogeneous Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene (SBS) block copolymer modified asphalt membrane, applied over a prepared substrate. Both reinforcement mats shall be impregnated/saturated and coated each side with an SBS modified bitumen blend. The roof system shall pass 500 cycles of ASTM D 5849 Resistance to Cyclic Joint Displacement (fatigue) at 14F - or show evidence of other independent testing indicating resistance fatigue, membrane

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07550 - MODIFIED BITUMEN MEMBRANE ROOFING SYSTEM

cracking and delamination. Passing results shall show no signs of membrane cracking or interply delamination after 500 cycles. The roof system shall pass 200 cycles of ASTM D 5849 after heat conditioning performed in accordance with ASTM D 5147. The assembly shall possess waterproofing capability, such that a phased roof application, with only the modified bitumen base ply in place, can be achieved for prolonged periods of time without detriment to the watertight integrity of the entire roof system.

1. Acceptable Manufacturer: Johns Manville roof system:
 - a. Modified Bitumen Base, Stripping, and Flashing Reinforcing Ply.
JM DynaBase
 - b. Modified Bitumen Finish Ply
JM DynaGlas FR
 - c. Stripping Ply and Flashing Reinforcing Sheet
JM DynaPly
- B. Flashing Membrane Assembly: A flashing membrane assembly consisting of a prefabricated, reinforced, Styrene-Butadiene-Styrene (SBS) block copolymer modified asphalt membrane with a continuous, channel-embossed metal-foil surfacing. The finish ply shall conform to ASTM D 6298 and the following physical and mechanical property requirements.
 1. Acceptable Manufacturer: Johns Manville flashing system, aluminum finish
 - a. Cant Backing Sheet for Wood/Plywood Surfaces to Receive Flashing Coverage: applicable JM product.
 - b. Metal-Clad Modified Bitumen Flashing Sheet: JM DynaClad Flashing
 - c. Cant Strip: JM FesCant Plus Cant Strips
- C. Catalyzed Acrylic Resin Flashing System: A specialty flashing system consisting of a liquid-applied, fully reinforced, multi-component acrylic membrane installed over a prepared or primed substrate. The flashing system consists of a catalyzed acrylic resin primer, basecoat and topcoat, combined with a non-woven polyester fleece. The resin and catalyst are pre-mixed immediately prior to installation. The use of the specialty flashing system shall be specifically approved in advance by the membrane manufacturer for each application.
 1. Acceptable Manufacturer: Flashing System by Johns Manville; Denver, CO
- D. Additional Roof Systems: The following additional roof systems are acceptable for use in lieu of the specified roof system.
 1. GAF Materials Corp., Wayne, NJ

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07550 - MODIFIED BITUMEN MEMBRANE ROOFING SYSTEM

Base Ply B Ruberoid Mop Smooth
Finish Ply B Ruberoid Mop FR - cap ply Plus
Flashing Sheet B Ruberoid Ultraclad SBS
Stripping Ply and Flashing Reinforcing
Sheet - Ruberoid Mop Smooth

2. Soprema, Inc., Wadsworth, OH
Base Ply - Elastophene Sanded 2.2
Finish Ply - Elastophene LS FR GR
Flashing Sheet - Sopralast 50 TV ALU
Stripping Ply and Flashing Reinforcing
Sheet - Elastophene Sanded 2.2

2.03 Roofing Accessories:

- A. Roofing Adhesives:
 1. Membrane Cold Adhesive: An asphalt, solvent blend conforming to ASTM D 3019, Type III requirements.
 - a. Acceptable Manufacturer: MBR Cold Application Adhesive by Johns Manville; Denver, CO
- B. Bituminous Cutback Materials:
 1. Primer: An asphalt, solvent blend conforming to ASTM D 41 requirements.
 2. Mastics: An asphalt cutback mastic, reinforced with non-asbestos fibers, used as a base for setting metal flanges conforming to ASTM D 4586 Type II requirements.
- C. Sealant: A moisture-curing, non-slump elastomeric sealant designed for roofing applications. The sealant shall be approved by the roof membrane manufacturer for use in conjunction with the roof membrane materials.
- D. Ceramic Granules: No. 11 grade specification ceramic granules of color scheme matching the granule surfacing of the finish ply.
- E. Metallic Powder: A finely graded metal dust as supplied or approved by the membrane manufacturer, used for covering of bitumen overruns over the foil surfaced membrane.
- F. Perlite Cant Strips: A cant strip composed of expanded volcanic minerals combined with waterproofing binders. The top surface shall be pre-treated with an asphalt based coating. The face of the cant shall have a nominal 4 inch dimension.
- G. Fasteners:
 1. Gypsum Sheathing Panel Fasteners for Roofing Substrates and Wood/Plywood Flashing Surfaces: Gypsum sheathing panel fasteners and plates shall be FM Approved, and/or approved by the manufacturer of the primary roofing products. The fastening pattern for each panel to be used shall be as recommended by the

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07550 - MODIFIED BITUMEN MEMBRANE ROOFING SYSTEM

panel manufacturer and approved by the manufacturer of the primary roofing products. Acceptable panel fastener manufacturers for specific substrate types are listed below.

- a. Wood/Plywood Flashing Surfaces: Gypsum sheathing panel mechanical fasteners shall be factory coated for corrosion resistance. The fastener shall conform meet or exceed Factory Mutual Standard 4470 and when subjected to 30 Kesternich cycles, show less than 15% red rust. Acceptable fastener types for wood/plywood substrates are listed below.
 - 1) A fluorocarbon coated screw type roofing fastener having a minimum 0.220 inch thread diameter. Plates used in conjunction with the fastener shall be a metal type having a minimum 3 inch diameter, as supplied by the fastener manufacturer.
- b. Acceptable Manufacturer=s:
 - 1) Ultrafast Fastener with UltraFast Round Metal Plates by Johns Manville; Denver, CO
 - 2) Dekfast #12 with Dekfast Steel Hexagonal Plates by Construction Fasteners, Inc.; Wyomissing, PA
 - 3) Standard Roofing Fastener by Olympic Manufacturing Group, Agawam; MA
2. Flashing Reinforcing Sheet Fasteners: Fasteners shall be approved by the manufacturer of the primary roofing products. Acceptable fasteners for specific substrate types are listed below.
 - a. Wood/Plywood Substrates
 - 1) A 12 gauge, spiral or annular threaded shank, zinc coated steel roofing fastener having a minimum 1 inch head.
 - 2) Square Cap by W.H. Maze Co.; Peru, IL
 - 12 Gauge Simplex Nail by the Simplex Nail and Manufacturing Co., Americus, GA
 - 3) Fasteners shall be applied to meet FM-I90 requirements. At crickets, if insulation thickness prohibits satisfactory application of fasteners, use adhesive similar to Para-STIK insulation adhesive.
- H. Walktread: A prefabricated, puncture resistant polyester core reinforced, polymer modified bitumen sheet material topped with a ceramic-coated granule wearing surface.
 1. Thickness: 0.25 in

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07550 - MODIFIED BITUMEN MEMBRANE ROOFING SYSTEM

2. Width: 32 in
 3. Acceptable Manufacturer: DynaTred Roof Walkway Pads by Johns Manville; Denver, CO
- I. Pipe Supports Typical:
1. Roller System: A Aroller-bearing@ pipe support for roof-mounted gas pipes, RTU condensate lines, and electrical conduit up to 4" I.D. or 5"O.D. Pipes rest on a self-lubricating roller system which is made of a stainless steel or glass-filled nylon rod and a sturdy polycarbonate resin roller. Pipe support base shall be manufactured of polycarbonate resin with a roller rod of glass-filled nylon, and stainless steel metal parts.
 2. Load Weight: Maximum load weight may not exceed 125 lbs. per pipestand.
 3. Spacing: Not to exceed 10 foot centers. Do not exceed 125 lbs. load weight and adjust pipe stand in height to even load.
 4. Acceptable Manufacturer: Pillow Block Pipestand Model 4-R, Miro Industries, Inc., 1780 West 2300 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84119.
- J. Pipe Supports at Turns In Large Piping:
1. Pipe Support Hangers: A Aclevis hanger@ pipe support hanger for roof mounted gas pipes at all large (over 4" I.D.) piping corners, bends, and Atees@/pipe intersections. Pipes rest on a clevis hanger with a support base of stainless steel polycarbonate. All other metal parts are hot-dip galvanized steel.
 2. Load Weight: Maximum load weight not to exceed 310 lbs. per pipestand or 155 lbs. on each base.
 3. Spacing: Locate Aclevis@ type pipe hangers at all corners, bends, and Atees@/pipe intersections not to exceed 10'-0" o.c. maximum. Do not exceed 310 lbs. load weight (155 lbs. on each base) and make certain each pipestand is adjusted in height to even load at all pipestands.
 4. Acceptable Manufacturer: Pillow Block Pipestand Model 6-H, Miro Industries, Inc., 1780 West 2300 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84119.
- K. Penetration Dam/Sealer Pockets shall be similar to:
ChemCurb System: gray polyester resin exterior forms, structural sealant and One (1) part self-leveling moisture cure pourable sealer (gray).

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07550 - MODIFIED BITUMEN MEMBRANE ROOFING SYSTEM

Part 3- Execution

3.01 Preparation:

- A. General: Sweep or vacuum all surfaces, removing all loose aggregate and foreign substances prior to commencement of roofing.

3.02 Substrate Preparation - Metal Deck / Insulation:

- A. Preparation of Wood/Plywood Substrates to Receive Flashing Materials: Mechanically attach the gypsum sheathing panels to all wood/plywood substrates that will be covered with the specified flashing membrane, using the specified screws/plates, at 12 inches o.c. staggered. Cut the cant backing sheet into 12 inch widths and peel the release film from the back of the sheet. Set the sheet into place extending 6 inches onto the field of the roof area and 6 inches up the gypsum sheathing panel surface utilizing minimum 3 inch side laps. Set the cant into place prior to installation of the roof membrane base ply.
- B. Insulation Panel - two layers: Mechanically attach the insulation panels, using the specified fasteners, at a rate of 1 fastener for every 2.7 square feet of panel area (12 per 4' x 8' panel). Increase the fastening frequency by 50% at the perimeter of the roof area and by 75% at the corners. Meet FM I-90 requirements.
- C. Gypsum Sheathing Panels: Install sheathing panels, and any tapered insulation in hot asphalt, with end joints offset; edges of the panels shall be in moderate contact without forcing applied in strict accordance with the insulation manufacturer's requirements and the following instructions.

3.03 Roof Membrane Installation:

- A. Membrane Application: Apply roofing in accordance with roofing system manufacturer's instructions and the following requirements. Application of roofing membrane components shall immediately follow application of base sheet and/or insulation as a continuous operation.
- B. Aesthetic Considerations: An aesthetically pleasing overall appearance of the finished roof application is a standard requirement for this project. Make necessary preparations, utilize recommended application techniques, apply the specified materials including granules and metallic powder, and exercise care in ensuring that the finished application is acceptable to the Owner.
- C. Priming: Prime metal and concrete and masonry surfaces with a uniform coating of the specified primer.
- D. Membrane Adhesive Application: Membrane adhesive can be applied by roller, squeegee or spray unit. Apply cold adhesive in a smooth, even, continuous layer without breaks

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07550 - MODIFIED BITUMEN MEMBRANE ROOFING SYSTEM

or voids. Utilize an application rate of 2 to 2 1/2 gal/sq over irregular or porous substrates. Utilize an application rate of 1 1/2 to 2 gal/sq for interply applications. Double the adhesive application rate at the end laps of granule surfaced sheets. In the areas surrounding details that are to receive the catalyzed acrylic resin primer and flashing system, apply membrane plies in a full coating of the specified elastomeric sealant in lieu of the solvent based adhesive a minimum 8 inches from the base of the penetration or curb.

- E. Bitumen Consistency: Cutting or alterations of bitumen, primer, and sealants will not be permitted.
- F. Roofing Application: Apply all layers of roofing free of wrinkles, creases, or fishmouths. Exert sufficient pressure on the roll during application to ensure prevention of air pockets.
 - 1. Apply all layers of roofing perpendicular to the slope of the deck.
 - 2. Fully bond the base ply to the prepared substrate, utilizing minimum 3 inch side and end laps. Apply each sheet directly behind the asphalt applicator. Cut a dog ear angle at the end laps on overlapping selvage edges. Using a clean trowel, apply top pressure to top seal T-laps immediately following sheet application. Stagger end laps a minimum of 3 feet.
 - 3. Fully bond the finish ply to the base ply, utilizing minimum 3 inch side and end laps. Apply each sheet directly behind the cold adhesive applicator. Stagger end laps of the finish ply a minimum 3 feet. Cut a dog ear angle at the end laps on overlapping selvage edges. Using a clean trowel, apply top pressure to top seal T-laps immediately following sheet application. Stagger side laps of the finish ply a minimum 12 inches from side laps in the underlying base ply. Stagger end laps of the finish ply a minimum 3 feet from end laps in the underlying base ply.
 - 4. Maximum sheet lengths and special fastening of the specified roof membrane system may be required at various slope increments where the roof deck slope exceeds 1/2 inch per foot. The manufacturer shall provide acceptable sheet lengths and the required fastening schedule for all roofing sheet applications to applicable roof slopes.
- G. Granule Embedment: Broadcast mineral granules over all bitumen overruns on the finish ply surface, while the

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07550 - MODIFIED BITUMEN MEMBRANE ROOFING SYSTEM

bitumen is still hot or the adhesive is soft, to ensure a monolithic surface color.

- H. Flashing Application - masonry surfaces: Flash masonry parapet walls and curbs using the reinforcing sheet and the metal foil flashing membrane. After the base ply has been applied to the top of the cant, fully adhere the reinforcing sheet, utilizing minimum 3 inch side laps and extend a minimum of 3 inches onto the base ply surface and 3 inches up the parapet wall above the cant. After the final roofing ply has been applied to the top of the cant, prepare the surface area that is to receive flashing coverage by torch heating granular surfaces or by application of asphalt primer; allowing primer to dry thoroughly. Torch apply the metal foil-faced flashing into place using three foot widths (cut off the end of roll) always lapping the factory selvage edge. Stagger the laps of the metal foil flashing layer from lap seams in the reinforcing layer. Extend the flashing sheet a minimum of 4 inches beyond the toe of the cant onto the prepared surface of the finished roof and up the wall to the desired flashing height. Exert pressure on the flashing sheet during application to ensure complete contact with the wall/roof surfaces, preventing air pockets; this can be accomplished by using a damp sponge or shop rag. Check and seal all loose laps and edges. Nail the top edge of the flashing on 9 inch centers. (See manufacturer's schematic for visual interpretation).
- I. Flashing Application B surfaces sheathed with gypsum sheathing panels: After the gypsum sheathing panel and cant backing sheet have been installed, flash parapet walls and curbs with the specified reinforcing sheet and the metal foil flashing membrane. The reinforcing sheet shall have minimum 3 inch side laps and extend a minimum of 3 inches onto the base ply surface and to the top of the parapet wall or curb. Using the specified fasteners, mechanically attach the reinforcing sheet through the field of the sheet to the vertical flashing surface on 12 inch centers from the top of the cant to the top of the wall or curb. Fully adhere the remainder of the flashing reinforcing sheet that extends over the cant and roof level. Using a Leister Hand Welding Tool, seal the laps between flashing reinforcing sheets. After the final roofing ply has been applied to the top of the cant, prepare the surface area that is to receive flashing coverage by torch heating granular surfaces or by application of asphalt primer; allowing primer to dry

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07550 - MODIFIED BITUMEN MEMBRANE ROOFING SYSTEM

thoroughly. Torch apply the metal foil-faced flashing into place using three foot widths (cut off the end of roll) always lapping the factory selvage edge. Stagger the laps of the metal foil flashing layer from lap seams in the reinforcing layer. Extend the flashing sheet a minimum of 4 inches beyond the toe of the cant onto the prepared surface of the finished roof and up the wall to the desired flashing height. Exert pressure on the flashing sheet during application to ensure complete contact with the wall/roof surfaces, preventing air pockets; this can be accomplished by using a damp sponge or shop rag. Check and seal all loose laps and edges. Nail the top edge of the flashing on 9 inch centers. (See manufacturer's schematic for visual interpretation).

- J. Catalyzed Acrylic Resin Flashing System: Install the liquid-applied primer and flashing system in accordance with the membrane system manufacturer's printed installer's guidelines and other applicable written recommendations as provided by the manufacturer.
 - K. Use of Metallic Powder: Broadcast metallic powder over all bitumen overruns on the metal foil membrane surface while the bitumen is still hot to ensure a monolithic surface color.
 - L. Water Cut-Off: At end of day's work, or when precipitation is imminent, construct a water cut-off at all open edges. Cut-offs can be built using asphalt or plastic cement and roofing felts, constructed to withstand protracted periods of service. Cut-offs must be completely removed prior to the resumption of roofing.
- 3.04 Roof System Interface With Related Components:
- A. Walktread: Cut the walktread into maximum 5 foot lengths and allow to relax until flat. Adhere the sheet using the specified plastic cement. Apply the specified cement in a 3/8 inch thickness to the back of the product in 5 inch by 5 inch spots in accordance with the pattern as supplied by the walktread manufacturer. Walk-in each sheet after application to ensure proper adhesion. Use a minimum spacing of 2 inches between sheets to allow for proper drainage.
 - B. Sealant: Apply a smooth continuous bead of the specified sealant at the exposed finish ply edge transition to metal flashings incorporated into the roof system.
- 3.05 Field Quality Control And Inspections:
- A. Site Condition: Leave all areas around job site free of debris, roofing materials, equipment, and related items after completion of job.

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07550 - MODIFIED BITUMEN MEMBRANE ROOFING SYSTEM

- B. Notification Of Completion: Notify the manufacturer by means of manufacturer's printed Notification of Completion form of job completion in order to schedule a final inspection date.
- C. Final Inspection:
 - 1. Post-Installation Meeting: Hold a meeting at the completion of the project, attended by all parties that were present at the pre-job conference. A punch list of items required for completion shall be compiled by the Contractor and the manufacturer's representative. Complete, sign, and mail the punch list form to the manufacturer's headquarters.
- D. Issuance Of The Guarantee: Complete all post installation procedures and meet the manufacturer's final endorsement for issuance of the specified guarantee.

End of Section

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07600 - FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

Part 1 - General

1.01 Work Included:

- A. All materials, labor, services and incidentals necessary for the completion of this section of the work.

1.02 Related Work Specified Elsewhere:

- A. Modified Bitumen Membrane Roofing System - Section 07550
- B. Sealants - Section 07900

1.03 Quality Assurance:

- A. Standards:
 - 1. American Society of Testing and Materials
 - a. ASTM A-526, Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized), Commercial Quality.
 - b. ASTM B-32, Solder Metal
 - 2. Federal Specifications:
 - a. SS-C-153B, Cement, Bituminous, Plastics
 - 3. Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association:
 - a. Architectural Sheet Metal Manual

- 1.04 Products of certain manufacturers are specified herein to simplify descriptions of design, construction, and/or materials only. Proprietary names are not intended to imply that products of named manufacturer are required to the exclusion of equivalent products of other manufacturers.**

Part 2 - Products

2.01 Materials:

- A. Prefinished Sheet Metal overflow scuppers and Prefinished Metal Coping:
 - 1. Galvanized iron, prefinished one side.
 - 2. Gauge: 24 gauge, of design and width as detailed.
 - 3. Acceptable manufacturer: Color Klad - Vincent Brass and Aluminum Co.
 - 4. Finish: Kynar 500 - Refer Color Schedule
- B. Sheet Metal:
 - 1. Galvanized Sheet Steel: ASTM A-526, Commercial Quality.
 - 2. Gauge: 22 Gauge minimum or as required by Drawings or Specifications.
- C. Fasteners: Nails, screws, and other fasteners used in conjunction with this work shall be galvanized or cadmium plated.
- D. Solder: ASTM B-32, alloy grade 58, 50% tin, 50% lead.
- E. Flux: Muriatic acid with zinc.
- F. Sealants: Rubber based compound - refer to Section 07900.
- G. Bituminous Plastic Cement: FS SS-C-153B.

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07600 - FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

- H. Accessories: Provide accessories as recommended by manufacturer or as indicated on Drawings.

Part 3 - Execution

3.01 Fabrication:

- A. Shape and install sheet metal as indicated on Drawings. Comply with recommendations of SMACNA "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual."
- B. Form exposed faces flat and free of buckles, excessive wave and tool marks. Provide uniform, neat seams with minimum exposure of solder, welds, and sealant.
- C. Hem all exposed edges.
- D. Make waterproof corner joints by soldering solidly. Joints shall be full-lapped.
- E. Soldering: Shall be done slowly with well heated coppers to thoroughly heat the sheet and completely sweat the solder through the full width of the seam. Ample solder shall be used and the seam shall show a least one full inch of evenly flowed solder. Soldering coppers: Shall be heavy and blunt design, properly tinned before using. Neutralize all excess flux.
- F. Provide for thermal expansion of running trim, flashing and other items exposed for more than 15'-0" continuous length. Locate expansion seams at 10'-0" intervals and 2'-0" each side of corners and intersections.
- G. Angle bottom edges of exposed vertical surfaces to form drips.

3.02 Installation and Application:

- A. General:
 - 1. Furnish those items to be installed by other trades to proper grade for installation.
 - 2. Cooperate with and coordinate installation of sheet metal with roofing work as specified under Membrane Roofing - Section 07500.
 - 3. Install work watertight, without waves, warps, buckles, fastening stresses or distortion, allowing for expansion and contraction.
 - 4. Embed all flashing in plastic cement. Coat dissimilar metals from contact with bituminous coating.

End of Section

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07900 - SEALANTS

Part 1 - General

1.01 Work Included:

- A. All materials, labor services, and incidentals necessary for the completion of this section of the work.

1.02 Quality Assurance:

- A. Standards:
 - 1. TT-S-00230C, Sealing Compound, One Component.
 - 2. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM C 1021 to conduct the testing indicated.

1.03 Submittals:

- A. Submit manufacturer's specifications and color chart for each type of sealant.
- B. Samples: For each kind and color of joint sealant required.
- C. Joint-Sealant Schedule: Include the following information:
 - 1. Joint-sealant application, joint location, and designation.
 - 2. Joint-sealant manufacturer and product name.
 - 3. Joint-sealant formulation.
 - 4. Joint-sealant color.
- D. Product test reports.
- E. Preconstruction compatibility and adhesion test reports.
- F. Preconstruction field-adhesion test reports.
- G. Field-adhesion test reports.

1.04 Warranty:

- A. All work done under this section of the work shall be guaranteed for a period of two years from date of final acceptance of the building. Guarantee shall include materials and workmanship required to repair any leaks or the repairs thereof.
- B. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which joint sealant manufacturer agrees to furnish joint sealants to repair or replace those that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section for a period of 10 years from date of final acceptance.

1.05 **Products of certain manufacturers are specified herein to simplify descriptions of design, construction, and/or materials only. Proprietary names are not intended to imply that products of named manufacturer are required to the exclusion of equivalent products of other manufacturers.**

Part 2 - Products

2.01 Materials:

- A. Building Sealant: One part high performance polyurethane waterproofing sealant, FS-TT-S-00230C.
 - 1. Acceptable Manufacturer: Sonneborn NP1 Building Sealant.
 - 2. VOC Content of Interior Sealants: Sealants and sealant primers used inside the weatherproofing system shall

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07900 - SEALANTS

comply with the following limits for VOC content when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):

- a. Architectural Sealants: 250 gIL.
 - b. Sealant Primers for Nonporous Substrates: 250 gIL.
 - c. Sealant Primers for Porous Substrates: 775 gIL.
3. Liquid-Applied Joint Sealants: Comply with ASTM C 920 and other requirements indicated for each liquid-applied joint sealant specified, including those referencing ASTM C 920 classifications for type, grade, class, and uses related to exposure and joint substrates.
 - a. Suitability for Immersion in Liquids. Where sealants are indicated for Use I for joints that will be continuously immersed in liquids, provide products that have undergone testing according to ASTM C 1247. Liquid used for testing sealants is deionized water, unless otherwise indicated.
 4. Stain-Test-Response Characteristics: Where sealants are specified to be nonstaining to porous substrates, provide products that have undergone testing according to ASTM C 1248 and have not stained porous joint substrates indicated for Project.
 5. Suitability for Contact with Food: Where sealants are indicated for joints that will come in repeated contact with food, provide products that comply with 21 CFR 177.2600.
- B. Silicone Joint Sealants:
1. Mildew-Resistant Neutral-Curing Silicone Joint Sealant: ASTM C 920.
 - a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 1. BASF Building Systems.
 2. Dow Corning Corporation.
 3. GE Advanced Materials - Silicones.
 4. Pecora Corporation.
 5. Sika Corporation; Construction Products Division.
 6. Tremco Incorporated.
- C. Urethane Joint Sealants: Urethane Joint Sealant: ASTM C 920.
1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07900 - SEALANTS

- include, but are not limited to, the following:
- a. BASF Building Systems.
 - b. Bostik, Inc.
 - c. Lymtal, International, Inc.
 - d. Pecora Corporation.
 - e. Sika Corporation; Construction Products Division.
 - f. Tremco Incorporated.
- D. Latex Joint Sealants: Latex Joint Sealant: Acrylic latex or siliconized acrylic latex, ASTM C 834, Type OP, GradeNF.
1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. BASF Building Systems.
 - b. Bostik, Inc.
 - c. Pecora Corporation.
 - d. Tremco Incorporated.
- E. Preformed Joint Sealants: Preformed Foam Joint Sealant: Manufacturer's standard preformed, precompressed, open-cell foam sealant manufactured from urethane foam with minimum density of 10 lb/cu. ft. and impregnated with a nondrying, water-repellent agent. Factory produce in precompressed sizes in roll or stick form to fit joint widths indicated; coated on one side with a pressure-sensitive adhesive and covered with protective wrapping.
1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Dayton Superior Specialty Chemicals.
 - b. EM SEAL Joint Systems, Ltd.
 - c. Sandell Manufacturing Co.
 - d. Schul International, Inc.
 - e. Willseal USA, LLC.
- F. Acoustical Joint Sealants: Acoustical Joint Sealant: Manufacturer's standard nonsag, paintable, nonstaining latex sealant complying with ASTM C 834. Product effectively reduces airborne sound transmission through perimeter joints and openings in building construction as demonstrated by testing representative assemblies according to ASTM E 90.
1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Pecora Corporation.

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07900 - SEALANTS

- b. USG Corporation.
- G. Joint Sealant Backing: cylindrical Sealant Backings: ASTM C 1330, Type C (closed-cell material with a surface skin) Type 0 (open-cell material) or any of the preceding types, as approved in writing by joint sealant manufacturer for joint application indicated, and of size and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance.
 - 1. Bond-Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape recommended by sealant manufacturer.
- H. Miscellaneous Materials: as recommended by sealant manufacturer.
 - 1. Primer: Material recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer where required for adhesion of sealant to joint substrates indicated, as determined from preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests and field tests.
 - 2. Cleaners for Nonporous Surfaces: Chemical cleaners acceptable to manufacturers of sealants and sealant backing materials.
 - 3. Masking Tape: Nonstaining, nonabsorbent material compatible with joint sealants and surfaces adjacent to joints.
 - 4. Joint Cleaner
 - 5. Joint Primer/Sealer
 - 6. Bond Breaker Tape
 - 7. Joint Backer-Rod: Closed-cell compressible rod stock, size and shape as required by application.
- I. Caulking compound: Watertight, gun consistency, conforming to FS-TT-C-598, Type 1.
- J. Accessories: As recommended by sealant manufacturer.
- K. Color: to be selected from manufacturer's standard colors.

Part 3 - Execution

- 3.01 Preparation:
 - A. Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
 - 2. Clean nonporous joint substrate surfaces with chemical cleaners or other means that do not stain, harm substrates, or leave residues capable of interfering with adhesion of joint sealants.
 - B. Joint Priming: Prime joint substrates where recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer or as indicated by preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests or prior experience. Apply primer to comply with joint-sealant

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07900 - SEALANTS

manufacturer's written instructions. Confine primers to areas of joint sealant bond; do not allow spillage or migration onto adjoining surfaces.

- C. Masking Tape: Use masking tape where required to prevent contact of sealant or primer with adjoining surfaces that otherwise would be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods required to remove sealant smears. Remove tape immediately after tooling without disturbing joint seal.

3.02 Installation: Comply with recommendations in ASTM C 1193 for use of joint sealants as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated. Install sealant backings of kind indicated to support sealants during application and at position required to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths of installed sealants relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.

- A. Do not leave gaps between ends of sealant backings.
- B. Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear sealant backings.
- C. Remove absorbent sealant backings that have become wet before sealant application and replace them with dry materials.
- D. Install bond-breaker tape behind sealants where sealant backings are not used between sealants and backs of joints.
- E. Install sealants using proven techniques that comply with the following and at the same time backings are installed:
 - 1. Place sealants so they directly contact and fully wet joint substrates.
 - 2. Completely fill recesses in each joint configuration.
 - 3. Produce uniform, cross-sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
- F. Tooling of Nonsag Sealants: Immediately after sealant application and before skinning or curing begins, tool sealants according to requirements specified in subparagraphs below to form smooth, uniform beads of configuration indicated; to eliminate air pockets; and to ensure contact and adhesion of sealant with sides of joint.
 - 1. Remove excess sealant from surfaces adjacent to joints.
 - 2. Use tooling agents that are approved in writing by sealant manufacturer and that do not discolor sealants or adjacent surfaces.
 - 3. Provide concave joint profile per Figure 8A in ASTM C 1193, unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Acoustical Sealant Installation: Comply with ASTM C 919 and with manufacturer's written recommendations.
- H. Clean off excess sealant or sealant smears adjacent to

DIVISION 7 - THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION

SECTION 07900 - SEALANTS

joints as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved in writing by manufacturers of joint sealants and of products in which joints occur.

3.03 Joint Sealant Schedule:

- A. Joint-Sealant Application: Exterior joints in horizontal traffic surfaces.
- B. Joint-Sealant Application: Exterior joints in vertical surfaces and horizontal nontraffic surfaces.
- C. Joint-Sealant Application: Interior joints in horizontal traffic surfaces.
- D. Joint-Sealant Application: Interior joints in vertical surfaces and horizontal non traffic surfaces.
- E. Joint-Sealant Application: Mildew-resistant interior joints in vertical surfaces and horizontal non-traffic surfaces.
- F. Joint-Sealant Application: Interior acoustical joints in vertical surfaces and horizontal non traffic surfaces.

3.04 Additional Information:

- A. Application: All sight exposed caulking, and all exterior applications.
- B. Comply with sealant manufacturer's printed instructions.
- C. Any surfaces requiring priming, shall be prepared according to manufacturer's recommendations.
- D. Install sealants to depths as shown or as recommended by sealant manufacturer. Smooth uneven surfaces.
- F. Do not disturb compound by touching, washing, or otherwise until it has cured tack free.
- G. Excess compound shall be removed from surfaces after curing.
- H. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for painting over sealant.

End of Section

DIVISION 9 - FINISHES

SECTION 09900 - PAINTING

Part 1 - General

1.01 Work Included:

- A. All materials, labor, services and incidentals necessary for the completion of this entire section of the work.
- B. Consult Drawings, finish schedules, details and specification section.

1.02 Quality Assurance:

- A. All painted surfaces shall be uniform in color, texture and finish to the satisfaction of the Architect.

1.03 Submittals:

- A. Submit manufacturer's specifications, including paint label analysis and application instructions for each material specified.
- B. Submit color samples for review of color and texture.
- C. Final samples: Prepare samples of finishes on the job to the satisfaction of the Architect. If required, a 4' x 8' portion of wall surface finished as final sample.

1.04 Product Deliver, Storage and Handling:

- A. Materials shall be delivered to the project site in strong, undamaged, waterproof containers with manufacturer's label intact. Materials in previously opened or unsealed containers, are not acceptable.
- B. Include on label of container: Manufacturer's name, type of paint, number and application instructions.
- C. Immediately upon delivery to the project site, all painter materials shall be stored and locked in a watertight shed with floor well off the ground. The shed shall remain locked at all times except for adding or removing materials.
- D. No materials of any manufacturer will be allowed on the project site any time during construction except those of the manufacturers specified or approved by the Architect.

1.05 Job Conditions:

- A. Comply with manufacturer's recommendations as to environmental conditions under which coating and coating systems can be applied.
- B. Do not apply finishes in areas where dust is being generated or where work in progress may affect finish quality.
- C. Protect finished work of other trades, and all surfaces not being painted concurrently, or not to be painted.

Part 2 - Products

2.01 General:

- A. The following specifications for Finishes is not intended to mention every particular item which will receive painter finish, but is intended to establish type and quality of finish which shall be required on various materials.
- B. **Products of Sherwin-Williams are specified herein to simplify descriptions of types and qualities of finishes required only. Proprietary names are not intended to imply that products of**

DIVISION 9 - FINISHES

SECTION 09900 - PAINTING

named manufacturer are required to the exclusion of equivalent products of other manufacturers.

- C. Wherever the abbreviation "SW" appears in the following detailed specification, it shall be understood to mean Sherwin-Williams.
 - D. Primers shall be as specified by manufacturers of finish paint used and as approved by the Architect.
- 2.02 Acceptable Manufacturers:
- A. Sherwin-Williams.
 - B. PPG Industries.
 - C. Cook Paint and Varnish Co.
 - D. Pratt and Lambert.
 - E. Kelly-Moore.
- 2.02 Exterior Finishes (coordinate with Architect):
- A. Enamel on Ferrous Metals:
 - 1. One coat SW Kem Kromik Primer, (Alkyd primer).
 - 2. Two coats SW Industrial Enamel, (Alkyd gloss enamel).
 - B. Enamel on Galvanized Metal:
 - 1. One Coat SW Galvite primer.
 - 2. 2 Coats SW Industrial Enamel, (Alkyd gloss enamel).
- 2.03 Interior Finishes (coordinate with Architect):
- A. Enamel on Metal: All miscellaneous and ornamental metal items which are left exposed, hollow metal doors and frames.
 - 1. Shop coat by others - touch up as required.
 - 2. Two coats SW Promar 200 Semi-Gloss. Enamel, (Alkyd semi-gloss enamel).
 - B. Enamel on Exposed Metal Piping:
 - 1. One coat SW Galvite primer.
 - 2. Two coats SW Promar 200 Semi-Gloss Latex Enamel.

Part 3 - Execution

- 3.01 Inspection:
- A. Notify Contractor of any surface not in proper condition to be finished before proceeding with the work. Starting work will constitute the painter's acceptance of preceding work, and conditions under which finish will be applied and his assumption of responsibility for results to be obtained.
- 3.02 Preparation of Surfaces:
- A. Ferrous Metal Surfaces:
 - 1. Remove rust and scale, clean grease or oil surfaces with turpentine or benzine before painting.
- 3.03 Application:
- A. Number of coats and quality of finish shall be in accordance with these specifications, which requires the use of material which will product first quality finish if properly applied.
 - B. Apply coats of material in strict accordance with manufacturer's currently published specifications, except where requirements of these specifications are in excess or manufacturer's requirements.
 - C. Except as otherwise approved by the Architect, the first two

DIVISION 9 - FINISHES

SECTION 09900 - PAINTING

coats of painter's finish shall be applied by roller or brush application. Finish coats may be applied by spray application.

- D. Comply with recommendation of product manufacturer for drying time between succeeding coats allow additional as required until finish is dry.
 - E. All work where a coat of material has been applied must be inspected and approved before application of succeeding coat, otherwise, no credit for the coat will be given. Notify Architect when a particular coat has been completed for inspection and approval.
 - F. Remove all hardware, accessories, machined surfaces, and similar items in place and not to be finish-painted, or provide surface-applied protection prior to surface preparation and painting operations.
- 3.04 Clean-up:
- A. Clean and paint spots from work and touch-up or otherwise repair any defective or damaged work.
 - B. Remove all surplus materials and equipment after work is completed.
 - C. Leave entire job clean and acceptable to the Architect.

End of Section

SECTION 23 05 00

MECHANICAL GENERAL PROVISIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Except as modified in this Section, General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, applicable provisions of the General Requirements, and other provisions and requirements of the contract documents apply to work of Division 23 Mechanical.
- B. Applicable provisions of this section apply to all sections of Division 23, Mechanical.

1.2 CODE REQUIREMENTS AND FEES

- A. Perform work in accordance with applicable statutes, ordinances, codes and regulations of governmental authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Mechanical work shall comply with applicable inspection services:
 - 1. Underwriters Laboratories.
 - 2. National Fire Protection Association.
 - 3. State Health Department.
 - 4. Local Municipal Building Inspection Department.
- C. Resolve any code violations discovered in contract documents with the Engineer prior to award of the contract. After Contract award, any correction or additions necessary for compliance with applicable codes shall be made at no additional cost to the Owner.
- D. This Contractor shall be responsible for being aware of and complying with asbestos NESHAP regulations, as well as all other applicable codes, laws and regulations.
- E. Obtain all permits required.

1.3 CONTRACTOR'S QUALIFICATIONS

- A. An approved contractor for the work under this division shall be:
 - 1. A specialist in this field and have the personnel, experience, training, skill, and organization to provide a practical working system.
 - 2. Able to furnish evidence of having contracted for and installed not less than 3 systems of comparable size and type that has served their Owners satisfactorily for not less than 3 years.

1.4 REFERENCE SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS

- A. Materials which are specified by reference to Federal Specifications; ASTM, ASME, ANSI, or AWWA Specifications; Federal Standards; or other standard specifications must comply with latest editions, revisions, amendments or supplements in effect on date bids are received. Requirements in reference specifications and standards are minimum for all equipment, material, and work. In instances where specified capacities, size, or other features of equipment, devices, or materials exceed these minimums, meet specified capacities.

1.5 CONTRACT DRAWINGS

- A. Contract drawings are diagrammatic only and do not give fully dimensioned locations of various elements of work. Determine exact locations from field measurements.

1.6 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

- A. Maintain at the job site a separate set of white prints (black line) of the contract drawings for the sole purpose of recording the "as-built" changes and diagrams of those portions of work in which actual construction is at variance with the contract drawings. Mark the drawings with a colored pencil. Prepare, as the work progresses and upon completion of work, reproducible drawings clearly indicating locations of various lines, valves, ductwork, traps, equipment, and other pertinent items, as installed. Include flow-line elevation of sewer lines. Record existing and new underground and under slab piping with dimensioned locations and elevations of such piping.
- B. At the conclusion of project, obtain without cost to the Owner, erasable mylars of the original drawings and transfer as-built changes to these. Prior to transmittal of corrected drawings, obtain 3 sets of blue-line prints of each drawing, regardless of whether corrections were necessary and include in the transmittal (2 sets are for the Owner's use and one set is for the Architect/Engineer's records). Delivery of these as-built prints and reproducible is a condition of final acceptance. Provide record drawings on one set each (reproducible Dayrex mylar film positives) and AutoCad 2014 files on disk (CD Rom).
- C. As-Built drawings should indicate the following information as a minimum:
 1. Indicate all addendum changes to documents.
 2. Remove Engineer's seal, name, address and logo from drawings.
 3. Mark documents RECORD DRAWINGS.
 4. Clearly indicate: DOCUMENT PRODUCED BY .
 5. Indicate all changes to construction during construction. Indicate actual routing of all piping, ductwork, etc. that were deviated from construction drawings.
 6. Indicate exact location of all underground mechanical piping and elevation.
 7. Indicate exact location of all underground electrical raceways and elevations.
 8. Correct schedules to reflect (actual) equipment furnished and manufacturer.
 9. Location and size of all ductwork and mechanical piping above ceiling including exact location of isolation of domestic and mechanical valves.
 10. Exact location of all electrical equipment in and outside of the building.
 11. Exact location of all roof mounted equipment, wall, roof and floor penetrations.
 12. Cloud all changes.

1.7 SPACE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Consider space limitations imposed by contiguous work in selection and location of equipment and material. Do not provide equipment or material that is not suitable in this respect.

1.8 RELATION WITH OTHER TRADES

- A. Carefully study all matters and conditions concerning the project. Submit notification of conflict in ample time to prevent unwarranted changes in any work. Review other Divisions of these specifications to determine their requirements.
- B. Because of the complicated relationship of this work to the total project, conscientiously study the relation and cooperate as necessary to accomplish the full intent of the documents.

- C. Provide sleeves and inserts in forms as required for the work. Stub up and protect open ends of pipe before any concrete is placed. Furnish sizes of required equipment pads. Furnish and locate bolts and fittings required to be cast in them.
- D. Locate and size openings required for installation of work specified in this Division in sufficient time to prevent delay in the work.
- E. Refer to other Divisions of the specifications for the scope of required connections to equipment furnished under that Division. Determine from the Contractor for the various trades, the Owner, and by direction from the Architect/Engineer, the exact location of all items.

1.9 CONCEALED AND EXPOSED WORK

- A. When the word "concealed" is used in connection with insulating, painting, piping, ducts and the like, the work is understood to mean hidden from sight as in chases, furred spaces or above ceilings. "Exposed" is understood to mean open to view.

1.10 GUARANTEE

- A. Guarantee work for 1 year from the date of substantial completion of the project. During that period make good any faults or imperfections that may arise due to defects or omissions in material, equipment or workmanship. At the Owner's option, replacement of failed parts or equipment shall be provided.

1.11 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Furnish new and unused materials and equipment meeting the requirements of the paragraph specifying acceptable manufacturers. Where two or more units of the same type or class of equipment are required, provide units of a single manufacturer.
- B. Where equipment or accessories are used which differ in arrangement, configuration, dimensions, ratings, or engineering parameters from those indicated on the Contract Documents, the Contractor is responsible for all costs involved in integrating the equipment or accessories into the system and for obtaining the intended performance from the system into which these items are placed.

1.12 NOISE AND VIBRATION

- A. Select equipment to operate with minimum noise and vibration. If objectionable noise or vibration is produced or transmitted to or through the building structure by equipment, piping, ducts or other parts of work, rectify such conditions at no additional cost. If the item of equipment is judged to produce objectionable noise or vibration, demonstrate at no additional cost that equipment performs within designated limits on a vibration chart.

1.13 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers names and catalog number specified under sections of Division 23 are used to establish standards of design, performance, quality and serviceability and not to limit competition. Equipment of similar design, equal to that specified, manufactured by a named manufacturer will be acceptable on approval. A request for prior approval of equipment not listed must be submitted ten (10) days before bid due date. Submit complete design and performance data to the Engineer.

1.14 OPERATING TESTS

- A. After all mechanical systems have been completed and put into operation, subject each system to an operating test under design conditions to ensure proper sequencing and operation throughout the range of operation. Tests shall be made in the presence of the Architect/Engineer. Make adjustments as required to ensure proper functioning of all systems. Special tests on individual systems are specified under individual sections. Submit 3 copies of all certifications and test reports adequately in advance of completion of the work to allow for remedial action as required to correct deficiencies discovered in equipment and systems.

1.15 WARRANTIES

- A. Submit 3 copies of all warranties and guarantees for systems, equipment, devices and materials. These shall be included in the Operating and Maintenance Manuals.

1.16 BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

- A. It shall be the responsibility of each sub-contractor to consult the Architectural and Engineering drawings, details, and specifications and thoroughly familiarize himself with the project and all job related requirements. Each sub-contractor shall cooperate with the General Contractor to verify that all piping and other items are placed in the walls, furred spaces, chases, etc., so there will be no delays in the job.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS – NOT USED

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 OPENINGS

- A. Framed, cast or masonry openings for ductwork, equipment or piping are specified under other divisions. Drawings and layout work for exact size and location of all openings are included under this division.

3.2 AIR FILTERS AND PIPE STRAINERS

- A. Immediately prior to substantial completion of the project, inspect, clean and service air filters and strainers. Replace air filters.

3.3 LUBRICATION, REFRIGERANT AND OIL

- A. Provide a complete charge of correct lubricant for each item of equipment requiring lubrication.
- B. Provide a complete and working charge of proper refrigerant, free of contaminants, into each refrigerant system. After each system has been in operation long enough to ensure completely balanced conditions, check the charge and modify for proper operation as required.
- C. Provide a complete charge of special oil for refrigeration use, suitable for operation with refrigerant, in each system.

3.4 HOUSEKEEPING PADS

- A. Provide equipment housekeeping pads under all floor mounted and ground mounted HVAC equipment, and as shown on the drawings.

- B. Concrete work as specified in Division 3.
- C. Concrete pads:
 - 1. 4" high, rounded edges, minimum 2500 psi unless otherwise indicated on the drawings.
 - 2. Chamfer strips at edges and corner of forms.
 - 3. Smooth steel trowel finish.
 - 4. Doweled to existing slab.
- D. Install concrete curbs around duct penetrations or multiple pipe penetrations.

3.5 INSTRUCTION OF OWNER'S PERSONNEL

- A. Prior to final inspection, conduct an on-site training program to instruct the Owner's operating personnel in the operation and maintenance of the mechanical systems.
 - 1. Provide the training during the Owner's regular working day.
 - 2. The Instructors shall each be experienced in their phase of operation and maintenance of building mechanical systems and with the project.
- B. Time to be allocated for instructions.
 - 1. Minimum of 2 hours dedicated instructor time.
- C. Before proceeding with the on-site training program, submit the program syllabus; proposed time and dates; and other pertinent information for review and approval.
 - 1. One copy to the Owner.
 - 2. One copy to the Architect/Engineer.
- D. The Owner will provide a list of personnel to receive instructions, and will coordinate their attendance at the agreed upon times.
- E. Use the operation and maintenance manuals as the basis of instruction. Review contents of manual with personnel in detail to explain all aspects of operation and maintenance.
- F. Demonstrate start-up, operation, control, adjustment, trouble-shooting, servicing, maintenance, and shut down of each item of equipment.
- G. Demonstrate equipment functions (both individually and as part of the total integrated system).
- H. Prepare and insert additional data in the operating and maintenance manuals when the need for additional data becomes apparent during instructions.
- I. Submit a report within one week after completion of the training program that instructions have been satisfactorily completed. Give time and date of each demonstration and hours devoted to the demonstration, with a list of people present.
- J. At the conclusion of the on-site training program, have the person designated by the Owner sign a certificate to certify that he/she has a proper understanding of the system, that the demonstrations and instructions have been satisfactorily completed, and the scope and content of the operating and maintenance manuals used for the training program are satisfactory.
- K. Provide a copy of the report and the certificate in an appropriately tabbed section of each Operating and Maintenance Manual.

3.6 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

- A. Provide a laminated engraved plastic nameplate on each piece of equipment and starter.
 - 1. Designation approved by Architect/Engineer.
 - 2. Equipment includes, but is not limited to, air handling units, fan coil units, variable volume boxes, fans, pumps, boilers and chillers.
 - 3. Submit schedule of equipment to be included and designations.
- B. Provide nameplates with 1/2" high letters and fastened with epoxy or screws.

3.7 OBSTRUCTIONS

- A. The drawings indicate certain information pertaining to surface and subsurface obstructions which has been taken from available drawings. Such information is not guaranteed, however, as to accuracy of location or complete information.
 - 1. Before any cutting or trenching operations are begun, verify with Owner's representative, utility companies, municipalities, and other interested parties that all available information has been provided.
 - 2. Should obstruction be encountered, whether shown or not, alter routing of new work, reroute existing lines, remove obstruction where permitted, or otherwise perform whatever work is necessary to satisfy the purpose of the new work and leave existing services and structures in a satisfactory and serviceable condition.
- B. Assume total responsibility for and repair any damage to existing utilities or construction, whether such existing facilities are shown.

3.8 PROTECTION

- A. Protect work, equipment, fixtures, and materials. At work completion, work must be clean and in original manufacturer's condition.

3.9 INDOOR AIR QUALITY

- A. All equipment and ductwork shall be installed to allow sufficient space for testing, maintenance, and commissioning functions. Access doors or panels shall be installed in ventilation equipment, ductwork, and plenum enclosures for inspection and cleaning of outdoor air intakes, mixing plenums, up and downstream of coils, filters, drain pans and fans.
- B. Practice source control and eliminate potential contaminants in material selection, installation, and maintenance.
- C. Provide installation and disposal instructions for all materials and chemicals that are potential contaminants.
- D. Obtain and conform to the requirements of the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) in the use of materials.
- E. Utilize manufacturer's recommendations and provide installation instructions for all chemicals, compounds, and potential contaminants including pre-installation degassing if required.
- F. Ventilate completed building prior to final completion using no less than design outside air for at least 48 hours before occupancy.

- G. Make provisions for controls to prevent the entry of air contaminants into the HVAC air distribution system.
- H. Steps shall be taken to ensure that the HVAC system continues to function effectively and are not damaged or contaminated during construction activities.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 23 05 11

MECHANICAL ALTERATIONS PROJECT PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Inspect and service existing equipment and materials that are to remain or to be reused.
- B. Disposal of equipment, materials, or housekeeping pads to be abandoned. Prior to disposal, the Contractor shall verify with the Owner what is to be salvaged by the Owner and what is to become the property of the Contractor.
- C. Handling of equipment and materials to be removed.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Coordination with the Owner prior to the disconnection or shutdown of existing equipment, or to the modification of existing operational systems.

1.3 CONTRACT DRAWINGS

- A. There is the possibility that existing conditions and devices are affected by the work indicated on the drawings and called for in the specifications (project manual) which do not appear on the drawings. It is the Contractor's responsibility to visit the site and determine all of the existing conditions and to consider these existing conditions when making and presenting a proposal, to have a complete proposal.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Material used to upgrade and repair existing equipment shall conform to that specified.
- B. Material used to upgrade and repair existing equipment shall not void existing warranties or listings of the equipment to be upgraded or repaired.
- C. Material used to upgrade and repair existing equipment shall be new and shall be of the same manufacturer of the existing equipment, shall be acquired through the existing original equipment manufacturer's approved distribution channels, shall have manufacturer's warranties for the new material being used, and shall be listed for the use intended.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

- A. Existing materials and equipment indicated on the drawings or in the specifications to be reused shall be inspected for damaged or missing parts. Contractor shall notify the Architect/Engineer, in writing, accordingly.
- B. If using materials specified or shown on the drawing voids or diminishes the warranty or operation of remaining equipment or systems, the Contractor shall notify the Architect/Engineer, in writing.

- C. Verify field measurements, above and underground piping connections and flows.
- D. Demolition Drawings are based on casual field observation, and when available, existing record documents. Report discrepancies to Architect before disturbing existing installation, and immediately after such discrepancies are discovered.
- E. Field verify existing conditions and actual utility uses prior to final connections. Existing drawings may not have been available for all required information. Use pipe inspection camera system to field verify existing sanitary / grease waste connections. Verify actual HVAC supply and return piping connections. Verify flow direction and depth prior to connection to existing plumbing systems.

3.2 APPLICATION

- A. Existing materials and equipment indicated on the drawings or in the specifications to be reused shall be cleaned and reconditioned, including cleaning of piping systems and HVAC coils prior to installation and reuse.
- B. Material and equipment removed that is not to be salvaged for Owner's use or for reuse on the project shall become the property of the Contractor and be removed from the site.
- C. Material or equipment salvaged for Owner's use shall be carefully handled and stored where directed by the Owner or the Architect / Engineer. Relocate material and / or equipment as directed by Owner.
- D. Materials and equipment not indicated to be removed or abandoned shall be reconnected to the new system.
- E. Materials, equipment and housekeeping pads not to be reused or reconnected shall be removed for Owner's review and salvaged by Contractor.
- F. Prior to start of construction, Contractor shall walk areas to be renovated with Owner to identify and document items to be salvaged for Owner's use.
- G. Clean and repair existing materials and equipment that remain or are to be reused.
- H. Contractor shall utilize spaces efficiently to maximize accessibility for other installations, for maintenance, and for repairs.

3.3 SEQUENCE AND SCHEDULE

- A. Coordinate utility service outages with Utility Company, Architect and Owner.
- B. Provide additional or temporary valves, piping, ductwork and connections to maintain existing systems in service during construction.
- C. Existing HVAC and Plumbing Service: Refer to drawings for work in remodeled areas. Where facilities in these areas are to remain in service, any related work to keep the facilities in operation is specified in this Division. Maintain existing system in service until new system is complete and ready for service. Disable system only to make switchovers and connections. Obtain permission from Owner at least 48 hours before partially or completely disabling system. Minimize outage duration. Make temporary connections to maintain service in areas adjacent to work area. Maintain acceptable temperature and humidity control within existing building during renovation activities.
- D. Remove and replace existing Mechanical systems and appurtenances as occasioned by

new or remodeled construction. Re-establish service that may be interrupted by remodeled construction.

- E. Refer to other drawings series for work in remodeled areas. Where facilities in these areas are required to remain in service, any related work required to keep these facilities in operation is specified in this Division.
- F. Remove and replace existing piping, grilles, boxes and ductwork coincident with the construction.
- G. Remove or relocate existing piping, grilles, ductwork or housekeeping pads as occasioned by new or remodeled construction. Cap unused HVAC or domestic piping and duct beyond the new finish line.
- H. Relocate all HVAC and or domestic piping, grilles, boxes and ductwork as required to accommodate new work requiring precedence.
- I. Remove concrete housekeeping pad where materials or equipment have been removed.
- J. Remove all known utilities, which do not provide service to the buildings that remain.
- K. Remove existing plumbing or mechanical vent penetrations through roof not to be reused.

3.4 DEMOLITION AND EXTENSION OF EXISTING MECHANICAL WORK

- A. The Contractor shall modify, remove, and/or relocate all materials and items so indicated on the drawings or required by the installation of new facilities. All removals and/or dismantling shall be conducted in a manner as to produce maximum salvage. Salvage materials shall remain the property of the Owner, and shall be delivered to such destination as directed by the Owner's representative unless they are not wanted, then it will be the responsibility of this Contractor to remove such items and properly dispose of them. Materials and/or items scheduled for relocation and which are damaged during dismantling or reassembly operations shall be repaired and restored to good operative condition. The Contractor may, at his discretion, and upon approval of the Owner's representative substitute new materials and/or items of like design and quality in lieu of materials and/or items to be relocated.
- B. All items to be relocated shall be carefully removed in reverse to original assembly or placement and protected until relocated. The Contractor shall clean, repair, and provide all new materials, fittings, and appurtenances required to complete the relocations and to restore them to good operative order. All relocations shall be performed by workmen skilled in the work and in accordance with standard practice of the trades involved.
- C. When items scheduled for relocation and/or reuse are found to be in damaged condition before work has been started on dismantling, the Contractor shall call the attention of the Owner's representative to such items and receive further instructions before removal. Items damaged in repositioning operations are the contractor's responsibility and shall be repaired or replaced by the contractor as approved by the owner's representative, at no additional cost to the Owner.
- D. HVAC, Plumbing, piping, ductwork and appurtenances to be removed, salvaged, or relocated shall be removed to points indicated on the drawings, specified, or acceptable to the Owner's representative. Piping and ductwork not scheduled for reuse shall be removed to the points at which reuse is to be continued or service is to remain. Such services shall be sealed, capped, or otherwise tied-off or disconnected in a safe manner

acceptable to the Construction Inspector. All disconnections or connections into the existing facilities shall be done in such a manner as to result in minimum interruption of services to adjacent occupied areas. Services to existing areas or facilities that must remain in operation during the construction period shall not be interrupted without prior specific approval of the Owner's representative herein before specified.

- E. Repair adjacent construction and finishes damaged during demolition and extension work.
- F. Maintain access to mechanical installations that remain active. Modify installation or provide access panel as appropriate.
- G. Extend existing installations using materials and methods compatible with existing mechanical installations, or as specified.
- H. Existing mechanical piping and devices found to need additional hangers installed should be added at no additional cost to the Owner.

3.5 PROTECTION OF THE WORK

- A. Provide adequate temporary support and auxiliary structure as necessary to ensure structural value or integrity of affected portion of work.
- B. Provide devices and methods to protect other portions of work from damage.
- C. Execute fitting and adjustment of products to provide a finished installation to comply with specified products, functions, tolerances and finishes.

3.6 IDENTIFICATION OF EQUIPMENT IN RENOVATED AREAS

- A. Identification of Equipment: Provide new identification of all existing equipment to be reused and located within the renovated areas. Do not include the description "existing". Provide new nameplates for all existing mechanical equipment in renovated areas as specified in Section 23 05 00 Mechanical General Provisions.

3.7 REFRIGERANT DISPOSAL

- A. Contractor shall dispose of refrigerant from all DX equipment including refrigerant piping per OSHA, EPA, Federal, State and Local Codes.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 23 05 12

HVAC SHOP DRAWINGS, COORDINATION DRAWINGS & PRODUCT DATA

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Prepare submittals as required by these specifications as outlined below.
- B. The term submittal, as used herein, refers to all:
 - 1. Shop Drawings.
 - 2. Coordination Drawings.
 - 3. Product data.
- C. Submittals shall be prepared and produced for:
 - 1. Distribution as specified.
 - 2. Inclusion in the Operating and Maintenance Manual, as specified, in the related section.

1.2 SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. Present drawings in a clear and thorough manner. Identify details by reference to sheet and detail, schedule, or room numbers shown on Contract Drawings.
- B. Show all dimensions of each item of equipment on a single composite Shop Drawing. Do not submit a series of drawings of components.
- C. Identify field dimensions; show relationship to adjacent features, critical features, work, or products.
- D. Submit shop drawings in plan, elevation and sections, showing equipment in mechanical equipment areas.

1.3 COORDINATION DRAWINGS

- A. Present in a clear and thorough manner. Title each drawing with project name. Identify each element of drawings by reference to sheet number and detail, or room number of contract documents. Minimum drawing scale: $\frac{1}{4}'' = 1'-0''$.
- B. Prepare coordination drawings to coordinate installations for efficient use of available space, for proper sequence of installation, and to resolve conflicts. Coordinate with work specified in other sections and other divisions of the specifications.
- C. For each mechanical room and for each outside equipment pad where equipment is located, submit plan and elevation drawings. Show:
 - 1. Actual mechanical equipment and components to be furnished.
 - 2. Service clearance.
 - 3. Relationship to other equipment and components.
 - 4. Roof drains and leader piping.
 - 5. Fire protection piping and equipment.
- D. Identify field dimensions. Show relation to adjacent or critical features of work or products.

- E. Related requirements:
 - 1. Ductwork shop drawings.
 - 2. Coordination drawing specified in Division 26.
- F. Submit shop drawings in plan, elevation and sections, showing equipment in mechanical equipment areas.
- G. Gas piping sketch indicating proposed location of piping prior to proceeding with the installation.

1.4 PRODUCT DATA AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION

- A. Submit only pages which are pertinent to the project. All options which are indicated on the product data shall become part of the contract and shall be required whether specified are not.
- B. Mark each copy of standard printed data to identify pertinent products, referenced to specification section and article number.
- C. Show reference standards, performance characteristics and capacities; wiring and piping diagrams and controls; component parts; finishes; dimensions and required clearances.
- D. Modify manufacturer's standard schematic drawings and diagrams to supplement standard information and to provide information specifically applicable to the work. Delete information not applicable.
- E. Mark up a copy of the specifications for the product. Indicate in the margin of each paragraph the following: COMPLY, DO NOT COMPLY, or NOT APPLICABLE. Explain all DO NOT COMPLY statements.
- F. Provide a separate transmittal for each submittal item. Transmittals shall indicate product by specification section name and number. Separate all submittals into appropriate specification section number. Do not combine specification sections.

1.5 MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Submit Manufacturer's instructions for storage, preparation, assembly, installation, start-up, adjusting, calibrating, balancing and finishing.

1.6 CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Review submittals prior to transmittal.
- B. Determine and verify:
 - 1. Field measurements.
 - 2. Field construction criteria.
 - 3. Manufacturer's catalog numbers.
 - 4. Conformance with requirements of Contract Documents.
- C. Coordinate submittals with requirements of the work and of the Contract Documents.
- D. Notify the Architect/Engineer in writing at time of submission of any deviations in the submittals from requirements of the Contract Documents.
- E. Do not fabricate products, or begin work for which submittals are specified, until such submittals have been produced and bear contractor's stamp. Do not fabricate products or

begin work scheduled to have submittals reviewed until return of reviewed submittals with Architect / Engineer's acceptance.

- F. Contractor's responsibility for errors and omissions in submittals is not relieved whether Architect / Engineer reviews submittals or not.
- G. Contractor's responsibility for deviations in submittals from requirements of Contract Documents is not relieved whether Architect/Engineer reviews submittals or not, unless Architect / Engineer gives written acceptance of the specific deviations on reviewed documents.
- H. Submittals shall show sufficient data to indicate complete compliance with Contract Documents:
 - 1. Proper sizes and capacities.
 - 2. That the item will fit in the available space in a manner that will allow proper service.
 - 3. Construction methods, materials and finishes.
- I. Schedule submissions at least 15 days before date reviewed submittals will be needed.

1.7 SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Make submittals promptly in accordance with approved schedule, and in such sequence as to cause no delay in the Project or in the work of any other Contractor.
- B. Number of submittals required:
 - 1. Shop Drawings and Coordination Drawings: Submit one reproducible transparency and three opaque reproductions.
 - 2. Product Data: Submit the number of copies which the contractor requires, plus those which will be retained by the Architect/Engineer.
- C. Accompany submittals with transmittal letter, in duplicate, containing:
 - 1. Date.
 - 2. Project title and number.
 - 3. Contractor's name, address and contact number.
 - 4. The number of each Shop Drawing, Project Datum and Sample submitted.
 - 5. Other pertinent data.
- D. Submittals shall include:
 - 1. The date of submission.
 - 2. The project title and number.
 - 3. Contract Identification.
 - 4. The names of:
 - a. Contractor.
 - b. Subcontractor.
 - c. Supplier.
 - d. Manufacturer.
 - 5. Identification of the product.
 - 6. Field dimensions, clearly identified as such.
 - 7. Relation to adjacent or critical features of the work or materials.
 - 8. Applicable standards, such as ASTM or federal specifications numbers.
 - 9. Identification of deviations from contract documents.
 - 10. Suitable blank space for General Contractor and Architect/Engineer stamps.
 - 11. Contractor's signed and dated Stamp of Approval.

- E. Coordinate submittals into logical groupings to facilitate interrelation of the several items:
 - 1. Finishes which involve Architect/Engineer selection of colors, textures or patterns
 - 2. Associated items which require correlation for efficient function or for installation

1.8 SUBMITTAL SPECIFICATION INFORMATION

- A. Every submittal document shall bear the following information as used in the project manual:
 - 1. The related specification section number.
 - 2. The exact specification section title.
- B. Submittals delivered to the Architect/Engineer without the specified information will not be processed. The Contractor shall bear the risk of all delays, as if no submittal had been delivered.

1.9 RESUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Make re-submittals under procedures specified for initial submittals.
 - 1. Indicate that the document or sample is a re-submittal.
 - 2. Identify changes made since previous submittals.
- B. Indicate any changes which have been made, other than those requested by the Architect / Engineer.

1.10 CONTRACTOR'S STAMP OF APPROVAL

- A. Contractor shall stamp and sign each document certifying to the review of products, field measurements and field construction criteria, and coordination of the information within the submittal with requirements of the work and of Contract Documents.
- B. Contractor's stamp of approval on any submittal shall constitute a representation to Owner and Architect/Engineer that Contractor has either determined and verified all quantities, dimensions, field construction criteria, materials, catalog numbers, and similar data or assumes full responsibility for doing so, and that Contractor has reviewed or coordinated each submittal with the requirements of the work and the Contract Documents.
- C. Do not deliver any submittals to the Architect/Engineer that do not bear the Contractor's stamp of approval and signature.
- D. Submittals delivered to the Architect/Engineer without Contractor's stamp of approval and signature will not be processed. The Contractor shall bear the risk of all delays, as if no submittal had been delivered.

1.11 ARCHITECT / ENGINEER REVIEW OF IDENTIFIED SUBMITTALS

- A. The Architect / Engineer will:
 - 1. Review identified submittals with reasonable promptness and in accordance with schedule.
 - 2. Affix stamp and initials or signature, and indicate requirements for re-submittal or approval of submittal.
 - 3. Return submittals to Contractor for distribution or for resubmission.
- B. Review and approval of submittals will not extend to design data reflected in submittals which is peculiarly within the special expertise of the Contractor or any party dealing directly with the Contractor.

- C. Architect / Engineer's review and approval is only for conformance with the design concept of the project and for compliance with the information given in the contract.
 - 1. The review shall not extend to means, methods, sequences, techniques or procedures of construction or to safety precautions or programs incident thereto.
 - 2. The review shall not extend to review of quantities, dimensions, weights or gauges, fabrication processes or coordination with the work of other trades.
- D. The review and approval of a separate item as such will not indicate approval of the assembly in which the item functions.

1.12 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Do not make requests for substitution employing the procedures of this Section.
- B. The procedure for making a formal request for substitution is specified in Div. 1.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 - EXECUTION - NOT USED

END OF SECTION

SECTION 23 05 13

ELECTRICAL PROVISIONS OF HVAC WORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Electrical provisions to be provided as mechanical work are indicated in other Division 23 sections, on drawings, and as specified.
- B. Types of work, normally recognized as electrical but provided as mechanical, specified or partially specified in this Section, include but are not necessarily limited to the following:
 - 1. Motors for mechanical equipment.
 - 2. Starters for motors of mechanical equipment, but only where specifically indicated to be furnished integrally with equipment.
 - 3. Wiring from motors to disconnect switches or junction boxes for motors of mechanical equipment, but only where specifically indicated to be furnished integrally with equipment.
 - 4. Wiring of field-mounted float control switches, flow control switches, and similar mechanical-electrical devices provided for mechanical systems, to equipment control panels.
 - 5. Wiring of smoke detectors for shutdown of air handling equipment when a fire alarm system is not included in the project.
 - 6. Wiring of oil pump, vibration and oil level limit switches for cooling towers.
 - 7. Refrigerant monitor/sensor/alarming and field installed visual/audible display alarms.
 - 8. Pipe heat tracing.
 - 9. Low Voltage thermostat wiring
- C. Refer to Division 23 Controls Sections for related control system wiring.
- D. Refer to Division 23 sections for specific individual mechanical equipment electrical requirements.
- E. Refer to Division 26 sections for motor starters and controls not furnished integrally with mechanical equipment.
- F. Refer to Division 26 sections for junction boxes and disconnect switches required for motors and other electrical units of mechanical equipment.

1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Specification Sections, apply to work of this Section.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Wherever possible, match elements of electrical provisions of mechanical work with similar elements of electrical work specified in Division 26 sections for electrical work not otherwise specified.
- B. For electrical equipment and products, comply with applicable NEMA standards, and refer to NEMA standards for definitions of terminology. Comply with National Electrical Code (NFPA 70) for workmanship and installation requirements.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Include in listing of motors, voltage, notation of whether motor starter is furnished or installed integrally with motor or equipment containing motors.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MOTORS

- A. Provide motors for mechanical equipment manufactured by one of the following:
 - 1. Baldor Electric Company.
 - 2. Century Electric Div., Inc.
 - 3. General Electric Co.
 - 4. Louis Allis Div.; Litton Industrial Products, Inc.
 - 5. Lincoln Electric.
 - 6. Marathon Electric Mfg. Corp.
 - 7. Reliance Electric Co.
 - 8. Westinghouse Electric Corp.
 - 9. WEG.
- B. Motor Characteristics. Except where more stringent requirements are indicated, and except where required items of mechanical equipment cannot be obtained with fully complying motors, comply with the following requirements for motors of mechanical work:
- C. Temperature Rating. Rated for 40 Degrees C environment with maximum 50 Degrees C temperature rise for continuous duty at full load (Class A Insulation).
- D. Provide each motor capable of making starts as frequently as indicated by automatic control system, and not less than 5 starts per hour for manually controlled motors.
- E. Phases and Current Characteristics. Provide squirrel-cage induction polyphase motors for 3/4hp and larger, and provide capacitor-start single-phase motors for 1/2hp and smaller, except 1/6hp and smaller may, at equipment manufacturer's option, be split-phase type. Coordinate current characteristics with power specified in Division 26 sections, and with individual equipment requirements specified in other Division 23 requirements. For 2-speed motors provide 2 separate windings on polyphase motors. Do not purchase motors until power characteristics available at locations of motors have been confirmed, and until rotation directions have been confirmed.
- F. Service Factor. 1.15 for polyphase motors and 1.35 for single-phase motors.
- G. Motor Construction. Provide general purpose, continuous duty motors, Design "B" except "C" where required for high starting torque.
 - 1. Frames. NEMA #56.
 - 2. Bearings are to be ball or roller bearings with inner and outer shaft seals, regreasable except permanently sealed where motor is inaccessible for regular maintenance. Where belt drives and other drives produce lateral or axial thrust in motor, provide bearings designed to resist thrust loading. Refer to individual section of Division 23 for fractional-hp light-duty motors where sleeve-type bearings are permitted.
 - 3. Except as indicated, provide open drip-proof motors for indoor use where satisfactorily housed or remotely located during operation, and provide guarded drip-proof motors where exposed to contact by employees or building occupants.

Provide weather-protected Type I for outdoor use, Type II where not housed.
Refer to individual sections of Division 23 for other enclosure requirements.

4. Provide built-in thermal overload protection and, where indicated, provide internal sensing device suitable for signaling and stopping motor at starter.
5. Noise Rating: Provide "Quiet" rating on motors.

H. All motors shall be premium efficiency.

I. Provide an inverter duty motor on all equipment that utilizes a variable frequency drive.

2.2 EQUIPMENT FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate mechanical equipment for secure mounting of motors and other electrical items included in work. Provide either permanent alignment of motors with equipment, or adjustable mountings as applicable for belt drives, gear drives, special couplings and similar indirect coupling of equipment. Provide safe, secure, durable, and removable guards for motor drives. Arrange for lubrication and similar running-maintenance without removal of guards.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install motors on motor mounting systems in accordance with motor manufacturer's instructions, anchored to resist torque, drive thrusts, and other external forces inherent in mechanical work. Secure sheaves and other drive units to motor shafts with keys and Allen set screws on flat surface of shaft. Unless otherwise indicated, set motor shafts parallel with machine shafts.
- B. Verify voltage with Electrical Plans.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 23 05 14

HVAC CONDENSATE DRAIN PIPING SYSTEM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Provide and install air conditioning condensate drains.

1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Division 23 - Mechanical
 - 1. Insulation.
 - 2. Air Handling Units.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PIPE MATERIAL

- A. Type "L" copper with drainage pattern fittings.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install the system to facilitate easy removal.
 - 1. Use threaded plugged tee at each change of direction to permit cleaning.
 - 2. Install a cleanout every 50 feet of straight run piping
 - 3. Maintain a positive slope on all piping
- B. Install a water seal trap leg based on the fan pressure.
 - 1. Size the length of the trap leg 1 inch larger than the actual system pressure.
- C. Install traps and cleanout as shown in the drawing details.
 - 1. Confirm requirements with manufacturer's installation instructions

3.2 SIZE PIPE AS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS.

- A. Do not install piping sized smaller than the unit drain connection size.

3.3 SECONDARY DRAINS

- A. Provide secondary drains where required by code, shown on the drawings, or where equipment has secondary drain connections.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 23 05 93

TESTING, BALANCING AND ADJUSTING (TAB) OF ENVIRONMENTAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Balance, adjust and test the air distribution system including the exhaust system.
- B. Verify and record the duct test results performed by the mechanical contractor.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. COORDINATION OF TESTING AND BALANCING.

1.3 PAYMENT PROCEDURES

- A. The work of this Section of the Specifications shall bid the project directly to the General Contractor.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. History of the TAB organization.
- B. Agency certification.
- C. Personnel qualifications.
- D. TAB data forms.
- E. Instrumentation list.
- F. Name of the project supervising engineer.
- G. Name and address and contact person of five successfully completed projects of similar size and scope.
- H. To perform required professional services, the balancing agency shall have a minimum of one test and balance engineer certified by the Associated Air Balance Council.

1.5 TAB FIRM QUALIFICATIONS

- A. The organization performing the work shall be a Certified member in good standing of the (NEBB) National Environmental Balancing Bureau.
- B. Able to furnish evidence of having contracted for and completed not less than five systems of comparable size and type that have served their Owners satisfactorily for not less than five years.
- C. A specialist in this field and have the personnel, experience, training, skill, and the organization to perform the work.
- D. The balancing agency shall furnish all necessary calibrated instrumentation to adequately perform the specified services. An inventory of all instruments and devices in possession of the balancing agency may be required by the engineer to determine the balancing

agency's performance capability.

- E. The balancing agency shall have operated for a minimum of five years under its current name.
- F. Personnel:
 - 1. The project supervisor shall be a Professional Engineer registered in Texas.
 - a. Extensive knowledge of the work involved.
 - b. At least five years experience conducting tests of the type specified.
 - c. This test and balance engineer shall be responsible for the supervision and certification of the total work herein specified.
 - 2. All work shall be conducted under the direct supervision of the supervising engineer.
 - 3. Technicians shall be trained and experienced in the work they conduct.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Provide (NEBB) guarantee in writing.
- B. Extended warranty.
 - 1. Include an extended warranty of 2 years after completion of test and balance work, during which time the Architect/Engineer may request a retest or resetting of any outlet or other items as listed in the test report.
 - 2. Provide technicians and instruments to assist the Architect/Engineer in making any tests he may require during this period.
 - 3. The balancing agency shall perform an inspection of the HVAC system during the opposite season from that which the initial adjustments were made. The balancing agency shall make any necessary modifications to the initial adjustments to produce optimum system operation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 TAB TOLERANCES

- A. The water, outside air, supply air, return air, and exhaust air for each system shall be adjusted to within +/- 5% of the value scheduled on the drawings.

3.2 SITE VISITS

- A. During construction, the balancing agency shall inspect the installation of the piping systems, sheetmetal work, temperature controls, energy management system, and other component parts of the heating, ventilating, and air conditioning systems. One inspection shall take place when 60% of the ductwork is installed and another inspection shall take place when 90% of the equipment is installed. The balancing agency shall submit a brief written report of each inspection to the architect and engineer.
- B. Upon completion of the installation and start-up of the mechanical equipment by the mechanical contractor, the balancing agency shall test and balance the system components to obtain optimum conditions in each conditioned space of the building. If construction deficiencies are encountered that preclude obtaining optimum conditions, and the deficiencies cannot be corrected by the mechanical contractor within a reasonable period of time, the balancing agency shall cease testing and balancing services and advise the architect, engineer, general contractor and owner, in writing, of the deficiencies.

- C. Note proper piping installation, location of valves, and flow measuring instruments.
- D. Make one series of visits, phased as required by construction progress, prior to installation of the ceiling. Note proper installation of balancing dampers.
- E. Continue the site visits up to completion of project. In each succeeding report, list corrections made from previous reports.

3.3 TESTING INSTRUMENTS

- A. Submit a list of all instruments to be used for the test and balance procedures.
 - 1. Catalog sheets.
 - 2. Certificate of last calibration.
 - 3. Calibration within a period of six months prior to balancing.
- B. Testing equipment shall be in good working order and tested for accuracy prior to start of work.

3.4 COORDINATION WITH OTHER SPECIFICATION SECTIONS

- A. Review the related ductwork shop drawings and piping shop drawings. Make recommendations concerning suitability with respect to the testing, balancing and adjusting work.
- B. Make tests to verify proper placement of the static pressure sensors for the variable air volume fan system control.
- C. In cooperation with the work specified in Building Management and Control System section, a systematic listing of the testing and verification shall be included in the final TAB report. The TAB firm shall provide a laptop computer to operate with the Building Management and Control System. Building Management and Control System shall provide all necessary software and special interface cables, as required, to communicate with the DDC system:
 - 1. Work with the temperature control contractor to ensure the most effective total system operation within the design limitations, and to obtain mutual understanding of the intended control performance.
 - 2. Verify that all control devices are properly connected.
 - 3. Verify that all dampers, valves, and other controlled devices, are operated by the intended controller.
 - 4. Verify that all dampers and valves are in the position indicated by the controller (open, closed or modulating).
 - 5. Verify the integrity of valves and dampers in terms of tightness of close-off and full open positions. This includes dampers in multizone units, terminal boxes and fire/smoke dampers.
 - 6. Observe that all valves are properly installed in piping system in relation to direction of flow and location.
 - 7. Observe the calibration of all controllers.
 - 8. Verify the proper application of all normally opened and normally closed valves.
 - 9. Observe the locations of all thermostats and humidistats for potential erratic operation from outside influences such as sunlight, drafts or cold walls.
 - 10. Observe the location of all sensors to determine whether their position will allow them to sense only the intended temperatures or pressures of the media. Control contractor will relocate as deemed necessary by the Engineer.
 - 11. Verify that the sequence of operation for any control mode is in accordance with the approved shop drawings and specifications. Verify that no simultaneous heating and cooling occurs.
 - 12. Verify the correct operation of all interlock systems and installation is per the

- 13. manufacturer recommendations.
 - 14. Check all dampers for free operation.
 - 15. Verify that all controller setpoints meet the design intent.
 - 15. Perform variable volume system verification to assure the system and its components track with changes from full flow to minimum flow.
- D. Upon completion of the testing and balancing, submit three days prior notice that the systems are ready for a running test. A qualified representative of the test and balance organization shall be present, with a representative from the engineers office, to field verify TAB report readings. Specific and random selections of data recorded in the certified test and balance report will be reviewed.

3.5 INSTRUMENT TEST HOLES

- A. When it is required to make holes in the field to measure temperature, static pressure or velocity in the ducts:
- 1. Drill holes, plug and tape external duct insulation.
 - 2. Repair damaged insulation to Engineer's approval.

3.6 TESTING THE AIR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

- A. The TAB agency shall verify that all ductwork, dampers, grilles, registers, and diffusers have been installed per design and set full open. The TAB agency shall perform the following TAB procedures in accordance with the NEBB National Standards and all results shall be recorded in the TAB report:
- 1. Supply Fans:
 - a. Fan speeds: Test and adjust fan RPM to achieve design CFM requirements.
 - b. Current and Voltage: Test and record motor voltage and amperage, and compare data with the nameplate limits to ensure fan motor is not in or above the service factor.
 - c. Pitot-Tube Traverse: Perform a Pitot-Tube traverse of the main supply and return ducts, as applicable, to obtain total CFM. If a Pitot-Tube traverse is not practical, an explanation of why a traverse was not made must appear on the appropriate data sheet. Measurements must be recorded with an Inclined Manometer or an Inclined/Vertical Manometer.
 - d. Outside Air: Test and adjust the outside air on applicable equipment using a Pitot-Tube traverse. If a Pitot-Tube traverse is not practical, an explanation of why a traverse was not made must appear on the appropriate data sheet. If a traverse is not practical, use the mixed air temperature method, if the inside and outside temperature difference is at least 20°F, or use the difference between Pitot-tube traverse of the supply and return ducts.
 - e. Static Pressure: Test and record system static pressure, including the static pressure profile of each supply fan.
 - 2. All Other Fans:
 - a. Fan speeds: Test and adjust fan RPM to achieve design CFM requirements.
 - b. Current and Voltage: Test and record motor voltage and amperage, and compare data with the nameplate limits to ensure fan motor is not in or above the service factor.
 - c. Pitot-Tube Traverse: Perform a Pitot-Tube traverse of the main return ducts, as applicable, to obtain total CFM. If a Pitot-Tube traverse is not practical, an explanation of why a traverse was not made must appear on the appropriate data sheet. Measurements must be recorded with an Inclined Manometer or an Inclined/Vertical Manometer.
 - d. Static Pressure: Test and record system static pressure, including the

- static pressure profile of each return fan.
3. Coils (including electric coils):
 - a. Air Temperature: Once air flows are set to acceptable limits, take wet bulb (cooling coil only) and dry bulb air temperatures on the entering and leaving side of each coil. Calculate the sensible and latent (cooling coil only) capacity of the coil. Provide information in TAB report.
 - B. Record preliminary air handler data, including fan RPM and static pressures across filter, fans and coils.
 - C. Perform a velocity traverse of the main supply ducts using a pitot-tube and inclined manometer to establish initial air delivery. Perform a Pitot-tube traverse of main supply and return ducts, as applicable, to obtain total CFM. If a pitot-tube traverse is not practical, a detailed explanation of why a traverse was not made must appear on the appropriate data sheet.
 - D. Where air measuring stations are installed, use pitot tube traverse readings to verify and record the correct calibration of the stations output.
 - E. Make adjustments in fan RPM and damper settings, as required, to obtain design supply air, return air, and outside air.
 - F. Measure and adjust all supply and return branches to design air delivery.
 - G. Measure and adjust all diffusers to design air delivery to +/- 5% of design requirements.
 - H. Make a set of recordings showing final system conditions.

3.7 EQUIPMENT POWER READINGS

- A. Record the following information for each motor:
 1. Equipment designation.
 2. Manufacturer.
 3. Unit model number and serial number and frame.
 4. Motor nameplate horsepower; nameplate voltage; phase and full load amperes.
 5. Heater coil in starter.
 - a. Rating in amperes.
 - b. Manufacturer's recommendation.
 6. Motor RPM/driven equipment RPM.
 7. Power reading (voltage, amperes of all legs at motor terminals).

3.8 DIRECT EXPANSION EQUIPMENT

- A. With each unit operating at near design conditions, measure and record the following:
 1. Manufacturer, model number, serial number and all nameplate data.
 2. Ambient temperature, condenser discharge temperature.
 3. Amperage and voltage for each phase.
 4. Leaving and entering air temperatures.
 5. Suction and discharge pressures and temperatures.
 6. Tons of cooling.
 7. Verification that moisture indicator shows dry refrigerant.

3.9 TAB REPORT

- A. The activities described in this specification shall be recorded in a report form; and four individually bound copies shall be provided to the Architect and Engineer. Neatly type

and arrange data. Include with the data the date tested, personnel present, weather conditions, nameplate record of the test instruments used and list all measurements taken after all corrections are made to the system. Record all failures and corrective action taken to remedy any incorrect situation. The intent of the final report is to provide a reference of actual operating conditions for the Owner's operations personnel. Provide a "Preface" which shall include a general discussion of the system and any abnormalities or problems encountered.

- B. All measurements and recorded readings (of air, water, electricity, etc.) that appear in the report must have been recorded on site by the permanently employed technicians or engineers of the TAB firm.
- C. Submit reports on forms approved by the engineer that will include the following data as a minimum:
 - 1. Title Page
 - a. Company Name.
 - b. Company Address.
 - c. Company telephone number.
 - d. Project name.
 - e. Project location.
 - f. Project Manager.
 - g. Project Engineer.
 - h. Project Contractor.
 - i. Project Identification Number.
 - 2. Summary of the TAB report data.
 - 3. Index.
 - 4. Instrument List
 - a. Instrument.
 - b. Manufacturer.
 - c. Model.
 - d. Serial Number.
 - e. Range.
 - f. Calibration Date.
 - g. What test instrument is to be used for:.
 - 5. Fan Data
 - a. Location.
 - b. Manufacturer.
 - c. Model.
 - d. Air flow, specified and actual.
 - e. Total static pressure (total external) specified and actual.
 - f. Inlet pressure.
 - g. Discharge pressure.
 - h. Fan RPM.
 - 6. Return Air/Outside Air Data
 - a. Identification/location.
 - b. Design return air flow.
 - c. Actual return air flow.
 - d. Design outside air flow.
 - e. Actual outside air flow.
 - f. Return air temperature.
 - g. Outside air temperature.
 - h. Required mixed air temperature.
 - i. Actual mixed air temperature.
 - 7. Electric Motors
 - a. Manufacturer.
 - b. HP/BHP.
 - c. Phase, voltage, amperage, nameplate, actual.

- d. PM.
 - e. Service Factor.
 - f. Starter size, heater elements, rating.
8. V-Belt Drive
- a. Identification/location.
 - b. Required driven RPM.
 - c. Drive sheave, diameter and RPM.
 - d. Belt, size and quantity.
 - e. Motor sheave, diameter and RPM.
 - f. Center-to-center distance, maximum, minimum and actual.
9. Air Monitoring Station Data
- a. Identification/location.
 - b. System.
 - c. Size.
 - d. Area.
 - e. Design velocity.
 - f. Design air flow.
 - g. Test velocity.
 - h. Test air flow.
10. Cooling Coil Data
- a. Identification/number.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Service.
 - d. Manufacturer.
 - e. Entering air DB temperature, design and actual.
 - f. Entering air WB temperature, design and actual.
 - g. Leaving air DB temperature, design and actual.
 - h. Leaving air WB temperature, design and actual.
 - i. Water pressure flow, design and actual.
 - j. Water pressure drop, design and actual.
 - k. Entering water temperature, design and actual.
 - l. Leaving water temperature, design and actual.
 - m. Air pressure drop, design and actual.
 - n. Capacity - sensible and latent.
11. Heating Coil Data
- a. Identification/number.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Service.
 - d. Manufacturer.
 - e. Entering air DB temperature, design and actual.
 - f. Leaving air DB temperature, design and actual.
 - g. Water pressure flow, design and actual.
 - h. Water pressure drop, design and actual.
 - i. Entering water temperature, design and actual.
 - j. Leaving water temperature, design and actual.
 - k. Air pressure drop, design and actual.
 - l. Capacity.
12. Sound Level Report
- a. Location (Location established by the design engineer).
 - b. N C curve for eight (8) bands-equipment off.
 - c. N C curve for eight (8) bands-equipment on.
13. Vibration Test on equipment having 10 HP motors or greater in size.
- a. Location of points:
 - 1) Fan bearing, drive end.
 - 2) Fan bearing, opposite end.
 - 3) Motor bearing, center (if applicable).
 - 4) Motor bearing, drive end.

- 5) Motor bearing, opposite end.
 - 6) Casing (bottom or top).
 - 7) Casing (side).
 - 8) Duct after flexible connection (discharge).
 - 9) Duct after flexible connection (suction).
 - b. Test readings:
 - 1) Horizontal, velocity and displacement.
 - 2) Vertical, velocity and displacement.
 - 3) Axial, velocity and displacement.
 - c. Normally acceptable readings, velocity and acceleration.
 - d. Unusual conditions at time of test.
 - e. Vibration source (if non-complying).
14. Control verification indicating date performed and any abnormalities identified.
- a. Point Location/Description.
 - b. EMS Readout (Setpoint and Actual).
 - c. Actual Readout of all points.
 - d. Interlocks.
 - e. Safeties.
 - f. Variable speed drive tracking with EMS input.
 - g. Variable speed drive Bypass operation.
 - h. Sequence of operation.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 23 07 13

EXTERNAL DUCT INSULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Furnish and install external insulation on supply, return, exhaust and outside air ductwork.
- B. External insulation of concealed and exposed ducts is included in this Section. Internal acoustic duct lining is specified under ductwork and not included in this Section.

1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Division 9 - FINISHES. Painting and Color Coding.
- B. Division 23 - MECHANICAL.
 - 1. Air Handling Units. Internal insulation for air units is specified in the sections on air handling units. The units do not require external insulation.
 - 2. Internal Duct Liner. Internal duct liner is specified in the section on ductwork.
 - 3. Insulation. Refer to specific sections on individual insulation types.
 - 4. Refer to insulation and liner plan detail.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. The intent of insulation specifications is to obtain superior quality workmanship, resulting in an installation that is absolutely satisfactory in both function and appearance. Provide insulation in accordance with the specifications for each type of service and apply as recommended by the manufacturer and as specified.
- B. An approved contractor for this work under this Division shall be:
 - 1. A specialist in this field and have the personnel, experience, training, skill, and the organization to provide a practical working system.
 - 2. Able to furnish evidence of having contracted for and installed not less than 3 systems of comparable size and type that have served their Owners satisfactorily for not less than 3 years.
- C. All duct insulation used on the project inside the building must have a flame spread rating not exceeding 25 and a smoke developed rating not exceeding 50 as determined by test procedures ASTM E84, NFPA 255 and UL 723. These ratings must be as tested on the composite of insulation, jacket or facing, and adhesive. Components such as adhesives, mastics and cements must meet the same individual ratings as the minimum requirements and bear the UL label.
- D. Condensation on any insulated system is not approved.
- E. Replace insulation damaged by either moisture or other means. Insulation that has been wet, whether dried or not, is considered damaged. Make repairs where condensation is caused by improper installation of insulation. Also repair any damage caused by the condensation.
- F. Where existing insulated ductwork or other services are tapped, remove existing insulation back to undamaged sections and replace with new insulation of the same type and thickness as existing insulation. Apply as specified for insulation of the same service.

1.4 APPROVALS

- A. Submittals. Submit product data on each insulation type, adhesive, and finish to be used in the work. Make the submittal as specified in Division 1 General Requirements and obtain approval before beginning installation. Include product description, list of materials and thickness for each service and location, and the manufacturer's installation instructions for each product.
- B. Sample Application. Make an application of each type of insulation to display the material, quality and application method. Obtain approval of the sample application before proceeding with installation of the work.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INSULATION

- A. Glass fiber rigid duct insulation.
 - 1. Minimum density of 3 pcf, installed R value to be 6.0 (when located in a conditioned plenum) and minimum density of 0.75 pcf, installed R value to be 8.0 (when located in an unconditioned plenum) at 75°F mean, facing of 0.7 mil aluminum foil reinforced with glass yarn mesh and laminated to 40 lbs. fire-resistant Kraft. R-value to be indicated on exterior side of insulation to be verified by City inspector.
 - 2. Acceptable Manufacturers
 - a. Schuller 814 spin-glas FSK.
 - b. Owens-Corning Type 703 board RKF.
 - c. Knauf 3 PCF FSK.
- B. Glass fiber blanket duct insulation.
 - 1. Minimum density of 1.0 pcf, installed R value to be 6.0 (when located in a conditioned plenum) and minimum density of 0.75 pcf, installed R value to be 8.0 (when located in an unconditioned plenum) at 75°F mean, facing of 0.35 mil foil reinforced with glass yarn mesh and laminated to 40 lbs. fire resistant Kraft. R-value to be indicated on exterior side of insulation to be verified by City inspector.
 - 2. Acceptable Manufacturers
 - a. Manville R-series Microlite FSKL.
 - b. Owens-Corning ED100 RKF.
 - c. Knauf 1.0 PCF FSK.
- C. Rigid Closed Cell Insulation
 - 1. Acceptable Manufacturers
 - a. Dow Trymer.
 - b. Phenolic Foam.
- D. Reinforced Foil Tape
 - 1. Acceptable Manufacturers
 - a. Venture 1525CW.
 - b. 3" FSK.
 - 2. Thickness 6.5 mils.
 - 3. Color: silver.

2.2 COATING AND ADHESIVE

- A. Coating. Provide Childers CP-38 or Foster 30-80 vapor barrier coating. Coating must meet MIL Spec C-19565C, Type II and be QPL Listed. Permeance shall be 0.013 perms

or less at 43 mils dry. Tested at 100°F and 90% RH per ASTM E96.

- B. Outdoors: Provide as insulation coating Childers Encacel X or Foster Monolar 60-90. Permeance shall be 0.03 perms or less at 30 mils dry. Tested at 100°F and 90% RH per ASTM F 1249.
- C. Adhesive. Provide Childers CP-82 or Foster 85-20 vapor barrier adhesive.
- D. Reinforcing Mesh. Provide 10 x 10 white glass or polyester reinforcing mesh.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 FIRE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Do not extend duct coverings through walls or floors required to be fire-stopped or required to have a fire resistance rating. Interrupt duct coverings in the immediate vicinity of heat sources such as electric resistance or fuel-burning heater.

3.3 EXPOSED DUCT INSULATION

- A. Ductwork in exposed locations is to be insulated with fiberglass rigid / semi-rigid board insulation.
 - 1. Apply fabric and mastic to provide a smooth surface for painting.
- B. Standing Seams: Insulate standing seams and stiffeners which protrude through the insulation with 0.6 lb per cubic foot density, 1-1/2 inch thick, faced insulation. As a vapor seal, use reinforcing mesh with vapor barrier coating. Insulation shall not prevent adjustment of damper operators.
- C. Insulation shall be wrapped tightly on the ductwork. Adhere insulation to ductwork with adhesive. In addition, secure insulation to the bottom of rectangular ductwork by the use of either weld pins with washers or cup-head pins welded to the ductwork or perforated based insulation hangers glued to the duct on 12 inch centers to prevent sagging of insulation.
- D. Cover all seams, joints, pin penetrations and other breaks with coating reinforced with reinforcing mesh. Fabric shall not be visible after coating.

3.4 GENERAL INSTALLATION

- A. Install materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Apply insulation on clean, dry surfaces only.
- C. Continue insulation with vapor barrier through penetrations.
- D. Neatly finish insulation at supports, protrusions and interruptions.
- E. Install insulation on clean, dry surfaces, and only after building is weatherproofed sufficiently to preclude any rainwater on insulation.
- F. Apply mastic over the fiberglass reinforcing mesh to a thickness where fabric is not

visible after completion.

- G. Install fiberglass blanket duct insulation on top of supply air grilles not fire rated.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 23 31 13

DUCTWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Duct construction, support and accessories. Dimensions shown on the drawings are free area dimensions.

1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Division 23 Mechanical
 1. Insulation.
 2. Packaged Rooftop Air Conditioners.
 3. Testing, Balancing and Adjusting (TAB) of Environmental Systems.
- B. Division 9 – Finishes, Painting and Color Coding.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. The intent of ductwork specifications is to obtain superior quality workmanship resulting in an installation that is absolutely satisfactory in both function and appearance. Provide ductwork in accordance with the specifications for each type of service.
- B. An approved contractor for this work under this division shall be:
 1. A specialist in this field and have the personnel, experience, training, skill, and the organization to provide a practical working system.
 2. Able to furnish evidence of having contracted for and installed not less than 5 systems of comparable size and type that have served their owners satisfactorily for not less than 5 years.

1.4 GUARANTEE

- A. Guarantee ductwork for 1 year from the date of substantial completion. The guarantee covers workmanship, noise, chatter, whistling, or vibration. Ductwork shall be free from pulsation under conditions of operation.

1.5 CONTRACTOR COORDINATION

- A. Erect ducts in the general locations shown, but conform to structural and finish conditions of the building. Before fabricating any ductwork, check the physical conditions at the job site and make necessary changes in cross sections, offsets, and similar items, whether they are specifically indicated or not.
- B. Coordinate location of ductwork with structural members and Architectural drawings and requirements.

1.6 SHOP DRAWINGS AND SAMPLES

- A. Submit shop drawings of all ductwork layouts, including enlarged plans and elevations of all air handling equipment, and submit details of duct fittings, including particulars such as gauge sizes, welds, and configurations prior to starting work.
- B. Submit product data and sealing materials to be used.

- C. Submit sound attenuation data.
- D. Submit shop drawings in plan, elevation and sections, and three-dimensional view showing equipment in mechanical equipment areas.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 STANDARDS AND CODES

- A. Except as otherwise indicated, sheet metal ductwork material and installation shall comply with the latest edition of SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards. Air distribution devices (such as dampers) included in this specification shall comply with the latest applicable SMACNA Fire, Smoke and Radiation Damper Installation Guide for HVAC Systems and NFPA 90A.

2.2 DUCT MATERIAL AND CONSTRUCTION

- A. Except for the special ducts specified below use lock forming quality prime galvanized steel sheets or coils up to 60" wide. Stencil each sheet with gauge and manufacturer's name. Stencil coils of sheet steel throughout on 10' centers with gauge and manufacturer's name. Provide certification of duct gauge and manufacturer for each size duct.
- B. Rectangular low and medium pressure duct constructed of sheet metal in accordance with the latest edition of SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards.
- C. Medium pressure oval and round ductwork shall be spiral seam. Spiral lock-seam SMACNA Type RL-1. Fittings shall be welded construction.
 - 1. Galvanized
- C. Low pressure round ducts shall be shop fabricated with snap lock longitudinal seams. Ducts shall be constructed for a minimum of 2" w.g. static pressure.

2.3 DUCT SEALING OF SEAMS AND JOINTS

- A. Follow seal classification as indicated in Table 1-2 of SMACNA "HVAC AIR DUCT LEAKAGE TEST MANUAL". Use seal class A for 4" w.g. static. All longitudinal and transverse joints and seams shall be sealed by use of a fireproof, non-hardening, and non-migrating elastomeric sealant. With the exception of continuously welded joints and machine made spiral lock seams, joints and seams made air tight with duct sealer.
 - 1. Indoor applications – Foster 32-14.
 - 2. Outdoor applications – Foster 32-17.

2.4 DUCT LINING

- A. Duct lining shall be 1" thick, 1-1/2 lb. density, flexible lining coated on the air stream side to reduce attrition. Liner shall be Schuler Lina-Coustic, Certain-Teed Ultralite, or equal meeting requirements of NFPA 90-A. Provide I.A.Q. rated liner.

2.5 CONTROL DAMPERS

- A. Opposed blade dampers for 2-position and modulating control. Construct frames of 13-gauge galvanized sheet metal with provisions for duct mounting. Damper blades not exceeding 8" in width, of corrugated-type construction, fabricated from two sheets of 22-gauge galvanized sheet metal spot-welded together or a single 16-gauge sheet. Make bearings of nylon or oil-impregnated, sintered bronze. Make shafts of 1/2" zinc-plated steel. Blades suitable for high velocity performance. Construct damper so that leakage does not exceed 1/2% based on 2000 fpm and 4" static pressure. Provide replaceable

resilient seals along top, bottom and sides of frame and along blade edge. Submit leakage and flow characteristics data with shop drawings. Linkage shall be concealed out of the air stream within damper frame to reduce pressure drop and noise.

- B. Acceptable Model is Ruskin Model CD60.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Use construction methods and requirements as outlined in SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards as well as SMACNA Balancing and Adjusting publications, unless indicated otherwise in the specifications. Refer to details on the drawings for additional information.
- B. Reinforce ducts in accordance with recommended construction practice of SMACNA. Provide additional reinforcement of large plenums as required to prevent excessive flexing and or vibration.
- C. Cross break or bead sheet metal for rigidity, except ducts that are 12" or less in the longest dimension.
- D. Where ducts pass through walls in exposed areas, install suitable escutcheons made of sheet metal angles as closers.
- E. At locations where ductwork passes through floors, provide watertight concrete curb around penetration.
- F. Support ducts where passing through floors with galvanized steel structural angles of adequate bearing surface.
- G. Metal or lined ductwork exposed to view through grilles, registers, and other openings shall be painted flat black. Do not install grilles, registers, or similar items until painting is complete.
- H. Fire Dampers shall be installed per manufacturer's recommendations to create a UL rated assembly.
- I. Install end bearing at all locations where damper shaft penetrates duct wall.
- J. Clean duct to remove accumulated dust. Ducts shall be closed on ends between phases of fabrication to assure that no foreign material enters the ducts.

3.2 DUCTWORK

- A. Construct rectangular ducts and round ducts in accordance with the latest SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards. Use the static pressure specified on the air handling unit schedule or fan schedules as a minimum for duct construction. All ductwork between the variable volume air handling units and the terminal units shall be constructed to the medium pressure ductwork specification.
- B. Provide adjustable, galvanized splitter-dampers, pivoted at the downstream end with appropriate control device at each supply duct split.
- C. For branch ducts wider than 18", and when shown on drawings provide extractors with an appropriate control device at each rectangular zone or branch supply duct connection.

Provide controllers for extractors. Branch ducts shall have a 45° angle in the direction of flow. Do not provide extractor at branch ducts to sidewall registers where the registers are within 10 feet of the main duct.

- D. Shop manufactured curved blade scoops may be used for branch duct takeoffs up to 18" wide. Taper scoop blade to the end, to prevent any sagging that may cut into, or damage duct liner if specified during operation.
 - 1. Construct shop manufactured scoops and splitter blades of galvanized sheet metal 2 full gauges heavier than equivalent sheet metal gauge of branch duct (up to 16 gauge).
 - 2. Check extractors, scoops and splitter blades thoroughly for freedom of operation. Oil bearing points before installing.
- E. Use pushrod operator with locking nut and butt hinges assembly.
- F. Provide opposed-blade volume dampers with an appropriate control device in each of the following locations:
 - 1. Return air ductwork.
 - 2. Outside air branch duct.
 - 3. Exhaust branch duct.
 - 4. Exhaust connections to hoods except kitchen grease hoods or equipment.
 - 5. In each zone at multi-zone unit discharge installed downstream of duct mounted re-heat coils.
 - 6. At each outside air and return air duct connection to plenum of constant volume units.
 - 7. At discharge side of constant volume boxes.
 - 8. Where otherwise indicated or required for balancing coordinate location of additional dampers required by TAB Contractor.
 - 9. Provide multi-blade dampers when blade width exceeds 12". Provide end bearing where damper shaft penetrates duct wall.
- G. Elbows:
 - 1. Rectangular: Where square elbows are shown, or are required for good airflow, provide and install single-wall or airfoil turning vanes. Job-fabricated turning vanes, if used, shall be single-thickness vanes of galvanized steel sheets of the same gauge metal as the duct in which they are installed. Furnish vanes fabricated for the same angle as the duct offset. The use of radius elbows with a centerline radius of not less than 1-1/2 times the duct width may be provided in lieu of vaned elbows where space and air flow requirements permit.
 - 2. Round Oval Duct. Provide elbows with a centerline radius of 1-1/2 times the duct diameter or duct width. For round ducts, furnish smooth elbows or 5 piece, 90° elbows and 3 piece, 45° elbows.
- H. For control devices concealed by ceilings, furring, or in other inaccessible locations, furnish extension rods and appropriate recessed-type Young regulators, mounted on the surface of the ceiling or the furring, unless specified, or shown otherwise. Provide with chrome plated cover plates. Use only one mitered gear set for each control device.
- I. Install streamline deflectors at any point where dividing a sheet metal duct around piping or where other such obstruction is permitted. Where such obstructions occur in insulated ducts, fill space inside streamliner and around obstructions with glass fiber insulation.
- J. Insulated Flexible Duct:
 - 1. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and the terms of its UL listing. Duct shall not exceed 6' in length. Make connections by use of sheet metal collars and stainless steel circular screw clamps. Clamps shall encircle the

duct completely and be tightened with a worm gear operator to the point that will provide an airtight connection without unnecessary deformation of the duct. Provide one clamp on flexible duct and one clamp on external insulation. Vapor barrier jacket shall be tucked inside to conceal insulation material.

2. Construct bends over 45° with sheet metal elbows.

K. Duct Supports:

1. Horizontal ducts up to 40". Support horizontal ducts up to and including 40" in their greater dimension by means of #18 U.S. gauge galvanized iron strap hangers attached to the ducts by a minimum of two locations per side by means of screws, rivets or clamps, and fastened to inserts with toggle bolts, beam clamps or other approved means. Place supports on at least 8' centers. Use clamps to fasten hangers to reinforcing on sealed ducts.
2. Horizontal ducts larger than 40". Support horizontal ducts larger than 40" in their greatest dimension by means of hanger rods bolted to angle iron trapeze hangers. Place supports on at least 8' centers in accordance with SMACNA Standards.
3. Support vertical ducts where they pass through the floor lines with 1-1/2" x 1-1/2" x 1/4" angles for ducts up to 60". Above 60", the angles shall be increased in strength and sized on an individual basis considering space requirements.
4. Supports shall be suspended from structural or by independent support. Do not support from structural bridging. Upper attachments should be selected with a safety factor of 4 or 5 times actual load conditions and subject to Engineers approval. Double wrap straps over open web of joist.

- L. Branch connections for medium pressure ductwork shall be made with a conical lateral. Field installed conical branch ducts shall be minimum 20-gauge galvanized sheet metal, "Everdur" welded and coated with "Galvabar".

3.3 FLEXIBLE CONNECTIONS

- A. Where ducts connect to fans or air handling units that are not internally isolated, make flexible airtight connections using "Ventglas" fabric. The fabric shall be fire-resistant, waterproof and mildew resistant with a weight of approximately 30 ounces per square yard. Provide a minimum of 1/2" slack in the connections, and a minimum of 2-1/2" distance between the edges of the ducts. Also, provide a minimum of 1" slack for each inch of static pressure on the fan system. Fasten fabric to apparatus and to adjacent ductwork by means of galvanized flats or draw bands. Where connections are made in outdoor locations, seal fabric to metal with mastic.

3.4 DUCT LINING

- A. Install glass fiber acoustical lining where shown on drawings. Secure to duct surfaces with Foster 85-62 / 85-60 or Childers CP-125-1 / CP-127 adhesive and sheet metal fasteners on 12" centers. Coat exposed edges and leading edges of cross-joints with adhesive.
- B. Provide metal nosing that is either channeled or "Z" profiled or are integrally-formed from the duct wall securely installed over transversely oriented liner edges facing the air stream at fan discharge and at any interval of lined duct preceded by unlined duct.
- C. Refer to Insulation & Liner Detail on drawings for locations requiring liner to be installed.
- D. Do not install liner in multi-zone unit ductwork.

3.5 SEALING OF SEAMS AND JOINTS

- A. Seal supply, return, exhaust and outside air duct systems.

3.6 TESTING OF LOW PRESSURE DUCTWORK

- A. Test ductwork for leaks before concealing. Maximum allowable leakage is 5% of total airflow.
- B. Provide equipment necessary for performing tests, including rotary blower large enough to provide required static pressure at allowed CFM quantity, certified orifice section with proper papers, traceable serial numbers and pressure vs CFM leakage rate scale, U-tube gauge board complete with cocks, tubing, and inclined manometer for leakage rates.
- C. Mains: Test mains after risers and branches are tied in and all equipment set. Close runout connections and place fan in operation. Provide pressure in mains at 1-1/2 times design pressure. Visually inspect joints. Repair leaks detected by sound or touch. Release mains for completion after joints are tight.
- D. Ductwork down stream of terminal boxes, return, exhaust, and outside air ducts are to be visually inspected.

3.7 TESTING OF MEDIUM AND HIGH PRESSURE DUCT

- A. As the project progresses, test the ductwork in sections.
- B. Provide equipment necessary for performing tests, including rotary blower large enough to provide required static pressure at allowed CFM quantity, certified orifice section with proper papers, traceable serial numbers, and pressure vs. CFM leakage rate scale, U-tube gauge board complete with cocks, tubing, and inclined manometer for leakage rates.
- C. Finally as a complete system, test ductwork at a minimum of 2.5" with a maximum allowable leakage of 1% of the total design supply airflow.
- D. Test method as set forth in SMACNA "HVAC Duct Construction Standards".

END OF SECTION

SECTION 23 81 20

LARGE CUSTOM ROOFTOP DX AIR HANDLERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Provide and install a large packaged, single-zone, electric air conditioner with gas fired heat exchanger for rooftop application.

1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Division 23 Mechanical.
 - 1. Ductwork.
 - 2. Air Balance.
 - 3. Electrical provisions for mechanical work.
 - 4. Air Filtration.
 - 5. Vibration Isolation.

1.3 PERFORMANCE

- A. As scheduled on drawings

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. If alternate equipment is submitted by contractor rather than the basis-of-design, a copy of the specifications must be submitted with mark ups indicating in the margin of each paragraph the following: COMPLY, DO NOT COMPLY, TAKING EXCEPTION, OR NOT APPLICABLE.
- B. Manufacturer's certified capacity data.
- C. Submit manufacturer's installation, start-up and service instructions.
- D. Submit recommended clearance dimensions for air flow and service.
- E. Submit coordination drawings as specified. Consideration shall be given to adjacent structures and their effect on air flow patterns.
- F. Submit internal wiring diagram of Control Center.
- G. Submit sequence of operation in narrative form.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. BASIS-OF-DESIGN: INNOVENT,.
- B. ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATES: AAON.
- C. Project is based on the specified equipment. Any additional re-engineering or installation costs associated with using alternate manufacturer's equipment shall be borne by the installing contractor.

2.2 EQUIPMENT WARRANTY

- A. Provide original equipment manufacturer's 3 year parts and labor warranty. Warranty shall start at time of startup or 18 months from equipment shipment. Warranty shall be provided by manufacturer only.
- B. Provide 5-year compressor warranty.
- C. Provide 15-year heat exchanger warranty.

2.3 UNIT CONSTRUCTION AND CASING

- A. General: Construct unit as specified herein. Single wall construction is unacceptable and will be rejected. Frame and panel construction must be used with no individual panel exceeding 36" width. All panels on the unit must be fully removable without the use of cutting tools. All internal components must be removable without dismantling the structural framing of the unit. Unit shall be suitable for outdoor installation as detailed on the plan drawings.
- B. Base: Constructed base of minimum 10 ga. welded structural steel with cross supports and integral lifting lugs. Bolted bases are unacceptable. Coat base exterior with 2 part epoxy primer and urethane modified enamel top coat. Removable lifting lugs are provided.
- C. Framing: Frame is constructed of structural tube members designed to support flush-mounted double-wall panels. Vertical framing members must be easily removable, without the use of specialty tools or torches, for replacement of large internal components. Welded framing is not acceptable unless all internal components can be easily removed without cutting any welds. A closed-cell polyvinyl foam gasket with a thickness of 3/16" or greater must be applied between all framing members and panels.
- D. Flooring: Floor shall be 2" thick double-wall, foam injected panel construction, with a minimum of 18 gauge galvanized steel walk on surface, and 22 gauge galvanized steel underside of paneled floor. Floor panels shall be foam injected for optimal support strength. Maximum deflection of the floor shall be L/500 (L=span in inches), and the maximum point load on the floor shall be 800 lbs (over 1 square foot). Floor shall be of a fastener free design, bonded to the unit base with an industrial adhesive, with all seams finished with an adhesive sealant providing a water tight floor system. Use of tack welding, caulk or screws penetrating the entire floor panel anywhere in the floor is unacceptable. The floor shall have a smooth and flat walk-on surface. A minimum 1" lip must be provided around all floor penetrations. Walk-on grating must be provided over all accessible floor mounted duct connections.
- E. Panels: Unit shall have non-load bearing, fully-removable, heavy gauge 2" double-wall panels.
- F. Exterior Materials: Exterior skin shall be galvanized G90 steel for unpainted equipment. Unpainted galvanized exterior unacceptable if unit casing or framework is welded.
- G. Interior Materials: Interior skin shall be galvanized G90 steel.
- H. Thermal break construction: The entire casing must be built such that no member on the exterior of the unit, excluding fasteners, has through metal contact with any member on the interior of the unit, excluding fasteners.

- I. Casing Ratings: Maximum casing panel deflection shall not exceed L/250 at the design total static pressure (where L is the longest panel span on the unit). Casing shall meet a SMACNA duct leakage class (DLC) rating of 5.0 or better. The panel insertion loss, per octave band, shall not be less than the following:

Frequency (Hz):	<u>100</u>	<u>125</u>	<u>250</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>1000</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>4000</u>	<u>8000</u>
Insertion loss (dB):	24	16	30	32	33	34	63	60

- J. Insulation: All interior walls, floor, access doors, and ceiling shall be double wall and insulated with polyurethane injected foam insulation having a minimum R-13 thermal value. No insulation shall be exposed to the air stream. Fiberglass or non-injected foam insulation is not acceptable and will be rejected.
- K. Access Doors: Provide double wall doors with the same thickness, insulation and inner/outer wall material as the rest of the air handler. Doors shall be full height (up to 72") with industrial stainless steel hinges. Bi-directional compression latches with integral roller cam and hex-screw locking assembly must be provided. An EPDM type gasket must be provided in accordance with ASTM D 2000. Supply and exhaust air streams shall not be covered by a single door. Access panels in lieu of access door are unacceptable. Rain gutters are provided over all access doors that are not the full height of the unit casing. All doors that open with pressure shall be provided with a pressure relief safety latch. Provide doors for access to any area requiring routine maintenance.
- L. Weather hoods (for outdoor units): Provide weather hoods with expanded aluminum bird screens over all exposed inlets and outlets. Hoods may ship loose for installation in the field.
- M. Roof (for outdoor units): Provide roof with standing seam construction which allows removal of individual sections for inspection purposes without removal of the entire roof. A double wall foam injected panel must be provided below the roof liner creating 3 layers of metal between the conditioned air tunnel and ambient air. Pitch roof with sufficient slope to ensure water drainage. Units over 137" wide require double sloped roof designs. Roof overhang to be provided around complete perimeter of the unit. No penetrations can be made to the roof.

2.4 ENTHAPLY WHEEL

- A. Provide aluminum or synthetic total energy heat wheel with performance as scheduled. Rotor performance must be certified by AHRI.
- B. Construct wheel of aluminum honeycomb media coated with a 3 angstrom molecular sieve, non-migrating, water selective desiccant. Polymer wheel construction is not acceptable. Wheel must be cleanable using low pressure steam (<15 PSI).
- C. Provided purge section to minimize cross-over of return air to supply air during rotation.
- D. Provide a VFD factory wired to the wheel motor for defrost and economizer provisions.
- E. A 10-year material and labor warranty shall be provided covering all materials supplied and installed by wheel manufacturer.

2.4 OUTSIDE AIR ECONOMIZER

- A. Provide with fully modulating 0 to 100% motor and dampers, minimum position setting,

present linkage, wiring harness with plug, and spring return actuator.

- B. Provide unit with low-leak economizer damper to meet ASHRAE 90.1 and IECC standards (4 CFM/ft²@1" wg).
- C. Economizer to be activated by comparative enthalpy control.
- D. Unit to be equipped with demand control ventilation. Provide with duct-mounted CO2 sensor.

2.5 COMPRESSOR & REFRIGERANT SYSTEM

- A. Unit to utilize R-454B low GWP refrigerant.
- B. Unit to be provided with factory-installed suction service valves, replaceable core liquid filters, and liquid line filter drier.
- C. Provide a thermally protected, serviceable semi-hermetic compressor with crankcase heaters.
- D. Provide variable speed compressors allowing unit capacity to modulate from 15% to 100%. Digital scroll compressors or not acceptable.

2.6 EVAPORATOR AND CONDENSER COILS

- A. DX coil: Provide fully-interlaced coil rated in accordance with AHRI 410-2001 with 0.016" thick seamless copper tubes, galvanized casing, and 0.006" thick aluminum fins. All refrigerant connections must remain inside the unit cabinet and run directly to the condensing section. Maximum face velocity is 500 FPM. Each coil is water immersion tested to 450 PSI prior to shipment
- B. Cooling coil drain pan: All cooling coils must be provided with stainless steel IAQ drain pans that begin at the entering air side of the coil face and extend a minimum of 12" past the leaving air side of the coil face. Entire underside of the drain pan, including the piping run to the casing exterior, must be coated with no less than 2" of spray foam insulation to ensure no sweating occurs below. Coil must sit on "walk-on" stainless steel supports spaced a maximum of 6" apart to allow full access to the coil face without damage to the drain pan. The drain pan must be sloped in a minimum of 2 directions to ensure proper drainage.
- C. Integral air cooled condensing section: Provide integral air cooled condensing system factory piped, wired, charged, and tested. Entire condensing section must be assembled by the unit manufacturer. Skid mounting another manufacturers condensing unit is not acceptable.
 - 1. Refer to the schedule for the minimum condensing section or unit EER requirements. Equipment with EER's less than what is scheduled will be rejected.
 - 2. Modulating head pressure control must be provided to keep system operational and optimize efficiency of the compressors.
 - 3. Provide hermetic scroll type compressors with suction and discharge schrader ports, reverse rotation protection, sight glass, oil level adjustment, filter drier, anti-cycle timers and high/low pressure switches. Independent circuits shall be provided completely tested, dehydrated, and fully charged with R-410A and oil.
- D. Provide microchannel coils or copper tubes with mechanically bonded aluminum fins for evaporator and condenser coils.

- E. Evaporator shall be a minimum of 4 rows deep.
- F. Provide with louvered metal condenser coil hail guards.
- G. Provide with factory-installed froststat.

2.7 DEHUMIDIFICATION

- A. Provide unit with modulating hot gas reheat dehumidification system consisting of reheat coil, piping, and modulating valve. Hot gas reheat shall modulate to maintain discharge air temp humidity rather than staging on and off repeatedly. Dehumidification shall run during unoccupied rather than relying on electric reheat in VAV boxes. Provide coil rated in accordance with AHRI 410-2001 with 0.016" thick copper tubes, galvanized casing, and rippled aluminum plate fin secondary surface with a thickness of 0.006. Provide coil with a three-way modulating control valve. Each coil is water immersion tested to 450 PSI prior to shipment.
- B. Provide with duct-mounted humidity sensor to activate dehumidification system.

2.8 GAS HEATING SECTION

- A. Heat exchangers shall be made from 304L stainless steel.
- B. Gas Controls:
 - 1. Modulating heat control. Minimum modulation turndown of 20:1.
 - 2. Automatic gas valve and pressure regulator.
 - 3. A manual shutoff valve.
 - 4. An adjustable fan control.
 - 5. Fixed high limit controls.
- C. Unit shall be equipped with a direct spark pilot ignition system.
 - 1. Electronic flame detection.
 - 2. 100% safety shutoff.
- D. Combustion air shall be induced by a positive pressure power venting fan.
 - 1. Pre-purge of combustion chamber.

2.9 BLOWER/MOTOR

- A. Supply & Exhaust blower: AF, BI or BC blade direct drive plenum fans shall be provided with fan blades continuously welded to the wheelback. Fan wheels shall be constructed of aluminum or painted steel. Fans shall be certified to bear the AMCA seal for air and sound performance. Fan brake horsepower shall not exceed the scheduled brake horsepower at the total static pressure and airflow scheduled. Provide the number of fans scheduled, no exceptions. Fan motors must be selected to run at 90 Hz maximum at design conditions. Any fan/motor combination selected to run at a higher frequency will be rejected due to decreased motor life.
- B. Motors shall be 3 phase TEFC with a NEMA frame, cast iron construction and a 1.15 service factor. Motor brake horsepower shall not exceed scheduled values. Fan brake horsepower shall not exceed 90% of motor horsepower. All motors shall be premium efficiency with class F insulation. Shaft grounding will be provided on all VFD controlled motors 10 HP and larger.

- C. Isolation: Blower and motor shall be mounted on a unitary base with [1" housed seismic rated spring isolators.
 - 1. Variable frequency drives: Provide **ABB** variable speed drive per every supply and exhaust fan(s). **ABB** VFDs shall be factory mounted and tested.

2.10 DAMPERS

- A. Motorized dampers shall be low leakage type with galvanized steel construction, formed blades, vinyl edge seals, metal jamb seals, and synthetic bearings. Gravity dampers shall have aluminum frame, aluminum blades, extruded vinyl edge seals, and synthetic bearings.
- B. The following dampers shall be provided at a minimum (additional dampers may be required, please consult the sequence of operation to determine what is needed):
 - 1. Outside air heat exchanger bypass damper, modulating actuator.
 - 2. Heat wheel bypass dampers, modulating actuator (economizer operation).
 - 3. Recirculation air control damper, modulating actuator.
 - 4. Exhaust air shut-off damper, 2-position actuator.

2.11 FILTERS

- A. Outside air filter: Provide 4" MERV 8 filter bank at the outside air inlet. Mount in a galvanized steel side access slide rack and size for 500 fpm maximum face velocity. Filters must be rated per U.L. standard 900.
- B. Return air filter: Provide 4" MERV 8 filter bank at the return air inlet. Mount in a galvanized steel side access slide rack and size for 500 fpm maximum face velocity. Filters must be rated per U.L. standard 900.
- C. Supply filter. Provide 4" MERV 13 supply filter bank in location shown on unit drawing. Mount in a galvanized steel front access rack and size for 500 fpm maximum face velocity. Filters must be rated per U.L. standard 900.

2.12 ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Through the base electrical option and single-point power connection.
- B. Provide unit with 65,000A high fault short circuit current rating.
- C. Provide non-fused disconnect, fan motor starters/protectors, contactors, control transformer, control circuit fusing, service switch, and terminal block. Units supplied with VFDs shall have individual branch fusing per drive. A motor protector shall be provided if equipment manufacturer's manual bypass is required.
- D. Provide unit with powered weathertight 120V 2-plug GFCI convenience outlet.
- E. Unit to be equipped with phase loss/reversal protection and phase monitor.

2.13 CONTROLS

- A. Unit shall come with factory-installed microprocessor controls.
- B. Unit shall come equipped with factory-installed discharge air temperature sensor and clogged filter switch.
- C. Provide BACnet communication card (if required by schedule).
- D. Provide unit with rapid restart option to provides immediate start-up upon power failure shutoff. Rapid restart will begin immediately after recovery from a power loss and work by restarting the compressors and supply fan quickly, providing full cooling within three minutes.

2.14 ROOF CURBS

- A. Provide manufacturer's standard flat uninsulated knockdown roof curb unless otherwise indicated on the schedule.
- B. Installer shall field-level the curb by shimming unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Installer shall field-insulate the curb during installation.
- D. Curb to support the unit and provide a watertight enclosure to protect ductwork and utility services.
- E. Use a design complying with National Roofing Contractors Association requirements.
- F. Level curb according to manufacturer's recommendations.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install according to manufacturer's recommendations and as shown on drawings.
- B. Unit is to be provided with a through-the-bottom service connection accessory package and must be used for electrical connections to unit. Use bulkhead connectors to make a waterproof connection.
- C. Seal all duct connections to roof curb for airtight connection. Install a 90-degree flanged ductwork connection to the roof curb. Provide and install gasketing around duct flanges. Provide and install gasketing around outer edge of roof curb.

3.2 OEM STARTUP

- A. Provide the services of a factory trained service technician employed full-time by the unit manufacturer to start-up the system, or manufacturer's factory authorized representative under the supervision of the factory trained service technician. **STARTUP PERFORMED BY MECHANICAL CONTRACTOR IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.** Upon completion of the installation, the system shall be started and commissioned by the manufacturer's factory authorized representative who will verify a completely fully functional system. The factory authorized representative will verify that accessories are installed and performing the specified functions.

- B. The attached startup report shall be provided to the owner and engineer upon completion.

Start-Up and Service Data Checklist

Date: _____

Job Name: _____

Customer: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Model No.: _____

Serial No.: _____

Start-Up Technician Name: _____ Signature: _____

Certification Number: _____

HVAC Contractor: _____ Phone: _____

Address: _____

Contractor's E-mail Address: _____

Electrical Contractor: _____ Phone: _____

Distributor Name: _____ Phone: _____

DESIGN APPLICATION INFORMATION

This information will be available from the specifying engineer who selected the equipment. When the system is VAV, the CFM is the airflow when the remote VAV boxes are in the fully open position. Do not proceed with the equipment start-up without the design CFM information.

Design Supply Air CFM: _____ Design Return Air CFM: _____

Design Outdoor Air CFM at Minimum Position: _____

Total External Static Pressure: _____

Supply Static Pressure: _____

Return Static Pressure: _____

Design Building Static Pressure: _____

Outside Air Dilution: Economizer Position Percentage: _____ CFM: _____

Supply Gas Pressure after Regulator without Heat Active: _____ Inches: _____

ADDITIONAL APPLICATION NOTES FROM SPECIFYING ENGINEER:

ELECTRICAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS PRIOR TO INSPECTION

	Completed	See Notes
Voltage supplied to the unit is within the nameplate range	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Voltage supplied to both unit power connections is within the nameplate range	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Transformer(s) primary tap set for the voltage supplied	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
All power is disconnected from the unit for the remaining unit inspection items (except where noted)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
All electrical connections are checked	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Grounding wire from building service is attached to the unit grounding lug	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ultraviolet (UV) lamp installation is complete	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wet in use/ standard weather cover for convenience outlet is in place	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

GENERAL UNIT AND SYSTEM INSPECTION

	Completed	See Notes
Note any unit inspection deficiencies or damage	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Unit lifted properly as witnessed by a member of the start-up team	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Verify refrigerant circuits do not have any refrigerant leaks	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Unit has adequate clearance for operation and service	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Split sections are assembled completely (split shipment units only)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Field supplied curb/field built-up unit support is installed and sealed weather-tight	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Roof curb cap segment below unit condenser section properly assembled and sealed weather-tight	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Return duct connection is sealed/gasketed to curb	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Return duct connection is sealed weather-tight	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Supply duct connection is sealed/gasketed to curb	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Supply duct connection is sealed weather-tight	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Return duct system is complete	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Supply duct system is complete	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
VAV boxes are complete and operational	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
This unit is part of a twinned system	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Isolation damper(s) is complete	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Bottom/side utility openings are sealed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Condensate piping is complete and trap is primed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
A field installed condensate switch was added	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Door tieback brackets are installed on the unit base rail.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
NOTE: Door tieback brackets are used to secure the door in the open position while servicing. Brackets and chains are shipped loose in the supply fan section of the cabinet	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Access door handle height positioned properly for application's needs (applies to all)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Condenser fans turn freely and set screws are tight	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

NOTES:

GENERAL UNIT AND SYSTEM INSPECTION (CONTINUED)

Completed See Notes

For Units with Outside Air/Economizer		
Outside air intake hoods are assembled and mist eliminators are in place	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
For Units with Exhaust Fan		
Exhaust hood is assembled and barometric dampers operate freely (if applicable)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Exhaust fan assembly tie-down bolts are removed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Exhaust fan assembly set screws are tight	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Spare exhaust fan belts are properly stored	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
For Units with Return Fan		
Return fan assembly tie-down bolts are removed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Return fan assembly set screws are tight	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Spare return fan belts for belt driven fans are properly stored	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Supply Fan Section Inspection		
Supply fan assembly tie-down bolts are removed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Supply fan assembly set screws are tight	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Humidifier Inspection		
A steam humidifier was added	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Steam humidifier supply piping is completed and the control valve actuator is installed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Steam humidifier drain piping is completed and protected from freezing	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Heating Section Inspection		
Gas Heat		
Type of gas supplied	Liquid Propane (LP) <input type="checkbox"/> Natural <input type="checkbox"/>	
Gas heat flue stack is installed and the combustion air openings are clear	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Gas supply piping is completed and has a drip leg	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
High altitude natural gas conversion kit is installed (if applicable)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Field adjustment to local combustion conditions is completed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Propane gas conversion kit is installed (if applicable)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
High altitude propane gas conversion kit is installed (if applicable)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Propane gas conversion kit for less than 4,000 feet is installed (if applicable)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Hot Water/Steam Heat		
Hydronic heat piping is completed and protected from freezing, and the control valve actuator is installed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

NOTES:

GENERAL UNIT AND SYSTEM INSPECTION (CONTINUED)

	Completed	See Notes
Filters Inspection		
Draw-thru filter is installed (field or factory)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Draw-thru filters are clean	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Draw-thru filter transducer/magnehelic gauge sensing tubing is in place	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Final filter is installed (field or factory)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Final filters are clean	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Final filter transducer/magnehelic gauge sensing tubing is in place	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
ERW outside air filters are clean	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
ERW exhaust air filters are clean	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Controls and Sensors Inspection		
Display panel height positioned properly for application's needs	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
One or more zone CO ₂ NetSensor(s) are connected on the SA bus (if applicable)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
NetSensor with zone humidity sensing is connected to the SA bus (if applicable)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Supply duct static pressure sensing tubing is installed to the duct static pressure transducer HI port	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Building static pressure sensing tubing is installed to the building static pressure transducer HI port	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Red bird, atmospheric, and return air (as applicable with return fan) reference sensing tubing is installed to the duct and/or building static pressure transducer LO port(s)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the main control board OCC-S input [24 VAC occupancy input status]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the main control board SMOKE-A input [24 VAC smoke detector alarm contact]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SMOKE-A input is active in the factory unit configuration NOTE: If SMOKE-A is not active, contact Ducted Systems Product Technical Support to correct the issue.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the main control board FC bus [3-wire + shield network]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Main control board FC bus networking is active with the Ethernet switch installed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the main control board SS-S input [24 VAC safety switch status]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the main control board SA bus [4-wire, shield recommended]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
One or more zone temperature NetSensor(s) are connected on the SA bus	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
For Units with Options Board Installed in Controls Section		
Demand ventilation is active in the factory unit configuration NOTE: If demand ventilation is not active, contact Ducted Systems Product Technical Support to correct the issue.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the options board COND-A input [24 VAC condensate alarm)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
COND-A is active in the factory unit configuration NOTE: If COND-A is not active, contact Ducted Systems Product Technical Support to correct the issue.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the options board DAT-SP input [0–10 VDC discharge air temperature reset)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the options board DAP-SP input [0–10 VDC discharge air static pressure reset)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

NOTES:

GENERAL UNIT AND SYSTEM INSPECTION (CONTINUED)

Completed See Notes


For units with Customer Terminal board installed in Controls section		
Wiring is field connected for the customer terminal board G, Y1, Y2, W1, and W2 inputs [24 VAC thermostat commands]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the customer terminal board ADR-S input [24 VAC load shed command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the customer terminal board Safety1-S input [24 VAC smoke/purge command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the customer terminal board Safety2-S input [24 VAC smoke/purge command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the customer terminal board Safety3-S input [24 VAC smoke/purge command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the customer terminal board HUMIDISTAT input [24 VAC humidification command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the customer terminal board HUMIDISTAT input [24 VAC dehumidification command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ensure humidistat input can be used for both humidification and dehumidification NOTE: If the humidistat input does not operate for both applications, contact Ducted Systems Product Technical Support to correct the issue.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the isolation damper(s) to the customer terminal board ISOD1-S and ISOD2-S inputs [24 VAC damper status] and ISOD-C output [dry contact]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the customer terminal board EAD-REF input [0–10 VDC exhaust air damper positioning command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the customer terminal board EF-REF input [0–10 VDC exhaust fan speed positioning command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the customer terminal board HTGV-O output [0–10 VDC hydronic heating actuator positioning command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the customer terminal board HUM-O output [0–10 VDC steam humidifier actuator positioning command] and/or HUM-C output [dry contact steam humidifier enable command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the customer terminal board ALARM1-C output [dry contact remote alarming command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Wiring is field connected for the customer terminal board VAVHTG-C output [dry contact VAV box interlock command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>


NOTES:

PRE-OPERATION

Record the following values prior to start-up of the unit.	
Specified/required demand ventilation (indoor air quality (IAQ)) maximum outside airflow stated	CFM
Specified/required demand ventilation (IAQ) maximum outside airflow CFM	CFM
Specified/required demand ventilation (IAQ) maximum outside airflow percentage	%
Indoor dry bulb temperature	°F
Indoor wet bulb temperature	°F
Outside dry bulb temperature	°F

Power the unit for the remaining pre-operation checks in this section.

 WARNING	Lethal voltages exist within the control panels. Before performing the following checks, open and lock-out-tag out all disconnect switches.	
Voltage measured at the unit power supply connection: L1 to L2		Volts
Voltage measured at the unit power supply connection: L1 to L3		Volts
Voltage measured at the unit power supply connection: L2 to L3		Volts
(Dual point power only) Voltage measured at the second power supply connection: L1 to L2		Volts
(Dual point power only) Voltage measured at the second power supply connection: L1 to L3		Volts
(Dual point power only) Voltage measured at the second power supply connection: L2 to L3		Volts
Confirm the unit electrical grounding is intact; "lighting circuit voltage" is read from each power supply leg to the cabinet ground	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>

 WARNING	When the unit electrical grounding cannot be confirmed intact, an unsafe condition exists. DO NOT continue with unit start-up until electrical grounding is corrected.	
Voltage measured at the 1T control transformer secondary		Volts
Voltage measured at the 2T control transformer secondary		Volts
Voltage measured at the convenience outlet [3T control transformer secondary]		Volts
Voltage measured at the 3T control transformer secondary		Volts
Voltage measured at the 3T control transformer secondary		Volts
Voltage measured at the 3T control transformer secondary		Volts

NOTES:

AIRFLOW

Completed See Notes

Supply Fan Section		
Throughout this section, ensure all VAV boxes are set to their maximum cooling airflow and the duct pressure setpoint is set for the job site requirements	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Throughout this section, ensure an occupied fan command is created so the supply fan operates with the fan % command at 100%	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Supply fan operates with correct rotation (always shown)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Supply fan current draw does NOT exceed [service factor amps noted on the motor nameplate]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Initial supply fan airflow measurement NOTE: Increase/decrease supply fan variable frequency drive (VFD) maximum frequency as needed to meet the specified/required indoor airflow.		CFM
Supply fan current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at VFD L1)		Amps
Supply fan current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at VFD L2)		Amps
Supply fan current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at VFD L3)		Amps
Second supply fan [60-80 ton units] current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at VFD L1)		Amps
Second supply fan [60-80 ton units] current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at VFD L2)		Amps
Second supply fan [60-80 ton units] current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at VFD L3)		Amps
Redundant VFD [25-50 ton units] - Supply fan current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at VFD L1)		Amps
Redundant VFD [25-50 ton units] - Supply fan current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at VFD L2)		Amps
Redundant VFD [25-50 ton units] - Supply fan current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at VFD L3)		Amps
Return Fan Section		
Return fan control sequence is selected for the unit	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Return fan operates with the correct rotation (always shown)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Return fan current draw does NOT exceed [service factor amps noted on the motor nameplate]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Return fan operates with the return fan VFD % command at 100%	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Return fan pressure low and high setpoints are set for job site requirements	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Return fan operates with the return fan VFD % command at 100% using the pressure setpoint	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Return fan current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at VFD L1)		Amps
Return fan current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at VFD L2)		Amps
Return fan current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at VFD L3)		Amps
Redundant VFD [60-80 ton units] - Supply fan current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at VFD L1)		Amps
Redundant VFD [60-80 ton units] - Supply fan current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at VFD L2)		Amps
Redundant VFD [60-80 ton units] - Supply fan current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at VFD L3)		Amps

VENTILATION

Completed See Notes

If an exhaust fan is not installed on the unit, please move to the next section.		
Throughout this section, continue to operate the supply fan with the fan % command at 100%	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Throughout this section, continue to operate the exhaust fan with the fan % command at 100%	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Throughout this section, continue to operate the return fan with the fan % command at 100%	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Throughout this section, continue to operate the ERW with the face and bypass dampers closed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Economizer return and outside air dampers operate through full stroke without binding	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ensure exhaust fan operates	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Exhaust fan operates with correct rotation		
ERW operates with the face and bypass dampers closed NOTE: Increase/decrease exhaust fan VFD maximum frequency for the exhaust airflow needs of the application as needed.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Exhaust fan current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at L1)		Amps
Exhaust fan current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at L2)		Amps
Exhaust fan current draw (at VFD maximum frequency after adjustment, measured at L3)		Amps

NOTES:

HEATING

Completed See Notes

If a unit is cooling only, please move to the next section.		
Gas Heat	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Throughout this section, ensure all VAV boxes are set to their maximum cooling airflow and the duct pressure setpoint is set for the job site requirements	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Measure static/unit off inlet gas pressure		inches WC
<div style="border: 2px solid orange; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;"> WARNING</div> Inlet gas pressure cannot exceed 14 inches water column (WC). Do not continue with unit start-up until unit gas inlet pressure is corrected.		
Measure gas valve 1 low fire manifold pressure		inches WC
Measure gas valve 1 high fire manifold pressure		inches WC
Measure gas valve 1 manifold pressure at lowest firing rate (modulating heat)		inches WC
Measure gas valve 1 manifold pressure at highest firing rate (modulating heat)		inches WC
Measure gas valve 2 low fire manifold pressure		inches WC
Measure gas valve 2 high fire manifold pressure		inches WC
Measure gas valve 3 low fire manifold pressure		inches WC
Measure gas valve 3 high fire manifold pressure		inches WC
Measure gas valve 4 low fire manifold pressure		inches WC
Measure gas valve 4 high fire manifold pressure		inches WC
Measure gas valve 5 low fire manifold pressure		inches WC
Measure gas valve 5 high fire manifold pressure		inches WC
Measure gas valve 6 low fire manifold pressure		inches WC
Measure gas valve 6 high fire manifold pressure		inches WC
Operate heat section at full capacity	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

	Completed	See Notes
Measure inlet gas pressure with heat section operating at fully capacity		inches WC
Gas heat input capacity to use for sensible heat calculation	Unit nameplate measurement	BTU
	Clocked meter measurement (7-digit number)	BTU
Electric Heat	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Total/overall current draw of electric heat section L1		Amps
Total/overall current draw of electric heat section L2		Amps
Total/overall current draw of electric heat section L3		Amps
Hot Water/Steam Heat	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Hot water heat control valve actuator operates at full stroke	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Steam humidifier control valve actuator operates at full stroke	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

NOTES:

COOLING

	Completed	See Notes
Throughout this section, ensure all VAV boxes are set to their maximum cooling airflow and the duct pressure setpoint is set for the job site requirements	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Operate cooling at full capacity	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
All compressors operate with correct rotation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
⚠ CAUTION Do not continue with unit start-up until compressor rotation is corrected.		
All condenser fans operate with correct rotation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
⚠ CAUTION Do not continue with unit start-up until condenser fan rotation is corrected.		
Allow time for refrigerant circuits to stabilize	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Refrigerant circuit 1 suction pressure		psi
Refrigerant circuit 1 suction line temperature		°F
Refrigerant circuit 1 liquid/discharge pressure		psi
Refrigerant circuit 1 liquid line temperature		°F
Refrigerant circuit 1 discharge temperature		°F
Measurements for refrigerant circuit 1 are affected by the low ambient outside fan cycling/speed control	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Refrigerant circuit 2 suction pressure		psi
Refrigerant circuit 2 suction line temperature		°F
Refrigerant circuit 2 liquid/discharge pressure		psi
Refrigerant circuit 2 liquid line temperature		°F
Refrigerant circuit 2 discharge temperature		°F
Measurements for refrigerant circuit 1 are affected by the low ambient outside fan cycling/speed control	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Compressor 1A current draw L1		Amps
Compressor 1A current draw L2		Amps
Compressor 1A current draw L3		Amps
Compressor 1B current draw L1		Amps
Compressor 1B current draw L2		Amps
Compressor 1B current draw L3		Amps

Completed See Notes

Compressor 2A current draw L1	Amps	
Compressor 2A current draw L2	Amps	
Compressor 2A current draw L3	Amps	
Compressor 2B current draw L1	Amps	
Compressor 2B current draw L2	Amps	
Compressor 2B current draw L3	Amps	
Condenser fan 1A current draw L1	Amps	
Condenser fan 1A current draw L2	Amps	
Condenser fan 1A current draw L3	Amps	
Condenser fan 1B current draw L1	Amps	
Condenser fan 1B current draw L2	Amps	
Condenser fan 1B current draw L3	Amps	
Condenser fan 1C current draw L1	Amps	
Condenser fan 1C current draw L2	Amps	
Condenser fan 1C current draw L3	Amps	
Condenser fan 2A current draw L1	Amps	
Condenser fan 2A current draw L2	Amps	
Condenser fan 2A current draw L3	Amps	
Condenser fan 2B current draw L1	Amps	
Condenser fan 2B current draw L2	Amps	
Condenser fan 2B current draw L3	Amps	
Condenser fan 2C current draw L1	Amps	
Condenser fan 2C current draw L2	Amps	
Condenser fan 2C current draw L3	Amps	
Discharge air temperature with cooling is operating at full capacity	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Dehumidification mode (hot gas reheat (HGRH)) operation is tested	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

NOTES:

CONTROL PARAMETERS

Completed See Notes

Set controller time and date	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set [unit] Name and DevName (Device Name) as needed for the application through the MAP gateway or local display	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Touchscreen display setup completed – if applicable	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the unit occupancy status according to one of the following options:		
Set OccMode (Occupancy Mode) to External for the unit occupancy response to the main control board OCC-S input [24 VAC occupancy command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set OccMode to External for the unit occupancy response to the communicated command	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set OccMode to Schedule and enter the application's occupied and unoccupied start times in the <i>Schedule</i> menu	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set Tstat-Only (Thermostat Only Control Enabled) to YES for unit response to the customer terminal board thermostat inputs	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set Tstat-Only to NO for unit response to sensor inputs	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the SZVAVEn (SZVAV Enabled) to OFF to configure the unit for a VAV zoned duct system	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the SZVAVEn to ON to configure the unit for an unzoned duct system	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the temperature settings for heating/cooling mode auto changeover as needed for the application	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

CONTROL PARAMETERS (CONTINUED)

	Completed	See Notes
Set ClgDATUp-SP and ClgDATLo-SP (Cooling Discharge Air Temperature Upper and Lower Setpoints) as needed for the application	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set HtgDATUp-SP and HtgDATLo-SP (Heating Discharge Air Temperature Upper and Lower Setpoints) as needed for the application	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the DAT-Spconfig (Discharge Air Temperature Setpoint Configuration) to External for unit response to the option board DAT-SP input [0–10 VDC discharge air temp reset]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the parameters for the discharge air temperature reset function for the application needs	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set HumidistatMode to Humidification for unit response to the customer terminal board humidistat input [24 VAC humidification command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set HumidistatMode to Dehumidification for unit response to the customer terminal board humidistat input [24 VAC dehumidification command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set SafetySetup1 for unit response to the customer terminal board SMOKE1-S input [24 VAC smoke/purge command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set SafetySetup2 for unit response to the customer terminal board SMOKE2-S input [24 VAC smoke/purge command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set SafetySetup3 for unit response to the customer terminal board SMOKE3-S input [24 VAC smoke/purge command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set parameters for the <i>Commission > FaultOut1</i> menu to configure the customer terminal board ALARM1-C output [dry contact remote alarming command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set parameters for the <i>Commission > FaultOut1</i> menu to configure the customer terminal board ALARM2-C output [dry contact remote alarming command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set parameters in the <i>Details > T24LoadShed</i> menu for the unit response to the customer terminal board ADR-S input [24 VAC load shed command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the HydReverse (Hydronic Heat Valve Reverse Acting) for the hydronic heat control valve configuration	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the Group ID and Device# as needed for the application	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the ExDmprCtrlSrc (Exhaust Damper Control Source) to Hardware for unit response to the customer terminal board EAD-REF input [0–10 VDC exhaust damper positioning command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the ExFanCtrlSrc (Exhaust Fan Control Source) to Hardware for unit response to the customer terminal board EF-REF input [0–10 VDC exhaust fan positioning command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set OADmprCtrlSrc (Outdoor Air Damper Control Source) to Hardware for unit response to the customer terminal board OAD-REF input [0–10 VDC exhaust damper positioning command]	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the parameters for the economizer free cooling functions as needed for the application	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the parameters for the demand ventilation functions as needed for the application	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the Bldg-Sp (Building Pressure Setpoint) as needed for the application	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the parameters for the dehumidification mode (HGRH) in the <i>Details > Humidity</i> menu as needed for the application	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the parameters for the humidification mode (steam humidifier) in the <i>Details > Humidity</i> menu as needed for the application	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Set the parameters for network communication in the <i>Controller > Network</i> menu as needed for the application	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Insert a compatible flash drive into the main control board USB port and perform a backup (<i>Update > Backup</i> menu), and save the "BKP_" file	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

NOTES:

NOTES

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 05 00

ELECTRICAL GENERAL PROVISIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Except as modified in this Section, General Conditions, and Supplementary Conditions, applicable provisions of Division 1 General Requirements, and other provisions and requirements of the Contract Documents apply to work of Division 26 Electrical.
- B. Applicable provisions of this section apply to all sections of Division 26, Electrical.

1.2 CODE REQUIREMENTS AND FEES

- A. Perform work in accordance with applicable statutes, ordinances, codes and regulations of governmental authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Electrical work shall comply with applicable inspection services:
 - 1. Underwriters Laboratories.
 - 2. National Fire Protection Association.
 - 3. State Health Department.
 - 4. Local Municipal Building Inspection Department adopted codes with amendments.
 - 5. National Electrical Code with local amendments.
 - 6. State Regulatory Agencies.
 - 7. Where the project is located outside a municipal jurisdiction, and has no municipal inspection services, the National Electrical Code with amendments of the municipality with extraterritorial jurisdiction shall govern.
 - 8. Where the project is located outside any municipal jurisdiction, including extraterritorial jurisdictions, the National Electrical Code with local adopted amendments of the largest municipality located in the same county or parish shall govern.
 - 9. International Energy Conservation Code.
 - 10. National Electrical Safety Code.
- C. Resolve any code violations discovered in contract documents with the Engineer prior to award of the contract. After Contract award, any correction or additions necessary for compliance with applicable codes shall be made at no additional cost to the Owner.
- D. This Contractor shall be responsible for being aware of and complying with asbestos NESHAP regulations, as well as all other applicable codes, laws and regulations.
- E. Obtain all permits required.

1.3 CONTRACTOR'S QUALIFICATIONS

- A. An approved contractor for the work under this division shall be:
 - 1. A specialist in this field and have the personnel, experience, training, and skill, and the organization to provide a practical working system.
 - 2. Able to furnish evidence of having contracted for and installed not less than 3 systems of comparable size and type that has served their Owners satisfactorily for not less than 3 years.

1.4 REFERENCE SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS

- A. Materials which are specified by reference to Federal Specifications; ASTM, ASME, ANSI, APWA, or AWWA Specifications; Federal Standards; or other standard specifications must comply with latest editions, revisions, amendments or supplements in effect on date proposals are received. Referenced specifications and standards are minimum requirements for all equipment, material and work. In instances where specified capacities, size or other features of equipment, devices or materials exceed these minimums, meet specified capacities.
- B. Use electrical materials and equipment that is constructed and tested in accordance with the standards of NEMA, ANSI, ASTM, or another recognized commercial standard. If materials and equipment is labeled, listed, or recognized by any Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) acceptable to the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), then provide NRTL-labeled, listed, or recognized material and equipment. Acceptable NRTLs include but are not limited to:
1. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL)
 2. Factory Mutual Research Corp. (FMRC) (also referred to as "Factory Mutual Global," or "FM Global")
 3. Intertek Testing Services NA, Inc. (ITSNA, formerly ETL)
 4. Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
 5. A complete listing of acceptable NRTLs is published on the OSHA website at <http://www.osha.gov/dts/otpca/nrtl/>.
- C. Where material and equipment are not labeled, listed, or recognized by any NRTL, provide a manufacturer's Certificate of Compliance indicating complete compliance of each item with applicable standards of NEMA, ANSI, ASTM, or other recognized commercial standard.
- D. Do not install or use electrical material or equipment for any use other than that for which it was designed, labeled, listed, or identified unless formally approved for such use by the Owner's AHJ. This *National Electrical Code*® requirement is re-stated for emphasis.
- E. Codes and Standards applicable to this Division:
1. ANSI – American National Standards Institute
 - a. ANSI Z535.1, Safety Colors
 - b. ANSI Z535.2, Environmental and Facility Safety Signs
 - c. ANSI Z535.3, Criteria for Safety Symbols
 - d. ANSI Z535.4, Product Safety Signs and Labels
 2. ASHRAE – American Society of Heating, Refrigeration, and Air Conditioning Engineers:
 - a. ASHRAE Standard 90.1, *Energy Standards for Buildings Except for Low Rise Residential Buildings* [ANSI, IESNA]
 3. ASTM – American Society for Testing and Materials
 4. CBM – Certified Ballast Manufacturers
 5. ICC – International Code Council
 - a. International Building Code® (IBC)
 - b. International Existing Building Code® (IEBC)
 6. ICEA – Insulated Cable Engineers Association
 - a. ICEA S-93-639, *Shielded Power Cables 5-46kV* (NEMA WC-74)
 7. IEEE® - Institute of Electronics and Electrical Engineers
 - a. IEEE C2™, *National Electrical Safety Code* (NESC) [ANSI]
 - b. IEEE Std 141™, *Recommended Practice for Electric Power Distribution for Industrial Plants* ("Red Book")
 - c. IEEE Std 143™, *Recommended Practice for Grounding of Industrial and Commercial Power Systems* ("Green Book")

- d. IEEE Std 241™, *Recommended Practice for Electric Power Systems in Commercial Buildings* (“Gray Book”)
- e. IEEE Std 242™, *Recommended Practice for Protection and Coordination of Industrial and Commercial Power Systems* (“Buff Book”)
- f. IEEE Std 315™, *Graphic Symbols for Electrical and Electronics Diagrams*
- g. IEEE Std 399™, *Recommended Practice for Power Systems Analysis* (“Brown Book”)
- h. IEEE Std 446™, *Recommended Practice for Emergency and Standby Power Systems for Industrial and Commercial Applications* (“Orange Book”)
- i. IEE Std 493™, *Recommended Practice for the Design of Reliable Industrial and Commercial Power Systems* (“Gold Book”)
- j. IEEE Std 519™, *Recommended Practices and Requirements for Harmonic Control in Electrical Power Systems*
- k. IEEE Std 739™, *Recommended Practice for Energy Management in Industrial and Commercial Facilities* (“Bronze Book”)
- l. IEEE Std 902™, *Guide for Maintenance, Operation, and Safety of Industrial and Commercial Power Systems* (“Yellow Book”)
- m. IEEE Std 1015™, *Recommended Practice Applying Low-Voltage Circuit Breakers Used in Industrial and Commercial Power Systems* (“Blue Book”)
- n. IEEE Std 1100™, *Recommended Practice for Powering and Grounding Electronic Equipment* (“Emerald Book”)
- o. IEEE Std 1584™, *Guide for Performing Arc-Flash Hazard Calculations*
- 8. IESNA – Illuminating Engineering Society of North America
 - a. IESNA *Lighting Handbook*, Ninth Edition
 - b. IESNA RP-1, *American National Standard Practice for Office Lighting*
 - c. IESNA RP-7, *American National Standard Practice for Lighting Industrial Facilities*
- 9. NECA – National Electrical Contractors Association:
 - a. NECA 1, *Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction* [ANSI]
 - b. NECA 90, *Recommended Practice for Commissioning Building Electrical Systems* [ANSI]
 - c. NECA 100, *Symbols for Electrical Construction Drawings* [ANSI]
 - d. NECA 101, *Standard for Installing Steel Conduits (Rigid, IMC, EMT)* [ANSI]
 - e. NECA 104, *Recommended Practice for Installing Aluminum Building Wire and Cable* [ANSI]
 - f. NECA / NEMA 105, *Recommended Practice for Installing Metal Cable Tray Systems* [ANSI]
 - g. NECA 111, *Standard for Installing Nonmetallic Raceways (RNC, ENT, LFNC)* [ANSI]
 - h. NECA / NACNA 120, *Standard for Installing Armored Cable (Type AC) and Metal-Clad Cable (Type MC)* [ANSI]
 - i. NECA 202, *Recommended Practice for Installing and Maintaining Industrial Heat Tracing Systems* [ANSI]
 - j. NECA 230, *Standard for Selecting, Installing and Maintaining Electric Motors and Motor Controllers* [ANSI]
 - k. NECA 331, *Standard for Building and Service Entrance Grounding and Bonding*
 - l. NECA 400, *Standard for Installing and Maintaining Switchboards* [ANSI]
 - m. NECA 402, *Standard for Installing and Maintaining Motor Control Centers* [ANSI]
 - n. NECA / EGSA 404, *Standard for Installing Generator Sets* [ANSI]

- o. NECA 407, *Recommended Practice for Installing and Maintaining Panelboards* [ANSI]
- p. NECA 408, *Recommended Practice for Installing and Maintaining Busways* [ANSI]
- q. NECA 409, *Recommended Practice for Installing and Maintaining Dry-Type Transformers* [ANSI]
- r. NECA 410, *Recommended Practice for Installing and Maintaining Liquid-Filled Transformers* [ANSI]
- s. NECA 411, *Recommended Practice for Installing and Maintaining Uninterruptible Power Supplied (UPS)* (ANSI)
- t. NECA 420, *Standard for Fuse Applications* [ANSI]
- u. NECA 430, *Standard for Installing Medium-Voltage Metal-Clad Switchgear* [ANSI]
- v. NECA / IESNA 500, *Recommended Practice for Installing Indoor Lighting Systems* [ANSI]
- w. NECA / IESNA 501, *Recommended Practice for Installing Exterior Lighting Systems* [ANSI]
- x. NECA / IESNA 502, *Recommended Practice for Installing Industrial Lighting Systems* [ANSI]
- y. NECA / MACSCB 600, *Recommended Practice for Installing and Maintaining Medium-Voltage Cable* [ANSI]
- z. NECA / NEMA 605, *Installing Underground Nonmetallic Utility Duct* [ANSI]
- 10. NEMA – National Electrical Manufacturers Association
- 11. NETA – International Electrical Testing Association, Inc.:
 - a. NETA ATS, *Acceptance Testing Specifications for Electrical Power Distribution Equipment and Systems*
 - b. NETA MTS, *Maintenance Testing Specifications for Electrical Power Distribution Equipment and Systems*
 - c. NETA ETT, *Standard for Certification of Electrical Testing Technicians* [ANSI]
- 12. NFPA – National Fire Protection Association:
 - a. NFPA 20®, *Standard for the Installation of Stationary Pumps for Fire Protection*®
 - b. NFPA 70™, *National Electrical Code*® (NEC®)
 - c. NFPA 70E, *Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace*.
 - d. NFPA 101®, *Life Safety Code*®
 - e. NFPA 110, *Standard for Emergency and Standby Power Systems*
 - f. NFPA 111, *Standard on Stored Electrical Energy Emergency and Standby Power Systems*
 - g. NFPA 780, *Standard for the Installation of Lightning Protection Systems*
 - h. All other NFPA codes and standards except NFPA 5000
- 13. OSHA – Occupational Safety and Health Administration
- 14. IECC – International Energy Conservation Code
- 15. ISO – International Organization for Standardization
- 16. State and Local Energy Conservation Code
- 17. Applicable County and Municipal Codes

1.5 CONTRACT DRAWINGS

- A. Contract drawings are diagrammatic only and do not give fully dimensioned locations of various elements of work. Determine exact locations from field measurements.
- B. Every effort has been made by the Engineer to indicate wiring of all receptacles, light fixtures, switches, telephone outlets, HVAC equipment, other equipment, elevator equipment, and all other devices / appliances requiring electrical power. It is the intent of

the Engineer that all light fixtures be powered and controlled unless specifically noted on the plans; that all wiring devices (receptacles and direct connected equipment) be circuited to a power source of the correct voltage and that all HVAC, elevator equipment and other equipment be properly wired to the correct voltage power source; that all communications and security systems devices and equipment and all fire alarm system devices and equipment are installed, wired and systems are fully operational.

- C. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to review the construction drawings (reflected ceiling plans) for light fixtures, casework elevation details for electrical devices which are not indicated on the electrical drawings; to review the mechanical and plumbing documents and all other drawings to determine the electrical rough-ins for all equipment requiring power connections, and to include in their proposals the correct and complete electrical rough-ins for all of these items which were inadvertently not indicated on the electrical drawings, OR the Contractor shall specifically enumerate each item requiring electrical rough-in which is not specifically shown on the electrical drawings, and indicate the electrical provisions of these items as specifically excluded from his proposal.
- D. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to compare the scale of all electrical drawings with the scale of the architectural drawings and make adjustments to all electrical drawings which have the incorrect drawing scale so that his material takeoffs are not in error due to an incorrectly labeled drawing scale and his proposal is complete.
- E. No proposal shall be accepted which specifically excludes any of the provisions of paragraphs B, C, or D above.

1.6 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

- A. Maintain at the job site a separate set of white prints (black line) of the contract drawings for the sole purpose of recording the "as-built" changes and diagrams of those portions of work in which actual construction is significantly at variance with the contract drawings. Mark the drawings with a colored pencil. Prepare, as the work progresses and upon completion of work, reproducible drawings clearly indicating locations of various major and minor feeders, equipment, and other pertinent items, as installed. Record underground and under slab service and feeders installed, dimensioning exact location and elevation of such installations.
- B. At conclusion of project, obtain without cost to the Owner, electronic PDF and AutoCAD 2014 and / or Revit CAD files of the original drawings and transfer as-built changes to these. Provide the following as-built documents including all contract drawings regardless of whether corrections were necessary and include in the transmittal: "2 sets of CDs and prints for Owner's use, one set of CDs, prints, and mylars for Architect / Engineers Records". Delivery of these as-built electronic, reproducible and prints is a condition of final acceptance.
 - 1. 3 sets of electronic AutoCAD (2014 dwg) and / or Revit CAD drawing files, on CD-ROM media, of each contract as-built drawing.
 - 2. One reproducible Dayrex Mylar film positive of each contract as-built drawing.
 - 3. Three sets of blue-line prints of each contract as-built drawing.
 - 4. Three sets of pdf prints of each contract as-built drawing on CD.
- C. As-Built Drawings should indicate the following information as a minimum:
 - 1. Indicate all addendum changes to documents.
 - 2. Remove Engineer's Seal, name, address, and logo from drawings.
 - 3. Mark documents RECORD DRAWINGS.
 - 4. Clearly indicate: DOCUMENT PRODUCED BY:
 - 5. Indicate all changes to construction during construction. Indicate actual routing of all conduits, etc. that was deviated from construction drawings.

6. Indicate exact location of all underground electrical raceways, and elevations.
7. Correct schedules to reflect (actual) equipment furnished and manufacturer.
8. During the execution of work, maintain a complete set of Drawings and specifications upon which all locations of equipment, devices, and all deviations and changes from the construction documents in the work shall be recorded.
9. Exact location of all electrical equipment in building. Label panel schedules to indicate actual location.
10. Exact location of all electrical equipment in and outside of the building.
11. Exact location of all outdoor lighting poles and equipment.
12. Location, size and routing of all feeder conduits, equipment, etc. shall be accurately and neatly shown to dimension.
13. Exact location of all roof mounted equipment, wall, roof and floor penetrations.
14. Cloud all changes.
15. Update all panel schedules with all additional circuits added or deleted through construction. Identify each circuit to include all information specified for directory cards for circuit identification in panelboards.

1.7 SPACE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Consider space limitations imposed by contiguous work in selection and location of equipment and material. Do not provide equipment or material that is not suitable in this respect.

1.8 RELATION WITH OTHER TRADES

- A. Carefully study all matters and conditions concerning the project. Submit notification of conflict in ample time to prevent unwarranted changes in any work. Review other Divisions of these specifications to determine their requirements. Extend electrical services and final connections to all items requiring same.
- B. Because of the complicated relationship of this work to the total project, conscientiously study the relation and cooperate as necessary to accomplish the full intent of the documents.
- C. Provide sleeves and inserts in forms as required for the work. Stub up and protect open ends of pipe before any concrete is placed. Furnish sizes of required equipment pads. Furnish and locate bolts and fittings required to be cast in them.
- D. Locate and size openings required for installation of work specified in this Division in sufficient time to prevent delay in the work.
- E. Refer to other Divisions of the specifications for the scope of required connections to equipment furnished under other Division. Determine from the General Contractor / Construction Manager for the various trades, the Owner, and by direction from the Architect / Engineer, the exact location of all items. The construction trades involved shall furnish all roughing-in drawings and wiring diagrams required for proper installation of the electrical work.
 1. Make final electrical connections to all electrically operated equipment indicated on the drawings, except as noted.
 2. The responsibility for alignment of motor and driven equipment is specified in the related division.
- F. Request all Shop Drawings required in ample time to permit proper installation of all electrical provisions.

- G. Extend services as indicated to the various items of equipment furnished by others. Rough-in for the various items and make final connections ready for operation upon placing of the equipment.

1.9 CONCEALED AND EXPOSED WORK

- A. When the word "concealed" is defined as hidden from sight as in chases, furred spaces or above ceilings. "Exposed" is defined as open to view, in plain sight.

1.10 GUARANTEE

- A. Guarantee work for 1 year from the date of substantial completion of the project. During that period make good any faults or imperfections that may arise due to defects or omissions in material, equipment or workmanship. Replacement of failed parts or equipment shall be provided.

1.11 MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Furnish new and unused materials and equipment meeting the requirements of the paragraph specifying acceptable manufacturers. Where two or more units of the same type or class of equipment are required, provide units of a single manufacturer.

1.12 NOISE AND VIBRATION

- A. Select equipment to operate with minimum noise and vibration. If noise or vibration is produced or transmitted to or through the building structure by equipment, piping, ducts or other parts of work, and judged objectionable by the Owner, Architect, or Engineer, rectify such conditions at no additional cost to the Owner. If the item of equipment is judged to produce objectionable noise or vibration, demonstrate at no additional cost that equipment performs within designated limits on a vibration chart.

1.13 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers names and catalog number specified under sections of Division 26 are used to establish standards of design, performance, quality and serviceability and not to limit competition. Where equipment or accessories are used which differ in arrangement, configuration, dimensions, ratings, or engineering parameters from those indicated on the Contract Documents, the Contractor is responsible for all costs involved in integrating the equipment or accessories into the system and for obtaining the intended performance from the system into which these items are placed. Written notification of intent to use manufacturers other than those specified is required ten days prior to bid. Submittals shall be reviewed only after bidding and may be rejected if any aspect of the equivalent product is deemed lesser than that of the specified product by the specifier. The contractor shall be responsible for ensuring alternates are equivalent to those specified.. Submit a marked-up set of the relevant specification section indicating all variances, a comparison to the specified product, and of construction and performance criteria, complete design and performance data for the specified product and the proposed substitution for comparison to the Engineer. The Architect issues approvals of acceptable manufacturers as addenda to the Construction Proposal Documents.

1.14 UTILITIES, LOCATIONS AND ELEVATIONS

- A. Locations and elevations of the various utilities included within the scope of this work:
 1. Obtained from utility maps and other substantially reliable sources.
 2. Are offered separate from the Contract Documents as a general guide only without guarantees to accuracy.

- B. Examine the site and verify the location and elevation of all utilities and of their relation to the work. Existing utilities indicated on the site plans are for reference only and shall be field verified by the Contractor with the respective public or private utility.

1.15 OPERATING TESTS

- A. After all electrical systems have been completed and put into operation, subject each system to an operating test under design conditions to ensure proper sequencing and operation throughout the range of operation. Tests shall be made in the presence of the Architect / Engineer and Owner. Provide minimum 24-hour advance notice of scheduling of all tests. Make adjustments as required to ensure proper functioning of all systems. Special tests on individual systems are specified under individual sections. Submit 3 copies of all certifications and test reports adequately in advance of completion of the work to allow for remedial action as required to correct deficiencies discovered in equipment and systems.

1.16 WARRANTIES

- A. All normal and extended warranties shall include parts, labor, miscellaneous materials, travel time, incidental expenses, normal freight / shipping, refrigerant, oils, lubricants, belts, filters and any expenses related to service calls required to diagnose and correct warranty problems.
- B. Manufacturer's warranty shall be from one year from date of substantial completion. Contractor shall be responsible for extending the warranties regardless of date of installation or commissioning.
- C. Submit 3 copies of all warranties and guarantees for systems, equipment, devices and materials. These shall be included in the Operating and Maintenance Manuals.

1.17 BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

- A. It shall be the responsibility of the sub-contractor to consult the Contract Drawings, details and specifications and thoroughly familiarize himself as to the construction and all job-related requirements. All construction trades shall cooperate with the General Contractor / Construction Manager Job site superintendent and lay out work so that all raceways and other items are placed in the walls, furred spaces, chases, etc., so that there shall be no delay in the job.

1.18 TEMPORARY FACILITIES

- A. General: Refer to Division 1 for general requirements on temporary facilities.
- B. Temporary Wiring: Temporary power and lighting for construction purposes shall be provided under this Division. Installation of temporary power shall be in accordance with NEC Article 527.
- C. Temporary facilities, wire, lights and devices are the property of this Contractor and shall be removed by this Contractor at the completion of the Contract.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS – NOT USED

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 IDENTIFICATION OF EQUIPMENT

A. Identification of Equipment:

1. All major equipment shall have a manufacturer's label identifying the manufacturer's address, equipment model and serial numbers, equipment size, and other pertinent data. Take care not to obliterate this nameplate. The legend on all nameplates or tags shall correspond to the identification shown on the Operating Instructions. All panels, cabinets, or equipment requiring 120 volt or higher power shall be labeled as required which includes circuit designation and circuit panelboard location, regardless of which discipline installs the equipment.
2. Three layer laminated plastic engraved identifying nameplate shall be permanently secured to each switchboard, distribution panel, motor control center, transformer, panelboard, safety disconnect switch, enclosed circuit breaker, transfer switches, remote generator transfer devices not installed inside light fixtures, wireway, busduct plug, terminal cabinet, surge protective device, capacitor, individual motor controller, contactor, fire alarm panels (main and remote booster), and communications (voice, data, video) cabinet or rack, security panels, time clocks, BMCS cabinets, sound reinforcement cabinets and racks, miscellaneous control cabinets, equipment integral disconnect switches, toggle or motor switches, disconnects for equipment, exterior junction boxes, exterior pull boxes, exterior wireways and gutters, and rooftop equipment (i.e.: supply and exhaust fans, rooftop HVAC equipment) with stainless steel screws.
 - a. Utility Power: White letters on black background.
Generator Power (White letters on red background.
UPS Power: White letters on blue background.
Load Bank Circuits: White letters on green background.
Solar or Wind Power Generation: White on orange background.
 - b. Identifying nameplates shall have 1/2-inch high, engraved letters for equipment designation and 1/4-inch letters indicating source circuit designation, (i.e.: "PANEL HA –fed from MDP-6 located in Mech. Rm. 100"). The words "fed from" and "located" shall be included in the labeling.
Example: Panel HA
 Fed From MSB
 Located Main Elec. RM 100
Example: Disconnect for Panel LK
 Location: Kitchen
 Fed From Transformer TLK
 Located Main Elec. RM 100
 - c. Each switchboard, distribution panel, transfer switch, generator transfer device (GTD) for emergency lighting, and motor control center feeder or branch circuit device shall have a nameplate showing the load and location of load served in 1/4-inch high, engraved letters. Circuit breaker name and kirk key designation if applicable.
 - d. Each section of multiple section panelboards shall also indicate panelboard section number (i.e.: Panel "HA-Section 2 – fed from MDP-6 located in Mech. Rm. 100").
 - e. Motor Controllers, starters, and contactors: Provide neatly typed label inside each motor controller and contactor enclosure door identifying motor or load served, nameplate horsepower, full load amperes, code letter, service factor, and voltage / phase rating.
 - f. Individual motor controller and contactor nameplates shall include load served, location of load served, panel and circuit numbers serving load, location of panel serving load, panel and circuit number serving control

circuit, location of panel serving control circuit (if different from panel serving load), description and location (if applicable) of control controlling contactor (i.e. Controlled: Switch in RM 100, and Controlled: BMCS). Contactor nameplate is to include whether it is a lighting or receptacle contactor and name of contactor. i.e., C-1.

Lighting Contactor Example	Receptacle Contactor Example
Lighting Contactor C1 West Parking Lot Pole Lights Fed From Panel HA-2,4,6 Located Main Elec. Rm. 100 Control Circuit-Panel LA 42 Located Main Elec. Rm. 100 Controlled-BMCS	Receptacle Contactor C2 Table Recpts Lab Rm 100 Fed From Panel LA-2,4,6,8 Located Mech. Rm. 110 Control Circuit-Panel LA-42 Controlled-Emer Shut Off Mushroom Switch Rm 101
GTD Example	
Exterior lighting wall packs / north soffit / west metal canopy Fed from Panels EHA-2 located in Elec. RM 105 and HA-1 via Lighting Contactor controlled by BMCS located in Elec. RM 200.	

- g. Exterior J-boxes, pull boxes, and gutters shall have panel identification, circuit numbers, and location of panel listed on name plate. Low voltage shall be identified per contents, examples: DATA, BMCS, F/A
- h. Name plates on equipment served from switchboards, distribution panels, I-Line panels, and motor control centers are not to include circuit numbers shown on drawings as the circuit numbers are for construction drawing purposes only.
- i. Panel names for 277/480v shall start with the letter "H" and 120/208v, 120/240v shall start with the letter "L". No panel shall be named to include a number other than multi sectional panels, example HA-section 2. New panels installed in renovation or site additions shall have names approved or designated by Owner's electrical representative. Panel names shall not include the letter "I". Transformer names shall start with the letter "T" followed by the panel name it serves, i.e., TLA.
- j. Main service ATS label shall include equipment name, emergency source and location, normal power source and location, panel served and location. Wall mounted ATS serving lighting loads shall include type of lighting and location, emergency panel and circuit ID and location of panel, normal panel and circuit ID and location of panel.

Main Service ATS Example	Wall Mounted Lighting ATS Example
ATS-1	ATS
Emer Power-Emer Generator Located Chiller Yard	Exterior Wall Packs/Soffit Lights North/West Metal Canopy Lights
Normal Power-MSB Located-Mech Rm 100	Fed from EHA-2 Located Mech Rm 200
Serves Panel EHA Located-Mech Rm 100	Fed From HB-4 Located Mech Rm 150
- k. Name plates shall include rated bus amperage, voltage, number of phases, number of wires and type of essential electrical system as applicable.
- l. Switchgear, switchboards, panelboards, motor control centers, or service equipment available fault current labeling: Provide a 2x3 inch permanently affixed (notice) label with white lettering on contrasting blue background permanently affixed to the equipment prior to energizing the equipment. The label shall include the date of installation and the date of

calculation and comply with ANSI Z535.4 current standards design and durability. The date of calculation shall be the date indicated by the Engineer of Record's seal on the Construction Documents. Example:

AVAILABLE FAULT CURRENT: ##, ### AMPS
DATE OF INSTALLATION: MM/DD/YY
DATE OF CALCULATION: MM/DD/YY

3. Cardholders and directory cards shall be furnished for circuit identification in panelboards. Cardholder shall be located on inside of panel door and shall be in a metal frame with clear plastic front. Circuit lists shall be typewritten. Circuit descriptions shall include explicit description and identification of items controlled by each individual breaker, including final graphics room number or name designation and name of each item served. If no building appointed room number or name is given, list locations per the following examples – A. Storage in Rm 100 – B. Office in Rm 100 – C. Storage west of Rm. 100. List corridors as "corridors". Identify circuits controlled by contactors using a separate notation for each contactor used. List notation at bottom of schedule stating the circuits are controlled by a contactor, list exact location of contactor, and how switched. Do not use architectural room number designation shown on plans. Obtain final graphics room number identification from Architect's final room number graphics plan. All locations served by breakers shall be listed on schedule. Panel schedule shall be large enough to contain all information required. Also refer to Section 26 24 16.
 4. Permanent, waterproof, black markers shall be used to identify each lighting and power grid junction box, gutter and wireway. Clearly indicate the panel and branch circuit numbers available at that junction box, gutter or wireway. Where low voltage relay panels are used for lighting control, identify the low voltage relay panel and number in addition to the branch circuit panel and number.
 5. Pull Boxes, Transformers, Disconnect Switches, etc.: Field work each with a name plate showing identity, voltage and phase and identifying equipment connected to it. The transformer rating shall be shown on the panels or enclosures. For an enclosure containing a motor starter, the nameplate shall include the Owner's motor number, motor voltage, number of motor phases, motor load being serviced, motor horsepower, and motor full load current. Nameplates shall also indicate where panel is fed from.
- B. Prohibited Markings: Markings intended to identify the manufacturer, vendor, or other source from whom the material has been obtained are prohibited for installation in public, tenant, or common areas within the project. Also prohibited are materials or devices that bear evidence that markings or insignias have been removed. Certification, testing (example, Underwriters Laboratories), and approval labels are exceptions to this requirement.
- C. Warning Signs: Provide warning signs where there is hazardous exposure associated with access to or operation of electrical facilities. Provide text of sufficient size to convey adequate information at each location, mount permanently in an appropriate and effective location. Comply with industry standards for color and design.
- D. Wire and Cable Markers: Provide vinyl cloth markers with split sleeve or tubing type, except in manholes provide stainless steel with plastic ties.
- E. Wire and Cable Labeling: Provide wire markers on each conductor in all boxes, pull boxes, gutters, wireways, contactors, and motor controllers and load connection. Identify with panelboard / switchboard branch circuit or feeder number for power and lighting

circuits, and with control wire number as indicated on equipment manufacturer's shop drawings for control wiring.

- F. Underground Warning Tape: Thomas and Betts or approved equal. Six-inch wide plastic tape, colored red for 50 volts or above electrical, or orange for communications and control with suitable warning legend describing buried electrical lines; telephone lines and data lines per APWA recommendations. All underground electrical conduits shall be so identified. Tape shall be buried at a depth of 6-inches below grade and directly above conduits or ductbanks. Provide magnetic marking tape below all underground electrical conduits.
- G. Lighting Controls and Equipment: Provide self-adhesive machine typed tape labels with $\frac{1}{4}$ " high white letters on $\frac{1}{2}$ " tall black background for digital lighting modules as "DLM". Modules or relays located above ceiling: adhere label to bottom of ceiling T-grid below relay location. Modules or relays located in mechanical or electrical rooms or other areas other than above ceiling: Adhere label to the cover of the module or relay and identify the area they control as "MAIN GYM", "BAND HALL", or "CORRIDOR 100", etc. Remote lighting control switches or push-button stations located remotely from the area they control: Adhere label to device face plate, not obstructing screw fasteners, and intuitively identify function such as "GYM LTG LOW-HIGH" or "CAFE LTG DIM", etc.

3.2 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. General: Comply with the requirements of Division 1 for the cutting and patching of other work to accommodate the installation of electrical work. Except as authorized by the Architect / Engineer, cutting and patching of electrical work to accommodate the installation of other work is not permitted.

3.3 INSTRUCTION OF OWNER'S PERSONNEL

- A. Prior to substantial completion, conduct an on-site training program to instruct Owner's operating personnel in the operation and maintenance of the electrical systems.
 - 1. Provide the training during regular working day.
 - 2. The instructors shall be experienced in their phase of operation and maintenance of the electrical systems and with the project.
 - 3. Refer to other specification sections for additional training and commissioning requirements.
- B. Time to be allocated for instructions.
 - 1. Minimum of 20 hours dedicated instructor time.
 - 2. 4 hours on each of 5 days.
 - 3. Additional instruction time for specific systems as specified in other Sections.
- C. Before on-site training, submit the program syllabus; proposed time and dates; for review and approval, minimum 48 hours prior to proposed training time and date.
 - 1. One copy to the Owner.
 - 2. One copy to the Architect / Engineer.
- D. The Owner shall provide a list of personnel to receive instructions and shall coordinate their attendance at the agreed upon times.
- E. Use operation and maintenance manuals as the basis of instruction. Review manual with personnel in detail. Explain all aspects of operation and maintenance.
- F. Demonstrate start-up, operation, control, adjustment, troubleshooting, servicing, maintenance, and shut down of each item of equipment.

- G. Demonstrate equipment functions (both individually and as part of the total integrated system).
- H. Prepare and insert additional data in the operating and maintenance manuals when the need for additional data becomes apparent during instructions.
- I. Submit a report within one week after completion of training. List time and date of each demonstration, hours devoted to the demonstration, and a list of people present, with their respective signatures.
- J. At the conclusion of the on-site training program, have the person designated by the Owner sign a certificate to certify that he / she has a proper understanding of the system, that the demonstrations and instructions have been satisfactorily completed, and the scope and content of the operating and maintenance manuals used for the training program are satisfactory.
- K. Provide a copy of the report and the certificate in an appropriately tabbed section of each Operating and Maintenance Manual.

3.4 OPENINGS

- A. Framed, cast or masonry openings for boxes, equipment or conduits are specified under other divisions. Drawings and layout work for exact size and location of all openings are included under this division.

3.5 HOUSEKEEPING PADS

- A. Provide concrete equipment housekeeping pads under all floor and outdoor mounted electrical equipment.
- B. Concrete and reinforcing steel shall be as specified in Division 3, or as indicated or noted.
- C. Concrete pads:
 - 1. 6-inches thick minimum indoors; 8-inches thick minimum outdoors or match existing if indicated on the drawings to extend existing pads, or in other sections of the specifications.
 - 2. Chamfer strips at edges and corner of forms.
 - 3. Smooth steel trowel finish.
 - 4. Extend 3-inches minimum indoors beyond perimeter of equipment unless otherwise shown.
 - 5. 6-inch x 6-inch #8 wire reinforcement mesh.

3.6 OBSTRUCTIONS

- A. The drawings indicate certain information pertaining to surface and subsurface obstructions, which has been taken from available drawings. Such information is not guaranteed, however, as to accuracy of location or complete information.
 - 1. Before any cutting or trenching operations are begun, verify with Owner's representative, utility companies, municipalities, and other interested parties that all available information has been provided.
 - 2. Should obstruction be encountered, whether shown or not, alter routing of new work, reroute existing lines, remove obstruction where permitted, or otherwise perform whatever work is necessary to satisfy the purpose of the new work and leave existing services and structures in a satisfactory and serviceable condition.

- B. Assume total responsibility for and repair any damage to existing utilities or construction, whether or not such existing facilities are shown.

3.7 VANDAL RESISTANT DEVICES

- A. Where vandal resistant screws or bolts are employed on the project, deliver to the Owner 2 suitable tools for use with each type of fastener used, and 25 percent spare fasteners.
- B. Proof of delivery of these items to the Owner shall be included in the Operating and Maintenance Manuals.

3.8 PROTECTION

- A. Protect work, equipment, fixtures, and materials. At work completion, work must be clean and in original manufacturer's condition.
- B. Do not deliver equipment to this project site until progress of construction has reached the stage where equipment is actually needed or until building is closed in enough to protect the equipment from weather. Equipment allowed to stand in the weather shall be rejected, and the contractor is obligated to furnish new equipment of a like kind at no additional cost to the Owner.

3.9 COORDINATION OF BRANCH CIRCUIT OVERCURRENT AND PROTECTION DEVICES

- A. Review with equipment specified which requires electrical connections. Review equipment shop drawings and manufacturer's nameplate data and coordinate exact branch circuit overcurrent protective device and conductors with equipment provided.
 1. Provide equipment manufacturer's recommended overcurrent protective device indicated on nameplate at no additional cost to the Owner.
 2. If branch circuit conductors and / or conduit sizing is less than the minimum required by equipment manufacturer, notify the Architect / Engineer immediately, prior to rough-in.
 3. If equipment manufacturer is a substitution to the specified equipment manufacturer, provide the greater of the conductors specified or those required for the installed equipment manufacturer's minimum circuit conductors, at no additional cost to the Owner.
 4. If conductors indicated on plans are in excess of that permitted by equipment manufacturer, notify Architect / Engineer immediately, prior to rough-in.
 5. If conductors indicated on plans are in excess of that permitted by the equipment manufacturer, provide the maximum conductors permitted by the equipment manufacturer based on NEC ampacity tables, either in a single set, or as a set of parallel conductors as permitted by the NEC. Conductor size and quantity entering the equipment enclosures shall not exceed the equipment manufacturer's maximum recommendations.

3.10 FAULT CURRENT AND ARC FLASH STUDY FOR OVERCURRENT DEVICE COORDINATION

- A. Contractor shall provide a coordination study, fault current analysis, and Arc-Flash study report for new electrical distribution equipment downstream to the last new overcurrent device in each feeder or branch circuit, conducted and prepared by the switchgear manufacturer. The coordination study and fault current analysis shall include the manufacturer's recommendations for all adjustable overcurrent devices specified or provided. Study does not require inclusion of existing switchgear, except it shall include existing or new overcurrent devices in existing switchgear serving new switchgear. Contractor shall submit the report results prior to submitting switchgear submittals to allow changes or modifications to equipment selection.

- B. Contractor shall adjust all overcurrent device settings based on manufacturer's recommendations, or as directed by Owner / Architect at no additional cost to Owner. Settings for GFI shall be set at maximum as permitted by the NEC.
- C. Arc-Flash & Shock-Hazard Warning Labels: Provide arc-flash and shock hazard-warning labels that comply with ANSI Z535.4 on switchgear, switchboards, transformers, motor control centers, panelboards, motor controllers, safety switches, industrial control panels and other equipment that is likely to require examination, adjustment, servicing, or maintenance while energized. Locate the marking to be clearly visible to qualified persons before examination, adjustment, servicing, or maintenance of the equipment. On renovation projects, install arc-flash warning labels on existing equipment where lock-out / tag-out will be required for the renovation work. Provide the information listed below on each label. Specify that arc-flash warning label information be produced by the electrical equipment manufacturer or supplier as a part of the final power system studies to be submitted by the Contractor in accordance with the electrical acceptance testing.
1. Note: In addition to the final arc-flash analysis, the final power system studies include load flow and fault-current calculations, and an overcurrent protective device (OCPD) coordination study based on the actual equipment to be installed for the project.
- D. Information to be determined and applied to electrical equipment:
1. Arc-Flash Protection Boundary.
 2. Arc-Flash incident energy calculated in accordance with IEEE Std 1584TM.
 3. Working distance calculated in accordance with IEEE Std 1584aTM.
 4. NFPA 70E Hazard / Risk Category Number or the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) for operations with doors closed and covers on.
 - a. Typical operations include operating circuit breakers, fused switches, and meter selector switches.
 5. System phase-to-phase voltage.
 6. Condition(s) when a shock hazard exists (e.g., "With cover off").
 7. Limited Approach Boundary as determined from NFPA 70E, Table 130.2(C).
 8. Restricted Approach Boundary as determined from NFPA 70E, Table 130.2(C).
 9. Prohibited Approach Boundary as determined from NFPA 70E, Table 130.2(C).
 10. Unique equipment designation or code (described under "Component Identification").
 11. Class for insulating gloves based on system voltage (e.g., Class 00 up to 500V)
 12. Voltage rating for insulated or insulating tools based on system voltage (e.g., 1000V).
 13. Date that the hazard analysis was performed.
 14. "Served from" circuit directory information including the serving equipment designation, location (e.g., room number), circuit number, and circuit voltage / number of phases / number of wires.
 15. If applicable, the "serves" circuit directory information including the served equipment designation, location (e.g., room number), circuit number, and circuit voltage / number of phases / number of wires.
 16. An abbreviated warning label may be used where it has been determined that no dangerous arc-flash hazard exists in accordance with IEEE 1584aTM, paragraph 9.2.3.
 17. Use a "DANGER" label where the calculated arc-flash incident energy exceeds 40 cal/cm.
- E. Submittals: Submit four copies of coordination study and certified fault current study results to the Architect for review.

3.11 EQUIPMENT BACKBOARDS

- A. Backboards: ¾ inch, fire retardant, exterior grade plywood, painted gray, both sides.
 - 1. Provide minimum of two 4-ft. by 8-ft. sheets of plywood for each new telephone equipment terminal location.
 - 2. Provide minimum of two 4-ft. by 4-ft. sheets of plywood for each new data / voice / video / communications equipment location / cable TV head end equipment, or security equipment location.

3.12 TESTING

- A. The contractors for the various sub-systems shall submit proposed testing procedures for their systems, subject to review and approval and Owner acceptance. The contract will not be declared to be substantially complete until the functional operation of the subsystems have been demonstrated and verified and reports have been provided, reviewed and accepted.
- B. The project will not be declared substantially complete until the following has taken place.
 - 1. The "As-Built" drawings have been submitted, reviewed and accepted by the Architect / Owner / Owner's Construction Representative.
 - 2. The building emergency lighting system and other systems including but not limited to those listed below have been tested, completed factory start-up and programming and adjusting as required for a complete and fully operational system acceptable to the Architect and Owner.
 - a. Occupancy Sensor and Lighting Controls.
 - b. Surge protective device equipment.
 - c. Overcurrent devices.
 - d. Motor Controllers.
 - e. Emergency Lighting.
 - f. Building Fire Alarm System.
 - g. Clock System.
 - h. Television Distribution System.
 - i. Building Data / Voice Cabling System.
 - j. Surveillance and Security System.
 - k. Intercom / Telephone.
 - l. Sound Reinforcement Systems.
 - m. Building Lightning protection System.

3.13 LOAD BALANCING

- A. Balance the loads on each low-voltage feeder so that the voltage on each phase is within +/- 1.0% of the average voltage of the three phases. Refer to the DOE Office of Industrial Technologies, "Motor Tip Sheet #7" dated September 2005 available for download to PDF format at no charge at:
http://www1.eere.energy.gov/industry/bestpractices/pdfs/eliminate_voltage_un_balanced_motor-systems7.pdf.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 05 12

ELECTRICAL SHOP DRAWINGS, COORDINATION DRAWINGS & PRODUCT DATA

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Prepare submittals as required by Division 01 and as outlined below.
- B. Provide individual submittals based on the project specification section number and description and only items specified or required in that specific project specification section.
- C. Submit product data shop drawings only for the following items indicated below when included as part of the project specifications, and for items specifically requested elsewhere in the Contract Drawings and Specifications. Architect / Engineer reserves the right to refuse shop drawings not requested for review, typically for basic materials and commodity off-the-shelf materials, and/or to imply that materials shall be provided as specified without exception.
- D. The term submittal, as used herein, refers to all:
 - 1. Shop Drawings.
 - 2. Coordination Drawings.
 - 3. Product data.
- E. Submittals shall be prepared and produced for:
 - 1. Distribution as specified
 - 2. Inclusion in the Operating and Maintenance Manual, in the related O&M manual section.

1.2 ARCHITECT / ENGINEER REVIEW OF SUBMITTALS

- A. The Architect / Engineer will:
 - 1. Review requested submittals with reasonable promptness. Specific equipment submittal within a materials specification section that may be required to be expedited shall be submitted separately without other submittal items not requiring the same prompt attention.
 - 2. Affix stamp and initials or signature and indicate requirements for resubmittal or exceptions to submittal as submitted.
 - 3. Return submittals to Contractor for distribution or for resubmission.
- B. Review of submittals will not extend to design data reflected in submittals that is peculiarly within the special expertise of the Contractor or any party dealing directly with the Contractor.
- C. Architect / Engineer's review is only for conformance with the design concept of the project and for compliance with the information given in the contract.
 - 1. The review shall not extend to means, methods, sequences, techniques or procedures of construction or to safety precautions or programs incident thereto.
 - 2. The review shall not extend to review of quantities, dimensions, weights or gauges, fabrication processes, or coordination with the work of other trades.
- D. The review of a separate item as such will not indicate approval of the assembly in which the item functions.

1.3 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Do not make requests for product or material substitution employing the procedures of this Section. The procedure for making a formal request for substitution is specified in Division 01.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- A. Each individual submittal shall be an individual specific electronic data file with the file name resembling the product specification section number and title. Refer to Division 01 for additional data file format and media requirements.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SPECIFICATION COMPLIANCE REVIEW

- A. Do not submit an outline form of compliance, submit a complete copy with the product data.
- B. Mark up a complete copy of the complete specification section for the product to indicate a) acknowledgement of the specification requirement (Comply), or b) acknowledgement that the particular specification requirement does not apply to this specific project (Not Applicable) or, c) acknowledgement that the specification requirement cannot be made or that a variance is being submitted for review to the Architect / Engineer / Owner (Does Not Comply, Explanation:).
- C. Variances for product or materials typically include updated model numbers or updated versions of the specified product from the same manufacture or an equal or better product from the approved manufactures list. Substitutions from manufacture's not on the approved manufacture's will not be reviewed unless prior approval using one of the procedures for substitutions or changes in the contract documents are followed as required in Division 01.

3.2 COMPOSITE COORDINATION DRAWINGS

- A. Produce a set of composite coordination drawings for above ceiling, below ceiling, and below floor of electrical, mechanical, and technology equipment rooms and equipment yards for review and comment within four (4) weeks of receipt of Owner's official Notice to Proceed. Show coordination of items including but not limited to structural and architectural elements, all mechanical and plumbing piping, ductwork, equipment, electrical conduit, low voltage communications and safety/security systems cabling, cable trays, lighting, electrical switchgear, generators and UPSs, and any public or private building utility services.
 1. Prepare the composite plans at one-quarter inch (1/4") equals one-foot scale. Include larger scale sections with vertical elevations of elements as required to confirm coordinate of all elements.
 2. For each room containing major electrical switchgear and each outside equipment area with major electrical switchgear and other equipment also include NEC working space, NEC equipment space, and NEC access to NEC working space, and housekeeping pad location and dimensions.
 3. Prepare coordination drawings to coordinate installations for efficient use of available space allowing for future additional equipment wherever possible, for proper sequence of installation, and to resolve conflicts. Coordinate with work specified in other sections and other divisions of the specifications.
 4. Identify field dimensions. Show relation to adjacent or critical features of work or products.

- B. Submit composite coordination shop drawings in plan, elevation and sections, showing receptacles, outlets, electrical and telecommunication devices in casework, cabinetwork and built-in furniture.
 - 1. Verify location of wiring devices and outlets, communication devices and outlets, safety and security devices, and other work specified in this Division.
 - 2. Coordinate with drawing details, site conditions, composite coordination drawings, and millwork other equipment shop drawings prior to installation.
 - 3. Submit coordination and shop drawings prior to rough-in and fabrication.

3.3 EQUIPMENT SHOP DRAWINGS AND PRODUCT DATA

- A. Submittals shall not be combined or bound together with any other material submittal. Do not submit entire product catalogs, submit only specific data sheets indicating required product information and available product options or accessories.
- B. Submittal Specification Information:
 - 1. Every submittal document shall bear the following information as used in the project manual:
 - a. The related specification section number.
 - b. The exact specification section title.
 - c. Additional identifiers as required in Division 01.
 - 2. Submittals delivered to the Architect / Engineer without the specified information will not be processed. The Contractor shall bear the risk of all delays, as if no submittal had been submitted or delivered.
- C. All product options specified shall be clearly indicated on the product data submittal. All options listed on the standard product printed data not clearly identified as either part of or not part of the product data submitted shall become part of the Contract and shall be assumed to be provided with the product submitted.
- D. Mark each copy of standard manufacturer's printed data to identify pertinent products, referenced to specification section and article number.
- E. Show reference standards, performance characteristics and capacities; wiring diagrams and controls; component parts; finishes; dimensions and required clearances.
- F. Modify manufacturer's standard schematic drawings and diagrams to supplement standard information and to provide information specifically applicable to the work. Delete or strike through information not applicable.
- G. Submit drawings in a clear and thorough manner. Identify details by reference to sheet and detail, schedule, or room numbers shown on Contract Drawings.
- H. Show all dimensions of each item of equipment in its to be installed assembled condition with all components assembled. Include a series of drawings of individual components as necessary for reference.
- I. Identify field dimensions; show relation to adjacent or critical features or work or products.
- J. Submit individually bound shop drawings and product data for the following when specified or provided.
- K. The Fault Current and Overcurrent Device Coordination Analysis shall be submitted prior to other electrical switchgear dependent on the results of the study for specific product selection by the vendor or contractor for compliance with the study.
 - 1. The emergency life safety power system equipment shall be fully coordinated as

- required by the NEC.
 - 2. The AIC and WCR ratings of all products meet or exceed the available fault current at that equipment's location.
 - 3. Electrical systems other than life safety power systems shall be coordinated as much as practicable while reducing arc flash energy as much as practical.
- L. Required submittals when products are indicated or specified:
- 1. Fault Current and Overcurrent Device Coordination Analysis. Submit this analysis at a minimum of three (3) weeks prior to any overcurrent device submittal to allow review for modifications to overcurrent device product selection submittal based on the manufacture's analysis and recommendations. Manufacture's recommendations for code compliance equipment fault tolerance are a project requirement and shall be provided at no additional cost to the Owner. Manufacture's recommendations for arc flash reduction that result in no additional cost to the Owner shall be provided. Manufacture's recommendations for arch flash reduction which would result in additional cost to the Owner are considered recommendations only and will be reviewed by the Engineer during the submittal review and may or may not result in changes to the specified or submitted equipment.
 - 2. Enclosed Switches, non-fused, fused, or circuit breaker.
 - 3. Panelboards.
 - 4. Load centers.
 - 5. Wiring devices.
 - 6. Lighting fixtures.
 - 7. Lighting Controls.
 - 8. Surge Protection Devices.
 - 9. Transformers.
 - 10. Electrical Contactors.
 - 11. Enclosed Motor Controllers.
 - 12. Site Lighting Photometrics, Poles, and Fixtures.
 - 13. Switchboards, including renewal components for existing switchboards.
 - 14. Elevator Power Module fused switches.
 - 15. Fuses.
 - 16. Recessed floor boxes and fittings.
 - 17. Metering equipment for building management energy monitoring, usage, IECC compliance.
 - 18. Modular metering equipment for multi-tenant utility electrical services.
 - 19. Emergency/Standby generators.
 - 20. Automatic transfer switches.
 - 21. Manual transfer switches with or without integral generator docking stations.
 - 22. Remote generator docking stations.
 - 23. Emergency lighting inverters.
 - 24. Theatrical Lighting Systems.
 - 25. Architectural Dimming Systems.
 - 26. Electrical cable trays.
 - 22. Sports Lighting Equipment, Photometrics, Fixtures, and Poles.
 - 27. Surface Raceways.
 - 28. Electrical controls and time switches.
 - 29. Motor control centers, including renewal components for existing motor control centers.
 - 30. Busway.
 - 31. Uninterrupted Power Supply systems.
 - 32. Power quality improvement filters or capacitors.
 - 33. Lightning protection system.
 - 34. Fire Rated Cables and Connectors.
 - 35. Low Voltage Switchgear.

- 36. Medium Voltage Cable and Connectors.
- 37. Medium Voltage Switchgear.

3.4 MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Submit Manufacturer's instructions for storage, preparation, assembly, installation, start-up, adjusting, calibrating, balancing and finishing.

3.5 CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Review, make corrections or annotations for clarification of manufacturer supplied data, stamp and sign submittals prior to transmittal.
- B. Determine and verify:
 - 1. Field measurements.
 - 2. Field construction criteria.
 - 3. Manufacturer's catalog numbers.
 - 4. Conformance with the Contract Documents.
- C. Coordinate submittals with requirements of the work and of the Contract Documents.
- D. Notify the Architect / Engineer in writing at time of submission of any deviations in the submittals from requirements of the Contract Documents.
- E. Do not fabricate products, or begin work for which submittals are required, until such submittals have been produced and bear contractor's stamp of acceptance or approval. Do not fabricate products or begin work until return of reviewed submittals with Architect / Engineer's acceptance.
- F. Contractor's responsibility for errors, omissions, or un-approved substitutions in submittals is not relieved whether Architect / Engineer reviews submittals or not.
- G. Contractor's responsibility for deviations in submittals from requirements of Contract Documents is not relieved whether Architect / Engineer reviews submittals or not, unless Architect / Engineer gives written acceptance of the specific deviations identified by the Contractor on reviewed documents.
- H. Submittals shall show sufficient data to indicate complete compliance with Contract Documents:
 - 1. Proper sizes and capacities.
 - 2. That the item will fit in the available space in a manner that will allow proper service; manufacture's and code required clearances.
 - 3. Construction methods, materials and finishes.
- I. Schedule submissions at least 15 days before date reviewed submittals will be needed by the Contractor for processing or for making corrections for re-submittal.
- J. General and Electrical Contractor's Stamp of Approval
 - 1. The general contractor and the electrical contractor shall stamp and sign each document certifying to the review of products, field measurements and field construction criteria, and coordination of the information within the submittal with requirements of the work and of Contract Documents.
 - 2. Contractor's stamp of approval on any submittal shall constitute a representation to Owner and Architect / Engineer that Contractor has either determined and verified all quantities, dimensions, field construction criteria, materials, catalog numbers, and similar data or assumes full responsibility for doing so, and that

Contractor has reviewed or coordinated each submittal with the requirements of the work and the Contract Documents.

3. Do not deliver any submittals to the Architect / Engineer that do not bear the Contractor's stamp of approval and signature.
4. Submittals delivered to the Architect / Engineer without Contractor's stamp of approval and signature will not be processed. The Contractor shall bear the risk of all delays, as if no submittal had been delivered.

3.6 SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Make submittals promptly in accordance with approved schedule, and in such sequence as to cause no delay in the Project or in the work of any other Contractor. Product and equipment related to site work or other trades which require extensive rough-in, foundations, or structural support shall be submitted as soon as possible after given notice to proceed with construction.
- B. Number of submittals required:
 1. Coordination Drawings: Submit one electronic data file (pdf) and three opaque reproductions or coordination drawings.
 2. Product Data: Submit electronic data PDF files. Refer to Division 01 for specific requirements. PDF files that are 20MB or larger may indicate that a submittal includes information not specifically relevant to the specific product being provided, information not required for the review of the specific product such as a complete product catalog or catalog section. Contractor shall include only the product data required to review the specific products characteristics for compliance with the contract documents.
- C. Accompany submittals with transmittal letter containing:
 1. Date.
 2. Project title and number.
 3. Contractor's name, address and contact information.
 4. The number of each Shop Drawing, Project Datum and Sample submitted.
 5. Other pertinent data as required in Division 01.
- D. Submittals shall include:
 1. The date of submission.
 2. The project title and number.
 3. Contract Identification.
 4. The names of:
 - a. Contractor.
 - b. Subcontractor.
 - c. Supplier.
 - d. Manufacturer.
 5. Identification of the product.
 6. Field dimensions, clearly identified as such.
 7. Relation to adjacent or critical features of the work or materials.
 8. Applicable standards.
 9. Identification of deviations from contract documents.
 10. Suitable blank space for General Contractor and Architect / Engineer stamps.
 11. Contractor's signed and dated Stamp of Approval.
- E. Coordinate submittals into logical groupings to facilitate interrelation of the several items.
 1. Finishes which involve Architect / Engineer selection of colors, textures or patterns.
 2. Associated items requiring correlation for efficient function or for installation.

3.7 RESUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Make resubmittals under procedures specified for initial submittals. Re-submittals shall be a complete submittal as if it were the initial submittal unless otherwise instructed in the review comments on the original submittal.
 - 1. Indicate that the document or sample is a resubmittal
 - 2. Identify changes made since previous submittals

- B. Indicate any additional changes which have been made by the contractor other than those requested by the Architect / Engineer.

END OF SECTION

INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

SECTION 26 05 19

CONDUCTORS AND CONNECTORS – 600 VOLT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Provide electrical conductors, wire and connector work as shown, and specified.
- B. Types: The types of conductors and connectors required for the project include the following:
 - 1. 600V building conductors.
 - 2. 600V building conductor connectors.
- C. Application: The applications for conductors and connectors required on the project are as follows:
 - 1. Power distribution circuitry.
 - 2. Lighting branch circuitry.
 - 3. Appliance, receptacle, and equipment branch circuitry.
 - 4. Motor branch circuitry.
 - 5. Control wiring.
 - 6. Line voltage.
- D. Refer to other specific specification sections for voice, video, data, alarm and instrumentation cables.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. UL Label: Conductors and connectors shall be UL labeled.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. Refer to other specific specification sections regarding specialized wiring and connections.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS – Provide products manufactured in the USA

2.1 CONDUCTORS AND CONNECTORS

- A. General: Except as indicated, provide conductors and connectors of manufacturer's standard materials, as indicated by published product information, designed and constructed as instructed by the manufacturer, and as required for the installation.
- B. Cable Lubricant: Fire resistant, nonflammable, water-based type for standard building conductors. Provide cable lubricants for fire rated cables as recommended by the cable manufacturer.
- C. Conductors: Provide factory-fabricated conductors of the size, rating, material, and type as indicated for each use. Conductors shall be soft or annealed copper wires meeting, before stranding, the requirements of ASTM B 3, Standard Specification for Soft or Annealed Copper Wire for Electrical Purposes, latest edition.
 - 1. Conductors for control wiring sized #14 AWG through #10 AWG shall be stranded.
 - 2. Conductors for power and lighting shall be stranded. Stranding shall be Class B meeting the requirements of ASTM B 8, Standard Specification for Concentric-

Lay-Stranded Copper Conductors, Hard, Medium Hard, or Soft.

- D. Insulation for standard building conductors: Insulation shall meet or exceed the requirements of UL 83, Standard for Thermoplastic Insulated Wires.
1. All wiring inside lighting fixtures shall be temperature rated per NEC.
 2. Insulation for copper conductors shall be UL Type THHN/THWN, 90 degrees C.

2.2 COLOR CODES FOR CONDUCTORS FOR BRANCH CIRCUITS AND FEEDERS

- A. Color coding for conductors as required by NEC 210.5. Color coding for phase and voltage shall be as required by local codes and local standards. Where such standards do not exist, color coding shall be as follows:

Color Code Table	USE CONTINUOUS COLOR CODED INSULATION THROUGHOUT					
	A	B	C	N	G	IG
120/208 3 Ph	Black	Red	Blue	White	Green	Green/Yellow Stripe
120/240 3 Ph	Black	Orange	Blue	White	Green	Green/Yellow Stripe
120/240 1 Ph	Black	N/A	Blue			
277/480	Brown	Purple	Yellow	Gray	Green	Green/Yellow Stripe

Notes to Color Code Table:

1. 120/208, 120/240, and 277/480 Volt Systems shall be routed in separate raceways.
2. Switched legs of phase conductors for lighting and appliance branch circuits shall be of the same color as described above throughout the entire circuit.
3. Conductors shall be the same color from breaker to device or outlet.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install electrical conductors and connectors as shown, in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions, the requirements of NEC, the NECA Standard of Installation, and industry practices.
- B. Coordination: Coordinate conductor installation work with electrical raceway and equipment installation work, as necessary for interface.
- C. Conductors:
1. Provide a grounded (neutral) conductor for each branch circuit. Do not share grounded (neutral) conductors.
 2. No more than six phase conductors shall be installed in a single raceway. Any combination of phase conductors and grounded (neutral) conductors in any raceway shall not exceed nine.
 3. When any combination of four or more phase and grounded (neutral) conductors are installed in a raceway, the minimum size for all conductors including equipment ground conductor shall be #10 AWG, and they shall be de-rated accordingly.
 4. When more than four (4) conductors are size #10 AWG, they shall be installed in

- a one-inch conduit.
5. Pull conductors together when more than one is being installed in a raceway. Whenever possible, pull conductors into their respective conduits by hand. Use pulling lubricant when necessary.
 6. Before any conductor is pulled into any conduit, thoroughly swab the conduit to remove foreign material and to permit the wire to be pulled into a clean, dry conduit.
 7. Run feeders their entire length in continuous section without joints or splices.
 8. No wire smaller than #12 AWG shall be permitted for any lighting or power circuit. No wire smaller than #14 AWG shall be used for any control circuit, unless shown otherwise.
 9. Provide the same size wire from the panelboard to last outlet on circuit. For 20 amp branch circuits operating at 150V or less, provide #10 AWG wire when the first outlet is over 75-feet from the panelboard. For branch circuits operating at 150 to 600 volts, provide #10 AWG wire when the first outlet is over 150-feet from the panelboard.
 10. Branch circuit voltage drop shall not exceed 3% of rated voltage.
 - a. Total voltage drop from the point of service to the last outlet or utilization equipment of the same voltage shall not exceed five-percent of rated voltage.
 - b. Total voltage drop from the point of service to transformers with adjustable taps, buck-boost transformers, uninterruptable power supplies (UPS), or voltage regulators shall not exceed five-percent of rated voltage.
 - c. Total voltage drop from a separately derived system, transformer with adjustable taps, buck-boost transformer, uninterruptable power supply (UPS), or voltage regulator to the last outlet or utilization equipment of the same voltage shall not exceed five-percent of rated voltage.
 - d. Total voltage drop from the point of service to distribution equipment of the same voltage shall not exceed two-percent of rated voltage.
 - e. Branch circuit voltage drop from distribution equipment to the last outlet or utilization equipment shall not exceed three-percent of rated voltage.
 - f. Provide the same size branch circuit conductors to last outlet on circuit unless specifically noted or indicated otherwise on the drawings. For 20 amp branch circuits operating at 150-Volts or less, provide #10 AWG wire when the first outlet is over 75-feet from the panelboard. For branch circuits operating above 150-Volts to 600-Volts, provide #10 AWG wire when the first outlet is over 150-feet from the panelboard.
 11. No tap or splice shall be made in any conductor except in outlet boxes, pull boxes, junction boxes, splice boxes, or other accessible locations. Make taps and splices using an approved compression connector. Insulate taps and splices equal to the adjoining conductor. Make splices or taps only on conductors that are a component part of a single circuit, protected by approved methods. Taps or splices in feed through branch circuits for connection to light switches or receptacles shall be made by pigtail connection to the device.
 12. Support conductors in vertical raceways, as required by the NEC.
 13. Do not permit conductors entering or leaving a junction or pull box to deflect to create pressure on the conductor insulation.
 14. Make joints in branch circuits only where circuits divide. These shall consist of one through circuit to which the branch from the circuit shall be spliced.
 15. Make connections in conductors up to a maximum of one #6 AWG wire with two #8 AWG wires using twist-on pressure connectors of required size.
 16. Make connections in conductors or combinations of conductors larger than specified using cable fittings of type and size required for specific duty.
 17. After a splice is made, insulate entire assembly with UL-approved insulating tape to a value equivalent to the adjacent insulation.

18. Make splices and connections in control circuit conductors using UL-approved solderless crimp connectors.
 19. All conduits shall be installed with an insulated grounding conductor per NEC 250.122. Where green conductor insulation is not available, the ground conductor shall be identified with green phasing tape at all accessible locations.
 20. Neatly train and lace wiring inside boxes, equipment and panelboards. Provide tie-straps around conductors with their shared neutral conductor where there are more than two neutral conductors in a conduit.
 21. Clean conductor surfaces before installing lugs and connectors.
 22. Make splices, taps and terminations to carry full ampacity of conductors with no perceptible temperature rise.
 23. Provide stranded conductors connected with pressure type connectors / compression fittings and terminal lugs UL listed for the type of conductor used (AL-CU) and correctly sized to the diameter of the bare conductors.
 24. Run mains and feeders their entire length in continuous pieces without splices or joints.
 25. Color code conductors.
 26. Do not install a pull string in conduits containing conductors.
 27. Conductors shall be the same color from load side of overcurrent protection device to outlet or utilization equipment.
 28. Spare conductors shall not be installed in any conduit, gutter, raceway, panel or enclosure unless noted otherwise.
- D. Identification: Label each phase conductor in each junction box with corresponding circuit number, using self-adhesive wire markers.
- E. Splices and Joints:
1. In accordance with UL 486A, C, D, E, and NEC.
 2. Aboveground Circuits (No. 10 AWG and smaller):
 - a. Connectors: Solderless, screw-on, reusable pressure cable type, rated 600 V, 220° F, with integral insulation, approved for copper and aluminum conductors.
 - b. The integral insulator shall have a skirt to completely cover the stripped wires.
 - c. The number, size, and combination of conductors, as listed on the manufacturers' packaging, shall be strictly followed.
 3. Motor connections:
 - a. All AHU motors connections shall be split bolt connectors.
 - b. All non-AHU motors 10 HP and larger shall be split bolt connectors.
 - c. All non-AHU motors less than 10 HP shall be split bolt connectors or as recommended by the manufacturer.
- F. Aboveground Circuits (No. 8 AWG and larger):
1. Connectors shall be indent, hex screw, or bolt clamp type of high conductivity and corrosion resistant material, listed for use with copper and aluminum conductors.
 2. Provide field-installed compression connectors for cable sizes 250 kcmil and larger with not less than two clamping elements or compression indents per wire.
 3. Insulate splices and joints with materials approved for the particular use, location, voltage, and temperature. Splice and joint insulation level shall be not less than the insulation level of the conductors being joined.
 4. Plastic electrical insulating tape: Per ASTM D2304, flame-retardant, cold and weather resistant.

- G. Underground Branch Circuits and Feeders:
 1. Submersible connectors in accordance with UL 486D, rated 600 V, 190°F, with integral insulation.

3.2 TESTING

- A. Pre-Energization Check: Before energizing, check cable and conductors for circuit continuity and short circuits. Correct malfunctions.
- B. Service Entrance and Feeder Insulation Resistance Test: Each main service entrance conductor and each feeder conductor shall have its insulation resistance tested after the installation is complete except for connection at its source and point of termination. Testing shall be performed by qualified technicians who have been trained in testing procedures and in the use of all test equipment.

1. Make tests using a Biddle Megger or equivalent test instrument at a voltage of not less than 1000 VDC; measure resistance from conductor to conductor, conductor to neutral (if present) and from conductor to ground. Insulation resistance shall not be less than the following:

Wire Size (AWG)	Insulation Resistance (Ohms)
#8	250 K
#6 through #2	100 K
#1 through #4/0	50 K
Larger than #4/0	25 K

2. Conductors that do not meet or exceed the insulation resistance values listed above shall be removed, replaced, and retested.
- C. Submittals: Contractor shall furnish instruments and personnel required for tests. Submit 4 copies of certified test results to Architect for review. Test reports shall include conductor tested, date and time of test, relative humidity, temperature, and weather conditions.
 - D. Voltage and Current Values: The voltage and current in each conductor shall be measured and recorded after connections have been made and the conductor is under load.

SAMPLE DC HIGH VOLTAGE CABLE TEST REPORT
(Specification Paragraph 3.2, C)

Date _____

Contract and Work Location: _____

Contract (Project) No.: _____

Circuit Identification: _____

(Dwg., Title, Number and Ckt. Number)

Test Equipment: _____

(Make, Model, Serial No., Etc.)

Applied Test Voltage _____

Normal Oper. Voltage _____

Cable Installation: New _____ Used _____

(Date) _____ (No. Years)

Cable Size _____ AWG

Cable Length _____ Ft.

Cable Material _____ Cu _____ Al

Temperature _____ Humidity _____

TEST DATA - RESISTANCE IN KILO OHMS

CONDUCTOR PER PHASE	A-N	B-N	C-N	A-G	B-G	C-G	A-B	B-C	A-C

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 05 26

ELECTRICAL GROUNDING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Grounding shall conform to the requirements of:
 - 1. National Electrical Code.
 - 2. Governing local codes.
 - 3. All Local Utility Companies.
- B. Ground effectively and permanently.
 - 1. Neutral conductor at the main service disconnect and other separately derived systems.
 - 2. All conduit systems.
 - 3. All electrical equipment and related current carrying supports or structures.
 - 4. All metal piping systems.
 - 5. All building structural metal frames.
 - 6. All telephone/voice/video/CATV/data utilities.

1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI/IEEE Standard 142 - "Recommended Practice for Grounding of Industrial and Commercial Power Systems."
- B. ANSI/UL 467 - "Safety Standard for Grounding and Bonding Equipment."
- C. Article 250 of the NEC (NFPA 70) for grounding.
- D. NECA – Standard of Installation.
- E. NETA ATS – Acceptance Testing Specifications for Electrical Power Distribution Equipment and Systems.
- F. EIA / TIA 607.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Copperweld.
- B. nVent ERICO.
- C. Burndy.
- D. O. Z Gedney.
- E. Eaton.

2.2 GROUNDING ELECTRODES

- A. Driven Rod Electrode
 - 1. 3/4" x 10'-0" copper clad grounding electrode.

- 2. UL listed.
 - 3. Approved thermal fusion connector methods (exothermic).
- B. Metal frame of building or enclosure.
 - C. Foundation concrete encased rebar.

2.3 DATA / VOICE COMMUNICATIONS CLOSET GROUND BAR

- A. MDF closets/head end rooms: Erico Cadweld #B544A028 ground bar with 7/16-inch holes.
- B. IDF closets, Erico Cadweld #B542A004 ground bar with 7/16-inch holes.
- C. Heavy-duty, two bolt type, copper alloy or bronze for grounding and bonding applications, in configurations required for particular installation.

2.4 EXOTHERMIC CONNECTIONS

- A. Exothermic type for underground and structural steel; Cadweld
- B. Exothermic materials, accessories, and tools for preparing and making permanent field connections between grounding system components.

2.5 WIRE

- A. Stranded, copper cable
- B. Foundation Electrodes: 4/0 AWG
- C. Grounding Electrode Conductor: Size to meet NFPA 70 requirements

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GROUNDING AND BONDING

- A. In the service equipment, provide a separate (dedicated) ground bus.
 - 1. Bond the ground bus with copper bus bar or cable, of equal or greater current carrying capacity of the service grounding conductor, to the neutral bar.
 - 2. Resistance of neutral to ground shall not exceed 10 Ohms.
 - 3. Connect the electric service grounding electrode conductors to the incoming metal water pipe system (when available, using a suitable ground clamp) and to a supplemental electrode such as a ground rod or ground ring.
 - 4. Provide grounding and bonding at the power company's metering equipment.
 - 5. Provide access and cover for access to the ground grid and removable connections for testing the system.
- B. Connect the grounding electrode conductor between the ground bus and the grounding electrode system.
 - 1. In rigid PVC conduit.
 - 2. Provide thermo fusion connection for each rod ground electrode.
 - a. All rod electrodes shall be located outside the building in non-paved areas where available. Access cover top shall be flush with finish grade or floor.
 - b. Install rod electrodes as required. Install additional rod electrodes as required to achieve specified resistance to ground.

- c. The minimum distance between driven ground rod electrodes shall be 10'.
 - 3. The total ground resistance shall not exceed 10 Ohms for service entrance grounds and 25 Ohms for equipment grounds.
 - a. Where this condition cannot be obtained with one electrode, install a longer electrode, deep-driven sectional electrodes, or additional grounding electrodes until the required ground resistance is obtained.
- C. Provide an insulated equipment grounding conductor inside all conduits, raceways, surface raceways, gutters and wireways. The ground wire shall be bonded to each box to suitable lug, bus, or bushing. All bonding jumpers shall be routed inside conduit or raceway.
- D. Provide an insulated isolated equipment grounding conductor in addition to the insulated equipment grounding conductor for all isolated grounding feeders, branch circuits, outlets and isolated grounding receptacles.
- E. Provide all conduit terminating in switchgear, transformers, switchboards, panelboards and voice/data outlets with grounding bushings, where required, and ground wire extended to ground bus in equipment. Install grounding bushings where reducing washers are used and concentric and eccentric knock-outs are used.
- F. Main bus and building grounding electrode conductor installation shall be witnessed by the Architect / Engineer.
- G. Provide bonding to meet Regulatory Requirements.
- H. Interface with lightning protection system when lightning protection system is specified.
- I. Locate and install anchors, fasteners, and supports in accordance with NECA "Standard of Installation".
- J. Do not fasten supports to pipes, ducts, mechanical equipment, or conduit.
- K. Do not use spring steel clips and clamps.
- L. Do not use powder-actuated anchors.
- M. Do not drill or cut structural members.
- N. Do not use compression or mechanical connectors underground.
- O. Do not use sheetmetal or self-drilling screws for bonding connections. Provide listed or approved connectors.
- P. Provide grounding access well for each driven ground electrode, not located in manholes or pull boxes.
 - 1. Access well top shall be flush with finish paved surfaces.
 - 2. Ground access wells located in non-paved areas shall be set two-inches above surrounding finished grade. Provide 12-inch wide by 8-inch deep reinforced concrete crown around neck or opening and sloped down away from pull box opening.
 - 3. Provide thermal fusion (exothermic) connectors approved for direct burial.

3.2 METAL FRAME OF BUILDING OR STRUCTURE

- A. Effectively ground the building steel or structure per NEC 250-52 (2).

3.3 UFER GROUND

- A. Provide a UFER ground at bottom of building slab per NEC 250.52 (3), bond to building steel.

3.4 MISCELLANEOUS REQUIREMENTS

- A. Continuity of the equipment grounding system shall be maintained throughout the project. Equipment grounding jumpers shall be installed across conduit expansion fittings, liquid-tight flexible metal and flexible metal conduit, and other non-electrically continuous raceway fittings.
- B. Equipment grounding conductors and grounding electrode conductor shall be stranded copper conductors and run in a suitable raceway. Grounding conductors and grounding electrode conductor shall be continuous, without joints or splices over their entire length, except as allowed by NFPA 70/NEC.
- C. For separately derived alternating current system grounds, bond the case and neutral of each transformer secondary winding directly to the nearest available effectively grounded structural metal member as required in NEC 250.
- D. Exterior Electrical Equipment Racks:
 - 1. Provide driven ground electrode.
- E. Technology/Data/Voice Communications, CATV, CCTV, and MATV Equipment Grounding: Provide grounding electrode conductor from the communications service equipment to the building grounding system as required. Grounding shall conform to ANSI/TIA/EIA 607(A) – Commercial Building Grounding and Bonding Requirements for Telecommunications, National Electrical Code®, ANSI/NECA/BICSI-568 and manufacturer's grounding requirements as minimum. Bonding shall be of low impedance to assure electrical continuity between bonded elements.
 - 1. MDF Closets Telecommunications Main Ground Bar (TMGB): Provide Erico #EGBA14424MM ground bar, wall mounted to the telecommunications plywood backboard. Provide one #3 AWG insulated ground conductor from ground bar to building steel. Provide #2/0 AWG insulated ground conductor to the building electrical service ground at the nearest electrical switchboard or panelboard.
 - 2. IDF Closets Telecommunications Ground Bar (TGB): Provide Erico #EGBA14410FF ground bar mounted to the telecommunications plywood backboard. Provide one #6 AWG insulated ground conductor from ground bar to building steel and to ground bus of nearest electrical panelboard or switchboard.
 - 3. Provide #2/0 AWG insulated ground conductor between each TMGB and all TGBs.
 - 4. Provide #2/0 AWG insulated ground conductor from TMGB to electrical service ground bus at main electrical service switch.
 - 5. Bond each equipment rack, cabinets, frames, together and with #6 AWG insulated ground conductor to the local TMGB / TGB. Bond and ground equipment racks, housings, messenger cables, raceways, and rack-mounted conduit.
 - 6. Route TMGB – TGB ground conductor using the shortest, straightest, route practical with long radius curves.
 - 7. All conduits terminating to cable trays, wireways, and racks shall be mechanically fastened. When connected to a cable tray or rack, it must be connected with

ground bushings, wire bonded to the tray or rack, and grounded to the main building grounding system or IDF room grounding bar using #6 AWG copper.

- F. Ground lighting fixture bodies to the conduit grounding system.
- G. Bond receptacle ground to the box and conduit ground system, except where and insulated/isolated grounding receptacle or outlet is specified.
- H. Ground connections to building steel, grounding electrodes and all underground connections shall be by thermal fusion (exothermic).
- I. Provide OZ Type "BJ" bonding jumper at all expansion joints, points of electrical discontinuity or connections in conduit where firm mechanical bond is not possible, such as flexible connections, insulating couplings, etc.
- J. Ground each lighting and power panelboard by connecting the grounding conductors to the grounding stud.
- K. Ground each secondary dry-type transformer to the ground bus of the primary side panelboard. Provide a bonding jumper between the ground stud and the neutral. Ground transformer ground stud to ground ring if a ground ring is installed or the nearest structural steel member.
- L. Bond every item of equipment served by the electrical system to the building equipment ground system. This includes, but is not limited to, switchboards, panelboards, disconnect switches, receptacles, cable trays, controls, fans, air handling units, pumps and flexible duct connections.
- M. Ground each light pole, power distribution poles, and metal conduit stub-ups at each light pole base.
- N. Ground all metal conduit including metal conduit used for bends and penetrations through concrete.
- O. Bond hot water and cold water piping together at each domestic water heater.

3.5 MANHOLE AND/OR PULL BOX GROUNDING

- A. Provide a driven ground rod and ground bond ring in each power and telephone manhole or pull box. Bond cable racks and medium voltage cable shields at splices and terminations, ductbank conduit ground bushings and all other metal components in manholes or pull box to the ground ring.

3.6 COORDINATION

- A. General: Coordinate installation of grounding connections for equipment with equipment installation work.

3.7 TESTING

- A. Ground Resistance Test: Perform a ground resistance test for comparison to future inspection and testing data by the Owner. Test shall be performed using a Biddle Megger Earth Tester or equivalent test instrument. The test shall not be performed within 48 hours after the last rainfall.
 - 1. Inspect and test in accordance with NETA ATS except Section 4
 - 2. Grounding and Bonding: Perform inspections and tests listed in NETA ATS,

Section 7.13

- B. True Root Mean Square (RMS) AC measurements: The True RMS AC Measure test should be performed for all bonding conductors. The recommended maximum AC current value on any bonding conductor should be less than 1 ampere (A). The recommended maximum DC current value should be less than 500 milliamperes (mA). If abnormally high AC current levels are present on any bonding conductor, a dangerous faulty wiring condition likely exists within the room.
- C. Two-Point Bonding Measurements: The Two-point Bonding test should be performed for all bonding conductors. This test should be performed using an earth grounding resistance tester configured for a continuity test. The test is performed by connecting the meter leads between the nearest available grounding electrode (e.g., structural steel) and the TMGB or TGB. The recommended maximum value for the bonding resistance between these two points is 0.1 Ohms (100 milliohms).
- D. Submittals: Furnish instruments and personnel required for tests. Personnel shall be trained in all aspects of testing grounding systems and shall be formally trained on using all test equipment required. Submit 2 copies of certified test results for Owner's record and submit 4 copies of certified test results to Architect / Engineer for review. Test reports shall include date and time of tests, relative humidity, temperature, and weather conditions.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 05 33

CONDUIT SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Furnish and install a complete system of electrical conduits and fittings.

1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. National Electrical Code.
- B. Local codes and ordinances.
- C. UL.
- D. ETL.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS – Provide products manufactured in the USA

- A. Raceways:
 - 1. Allied, International Metal Hose, Ipex, Heritage Plastics, Wheatland, Can-Tex, Carlon, Certain-Teed, Anamet, Inc., Electri-Flex Co., Western Tube and Conduit, Sentinel Conduit.
 - 2. PVC Coated RGC: Robroy Perma Cote, Robroy Plasti-Bond, or Calbond – no exceptions.
 - 3. Stainless Steel: Robroy, Calbrite, Gibson.
 - 4. Aluminum: Penn Aluminum, American Conduit, Wheatland, Eaton B-Line, Patriot Aluminum Products.
 - 5. Reinforced Thermosetting Resin Conduit (RTRC): FRE Composites, Champion Fiberglass, United Fiberglass.
- B. Fittings:
 - 1. Appleton, Crouse Hinds, Topaz, Steel City, O.Z. Gedney, Carlon, Heritage Plastics, Raco, Ipex, International Metal Hose, Lew Electric Fittings Co.
 - 2. PVC Coated ferrous fittings: Robroy Perma Cote, Robroy Plasti-Bond, or Calbond – no exceptions.
 - 3. Stainless Steel: Robroy, Calbrite, Gibson, Crouse Hinds.
 - 4. Aluminum: Penn Aluminum, American Conduit, Wheatland, Eaton B-Line, Patriot Aluminum Products.
 - 5. Reinforced Thermosetting Resin Conduit (RTRC): FRE Composites, Champion Fiberglass.
- C. Condulets and Conduit Bodies:
 - 1. Appleton, Form 85.
 - 2. PVC Coated: Robroy Perma-cote or Plasti-Bond, – no exceptions.
 - 3. Stainless Steel: Robroy, Calbrite, Gibson, Crouse Hinds.
 - 4. Reinforced Thermosetting Resin Conduit (RTRC): FRE Composites, Champion Fiberglass.
- D. Steel MC Cable for light fixture whips:
 - 1. AFC.

2. Southwire.
3. General Cable.
4. Kaf-Tech.

2.2 GENERAL

- A. The minimum conduit size shall be $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch unless indicated otherwise in Divisions 26, 27 or 28.
 1. Branch Circuits: Minimum conduit size shall be $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch.
 2. Feeder Circuits: Minimum conduit size shall be $\frac{3}{4}$ -inches.
 3. Technology, telecommunications, and low voltage systems: The minimum conduit size shall be $\frac{3}{4}$ -inches unless noted or indicated otherwise.
 4. The minimum conduit size between buildings for technology, voice, data, fire alarm, video, security, surveillance, BMCS, and other telecommunications shall be 2-inch unless indicated otherwise.
- B. The minimum conduit size for flexible metallic conduit for tap connections to individual light fixtures shall be $\frac{1}{2}$ inch, or steel metal clad (MC) cable with insulated ground conductor maximum 6 feet.
- C. Electrical nonmetallic tubing, flexible polyethylene or PVC tubing shall not be used on this project.
- D. BX and AC cable shall not be used on this project.
- E. PVC elbows shall not be used on this project.
- F. Intermediate metal conduit (IMC) shall not be used on this project.

2.3 RIGID METAL CONDUIT

- A. UL labeled, Schedule 40:
 1. Mild steel pipe, zinc coated inside and out.
 2. Aluminum Alloy 6063, T-1 temper.
 3. Threaded ends.
 4. Insulated bushings.
- B. Fittings shall meet the same requirements as rigid metal conduits.
 1. UL labeled.
 2. Threaded fittings.

2.4 ELECTRICAL METALLIC TUBING (EMT)

- A. UL labeled, standard weight:
 1. Cold rolled steel tubing, zinc coated inside and out.
 2. Aluminum Alloy 6005, 6063. Temper T-1.
- B. Fittings shall meet the same requirements as EMT conduits.
 1. UL labeled.
 2. Insulated throat connectors.
 3. Steel fittings with setscrews with lock nuts on threaded ends, no snap locks.
 4. Cast metal fittings are not approved.
 5. Uni-couple type connectors are not approved.
 6. Split ring, anti-short bushings are not approved.

2.5 RTRC CONDUIT FITTINGS AND CONDUIT BODIES

- A. UL listed.
- B. Standard wall thickness sizes ¼-inch through 4-inch.
- C. Underground medium wall thickness sizes 5 and 6-inch.
- D. Conduit interface joints above grade, gasket joint below grade.
- E. Extra heavy wall for above ground and/or UL Class 1 Division 2 and Class 1 Zone 2 applications.

2.6 PVC COATED RIGID STEEL WITH URETHANE INTERIOR COATING

- A. The PVC coated galvanized rigid conduit and fittings must be ETL Listed and Verified. The PVC coating must have been investigated and verified by ETL as providing the primary corrosion protection for the rigid metal conduit. Ferrous fittings for general service locations must be ETL Listed with PVC as the primary corrosion protection. Hazardous location fittings, prior to plastic coating must be UL listed for the hazard conditions to which they are to be used. All conduit and fittings must be new, unused material. Applicable UL standards may include UL 6 Standard for Safety, Rigid Metal Conduit, and UL514B Standard for Safety, Fittings for Conduit and Outlet Boxes.
- B. The PVC coated galvanized rigid conduit and fittings must be ETL Verified to the Intertek ETL SEMKO High Temperature H₂O PVC Coating Adhesion Test Procedure for 200 hours. The PVC coated galvanized rigid conduit must bear the ETL Verified PVC-001 label to signify compliance to the adhesion performance standard.
- C. The conduit shall be hot dip galvanized inside and out with hot galvanized threads.
- D. A PVC sleeve extending one pipe diameter or two inches, whichever is less, shall be formed at every female fitting opening except unions. The inside sleeve diameter shall be matched to the outside diameter of the conduit.
- E. The PVC coating on the outside of conduit couplings shall have a series of longitudinal ribs 40 mils in thickness to protect the coating from tool damage during installation.
- F. Form 8 Condulets, ½-inch through 2-inch diameters, shall have a tongue-in-groove gasket to effectively seal against the elements. The design shall be equipped with a positive placement feature to ease and assure proper installation. Certified results confirming seal performance at 15 psig (positive) and 25 inches of mercury (vacuum) for 72 hours shall be available.
- G. Form 8 Condulets shall be supplied with plastic encapsulated stainless-steel cover screws.
- H. A urethane coating shall be uniformly and consistently applied to the interior of all conduit and fittings. This internal coating shall be a nominal 2 mil thickness. Conduit or fittings having areas with thin or no coating shall be unacceptable.
- I. The PVC exterior and urethane interior coatings applied to the conduit shall afford sufficient flexibility to permit field bending without cracking or flaking at temperatures above 30°F (-1°C).
- J. All male threads on conduit, elbows and nipples shall be protected by application of a

urethane coating.

- K. All female threads on fittings or conduit couplings shall be protected by application of a urethane coating.
- L. Independent certified test results shall be available to confirm coating adhesion under the following conditions
 1. Conduit and conduit exposure to 150°F (65°C) and 95% relative humidity with a minimum mean time to failure of 30 days. (ASTM D1151)
 2. The interior coating bond shall be confirmed using the Standard Method of Adhesion by Tape Test (ASTM D3359).
 3. No trace of the internal coating shall be visible on a white cloth following six wipes over the coating which has been wetted with acetone (ASTM D1308).
 4. The exterior coating bond shall be confirmed using the methods described in Section 3.8, NEMA RN1. After these tests the physical properties of the exterior coating shall exceed the minimum requirements specified in Table 3.1, NEMA RN1.
- M. Right angle beam clamps and U bolts shall be specially formed and sized to snugly fit the outside diameter of the coated conduit. All U bolts shall be provided with plastic encapsulated nuts that cover the exposed portions of the threads.
- N. All fittings, clamps, straps, struts, and hardware used with PVC coated conduit shall be PVC coated or 316 stainless steel.

2.7 STEEL FLEXIBLE CONDUIT

- A. Steel flexible metallic conduit:
 1. Zinc coated inside and out.
 2. 18-inches minimum length, 24-inches maximum length.
- B. Steel flexible metallic conduit for tap connections to light fixtures where steel MC Cable fixture whips are not used:
 1. 18 inches minimum length; 6 feet maximum length.
- C. Liquid tight flexible steel conduit
 1. Type L.A. - Grounded - UL Approved.
 2. 18-inches minimum length, 24-inches maximum length.

2.8 PVC CONDUIT

- A. UL labeled Schedule 40 and Schedule 80.
- B. PVC fittings and solvent welded joints.
- C. Acceptable PVC conduit manufacturer: Ipex, Cantex .

2.9 CONDULETS AND CONDUIT BODIES

- A. UL Labeled.
- B. Form 85.
- C. PVC Coated: Form 8.
- D. LBC Condulets shall be used for size 2 inch and above.

- E. LL and LR Condulets shall not be used for 2 inch and above.

2.10 ROOF MOUNTED CONDUIT AND BOX SUPPORTS

- A. Conduit supports and pads suitable for direct sunlight, conduit size, weight, quantity and roof system with unistrut supports and accessories. Conduit supports shall allow for conduit expansion and contraction.
- B. Refer to roofing specifications for additional information. The limitations and restrictions contained in any roofing specification shall prevail and supercede these specifications for roof mounted supports for conduits and boxes.
- C. Approved Manufacturer:
 - 1. Portable Pipe Hangers.
 - 2. Eaton B-Line.
 - 3. Miro Industries, Inc.

2.11 ALUMINUM CONDUIT

- A. UL Labeled.
- B. Aluminum fittings shall meet the same requirements of aluminum conduits, compatible steel fittings.
 - 1. UL Labeled for use with aluminum conduit.

2.12 STAINLESS STEEL CONDUIT

- A. UL Labeled
- B. Rigid Stainless Steel:
 - 1. Type 304 Stainless Steel.
 - 2. Threaded ends.
 - 3. Insulated Bushings.
- C. EMT:
 - 1. Type 304 Stainless Steel.
 - 2. Compression Fittings.
 - 3. Insulated Bushings.
- D. Fittings, elbows, nipples, strut, device box, clamps straps, etc.
 - 1. Type 304 Stainless Steel.

2.13 ELECTRICAL NON-METALLIC TUBING (ENT)

- A. UL labeled Schedule 40.
- B. PVC fittings and solvent welded joints.
- C. Acceptable manufacture: Carlon.

2.14 EXTERIOR IN-GRADE PULL BOXES

- A. Enclosures, boxes and covers are required to conform to all test provisions of the most current American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards for H-20 loading applications.

1. AASHTO H-20 certified precast concrete, cast iron or other AASHTO recognized materials, rated for deliberate traffic.
2. Conduit entry knock-outs as required.
3. Bolt down galvanized steel/cast iron covers.
4. Thin wall knocks outs as required .
4. Integral bottom.
5. Box height as required for specified conduit depth and required top elevation.
6. Concrete design strength of minimum 5,500 PSI at 28-days.
7. Place enclosures on a minimum of 6 inches of coarse gravel with a border of 6-inches beyond the enclosures exterior dimension.
8. Size and volume as required for application.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install electrical conduits and fittings for all wiring of any type unless specifically specified or instructed to do otherwise. Install conduits and fittings in accordance with local codes and applicable sections of the NECA "Standard of Installation", concealed where possible.
 1. Fasten conduit supports to building structure and surfaces; do not support to roof deck.
 2. Arrange supports to prevent misalignment during wiring installation.
 3. Do not support conduit with wire or perforated pipe straps. Remove wire used for temporary supports.
 4. Do not attach conduit to ceiling support wires.
 5. Arrange conduit to maintain head room and present neat appearance.
 6. Maintain 4-inch clearance between conduit and rooftop surfaces.
 7. Cut conduit square using saw or pipe cutter; de-burr cut ends.
 8. Bring conduit to shoulder of fittings; fasten securely.
 9. Conduit penetrations to all individual motor controllers, VFDs, and motor control cabinets shall only be made at the bottom of the enclosure. For other equipment, provide listed water sealing conduit hubs to fasten conduit to sides or tops of electrical equipment enclosures, device box, gutter, wireway, disconnect, etc.
 10. Use suitable caps to protect installed conduit against entrance of dirt and moisture.
 11. Ground and bond conduit as required.
 12. Identify conduit as required.
 13. Route all conduits above building slab perpendicular or parallel to building lines.
 14. Do not use no-thread couplings and connectors for galvanized steel, PVC coated galvanized steel, or aluminum rigid conduit.
- B. Group related conduits; support using conduit rack. Construct rack using steel channel; provide space on each for 25 percent additional conduits.
- C. In areas where raceway systems are exposed and acoustical or thermal insulating material is to be installed on walls, partitions, and ceilings, raceways shall be blocked out proper distance to allow insulating material to pass without cutting or fitting. Also provide Kindorf galvanized steel channels to serve as standoffs for panels, cabinets and gutters.
- D. Securely fasten conduits, supports and boxes, to ceiling (not roof deck), walls, with Rawl Plugs or approved equal anchors. Use lead cinch anchors or pressed anchors. Use only cadmium plated or galvanized bolts, screws. Plastic anchors and lead anchors shall not be used for overhead applications.
- E. Provide separate raceway systems for each of the following when specified, indicated or

required:

1. 120/208 volt circuits.
 2. 277/480 volt circuits.
 3. Emergency
 - a. Life safety branch.
 - b. Critical branch.
 - c. Equipment branch.
 4. Voice/Data.
 5. Sound reinforcement.
 6. Theatrical and Architectural Dimming Controls.
 7. MATV/CATV.
 8. Security CCTV.
 9. Security System.
 10. Communications / PA Systems / Sound System Line Input and Speakers.
 11. Fire Alarm.
 12. Lighting Control Systems.
 13. Building Management Control Systems.
- F. Unless shown otherwise, do not install conduit in or below concrete building slabs.
- G. Unless shown otherwise, do not install conduit horizontally in concrete slabs.
- H. Roof penetrations shall be made in adequate time to allow the roofing installer to make proper flashing. Conduit for equipment mounted on roof curbs shall be routed through the roof curb. Conduit, gutters, pull boxes, junction boxes, etc. shall not be routed on roof unless specified otherwise. Where specifically indicated to be routed or mounted on the roof, supports shall be as specified, as recommended by roofing manufacturer and roof support manufacturer and as required by NEC. Place supports every five feet along conduit run and within 3 feet of all bends, condulets, and junction boxes. Provide roofing pad under stands as directed by Architect and as recommended by roofing manufacturer and roof support manufacturer. Provide additional unistrut supports and accessories as required.
- I. PVC coated conduit shall have all nicks and cuts to the protective coating repaired using manufacturer's approved touch-up material as recommended by manufacturer. Provide a minimum of two-wraps of 3M-50 type tape over touch-up.
- J. Installation of the PVC Coated Conduit System shall be performed in accordance with the Manufacturer's Installation Manual. To assure correct installation, the installer shall be certified by Manufacturer to install coated conduit. Submit copies of training certification with submittal. Contractor shall coordinate installation with manufacturer's representative for field training and observation of installed PVC coated rigid galvanized conduit and fittings. Manufacturer's representative shall certify the installation is in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions. Submit copies of installation certification prior to cover-up of underground installation.
- K. All conduit terminations at locations including but not limited to, switchgear, pull boxes, outlet boxes, stub-up, and stub-outs:
 1. Provide insulated throat connectors for EMT conduits.
 2. Provide insulated bushing on all rigid conduit terminations.
 3. Provide locknuts inside and outside of all boxes and enclosures.
 4. Provide threaded type plastic bushing at all boxes and enclosures.
- L. In suspended ceilings, support conduit runs from the structure, not the ceiling system construction.
 1. Do not support from structural bridging.

2. Do not support from metal roof deck.
- M. Completely install each conduit run prior to pulling conductors. All boxes are to be accessible after completion of construction.
- N. All conduits must be kept dry and free of water or debris with approved pipe plugs or caps. Cap or plug conduit ends prior to concrete pours.
- O. Ream ends of conduits after cutting and application of cutting die to remove rough edges.
- P. Install all above concrete slab conduits perpendicular or parallel to building lines in the most direct, neat and workmanlike manner.
1. Cable Tension:
 - a. 0.008 lb./cmil for up to 3 conductors, not to exceed 10,000 pounds.
 - b. 0.0064 lb./cmil for more than 3 conductors, not to exceed 10,000 pounds.
 - c. 1000 lbs. per basket grip.
 2. Sidewall pressure: 500 lbs./ft.
 3. Conduit runs within the following limits of bends and conduit length between pull points shall not exceed the above installation pulling tension and sidewall pressure limits.
 - a. Three (3) equivalent 90-degree bends: not more than fifty feet (50') between pull points.
 - b. Two (2) equivalent 90-degree bends: not more than one hundred feet (100') between pull points.
 - c. One (1) equivalent 90-degree bend: not more than one hundred fifty feet (150') between pull points.
 - d. Straight pull: not more than two hundred feet (200') between pull points.
 4. Indicate sizes of conduits, wireway sections, and cable tray sections on the as-built drawings.
 5. Hold horizontal and vertical conduits as close as possible to walls, ceilings and other elements of the building construction. Conduits shall be kept a minimum of 6 inches clear of roof deck / insulation, and 2 inches clear of above floor deck / insulation.
 6. Install conduits to conserve building space and not obstruct equipment service space or interfere with use of space. Conduit shall not be routed on floors, paved areas or grade.
 7. Where a piece of equipment is wired from a switch or box on adjacent wall, the wiring shall go up the wall from the box, across at or near the ceiling, and back down to the equipment. Wiring shall not block the walkway between wall and equipment.
 8. Horizontal runs of conduit on exposed walls shall be kept to a minimum.
 9. Conduit for mechanical / plumbing equipment installed outdoors shall be routed with the associated mechanical / plumbing pipe support rack system where practical, coordinate with Divisions 22 and 23.
 10. Conduits installed in public areas, not concealed by architectural ceilings, shall be supported by galvanized steel channel racks to bottom of roof deck or floor deck. Conduits shall be grouped for neat workman-like appearance.
- Q. Install expansion and deflection fittings and bonding jumpers on straight runs which exceed 200-feet, on center, and at 200-feet maximum, on center, on straight runs which exceed 400-feet, and where conduits cross building expansion joints.
- R. Provide grounding bushings at concentric/eccentric knockouts or where reducing washers are used.

- S. Run conduit to avoid proximity to heat producing equipment, piping surfaces with temperatures exceeding 104 degrees F., and flues, keeping a minimum of 13-inches clear.
- T. Install conduit as a complete system, without conductors, continuous from outlet to outlet and from fitting to fitting. Make up threaded joints of conduit carefully in a manner to ensure a tight joint. Fasten the entire conduit system into position. A run of conduit between outlet and outlet, between fitting and fitting, or between outlet and fitting shall not contain more than the equivalent of four quarter bends, including those bends located immediately at the outlet or fitting.
- U. Conceal conduit systems in finished areas. Conduit may be exposed in mechanical and electrical rooms, and where otherwise shown or indicated only. Run the conduit parallel and perpendicular to the structural features of the building and support with malleable iron conduit clamps at intervals as required by NEC or on conduit racks, neatly racked and bent in a smooth radius at corners.
- V. Conduit bends shall be factory elbows or shall be bent using equipment specifically designed to bend conduit of the type used to maintain the conduit's UL listing. Conduit hanger spacing shall be 10 feet or less and as required by the NEC for all conduit. Beam clamp attachments to steel joist chords is prohibited. Beam clamps may only be used at beams, no exceptions. Connections to joists shall be made with galvanized channel extended between joist chords or with galvanized channel bearing on the vertical legs of joist chord angles.
- W. Support conduit on galvanized channel, using compatible galvanized fittings (bolts, beam clamps, and similar items), and galvanized threaded rod pendants at each end of channel and secure raceway to channel and channel to structure. Where rod pendants are not used, channel supports are to be secured to structure at each end. Conduit supports are to be secured to structure using washers, lock washers, nuts and bolts or rod pendants; use of toggle bolt "wings" are not acceptable. Support single conduit runs using a properly sized galvanized conduit hanger with galvanized closure bolt and nut and threaded rod. Raceway support system materials shall be galvanized and manufactured by Kindorf, Unistrut, Superstrut, Caddy, or Spring Steel Fasteners, Inc. Provide chrome or nickel-plated escutcheon plates on conduit passing through walls and ceilings in finished areas. Do not support conduit from other conduit, structural bridging or fire rated ceiling system. Do not support more than one conduit from a single all-thread rod support. Provide electrical insulating sleeve or wrapping for aluminum conduit supported by zinc coated supports or fasteners. Channel supports shall have cut ends filed smooth. When installed outside of the building, or in areas subject to moisture, the cut ends shall be painted with ZRC galvanized paint or equivalent.
- X. Terminate all motor connection conduits in mechanical room spaces with a floor pedestal and with "Tee" conduit at motor outlet height for flexible conduit.
- Y. Where conduit is not embedded in concrete or masonry, conduit shall be firmly secured by approved clamps, half-straps or hangers. Tie wire and short pieces of conduit used as supports and or hangers are not approved.
- Z. Where "LB" condulets are used, 2-inches and larger shall be type "LBD".
- AA. No more than 12 conduits containing branch circuits may be installed in junction boxes, pull boxes or gutters.
- BB. Flexible metal conduit and liquid tight flexible metal conduit shall only be used for final connections from junction box to equipment, light fixtures, power poles, etc. They are not

to be used in lieu of conduit runs. They shall not be used for wall or roof penetrations unless they are installed in a PVC coated RGC conduit sleeve at least one size larger than the OD of the flexible conduit.

- CC. Where 3-1/2-inch conduit is specified and the required or specified material is Schedule 80 PVC, provide 4-inch conduit.
- DD. "Daisy Chaining" light fixtures installed for lay-in ceiling areas is not allowed. Each light fixture shall have its own fixture whip from junction box. The only exception being light fixtures installed end to end using chase nipples between them, or light fixtures recessed in non-accessible ceilings.
- EE. In above ceiling applications, do not install raceways, junction boxes, gutters, disconnects, etc. within 36 inches directly in front of HVAC control boxes or other equipment requiring access from a point starting from the top of control box / equipment down to ceiling.
- FF. Do not install conduit, junction boxes, etc. within 18 inches of outside edges of roof access openings.
- GG. Install minimum size 2-inch nipple, at least one, between multi-sectional panels for branch circuit independent of feeder conductors.

3.2 CONDUITS

- A. Conduit above grade indoors:
 - 1. Concealed Conduits: EMT with set screw fittings
 - 2. Exposed conduits:
 - a. Below nine feet AFF where not directly attached and against building walls, ceiling, or structure: Rigid metal conduit or x-wall RTRC.
 - b. Where subject to physical damage: Rigid metal conduit or x-wall RTRC.
 - c. Wet locations: PVC coated galvanized rigid steel or aluminum conduit
 - d. Damp Locations: Aluminum rigid conduit or x-wall RTRC.
 - e. Exposed conduits in mechanical rooms or electrical rooms shall be rigid galvanized steel or x-wall RTRC when installed below 18-inches above finished floor.
- B. Conduit installed above grade outdoors:
 - 1. Galvanized rigid steel or x-wall RTRC for conduits up utility poles and where subject to physical damage or where located less than four feet above finished floor.
 - 2. Aluminum or x-wall RTRC where not subject to physical damage and where located four feet above finished floor.
- C. Conduit where indicated underground:
 - 1. PVC Coated Galvanized rigid steel or RTRC conduit elbows and Schedule 80 PVC, RTRC, or PVC coated galvanized steel straight run conduits. PVC conduits for underground branch circuits shall be Schedule 80 or Schedule 40 PVC.
 - a. PVC conduit and fittings shall be used only for straight horizontal runs and for vertical risers at site lighting pole bases. Bending straight sections of PVC conduit to less than 25-foot radius or the use of PVC factory bends is not allowed.
 - b. Change in direction of conduit runs, either vertical or horizontal, shall be with RTRC or PVC coated galvanized steel elbows or long sweep bends of straight PVC conduit sections. Long sweep bends of straight PVC 20-foot sections shall have a minimum radius of curvature of 25 feet and a

- maximum arc of 22.5degrees. Multiple long sweep bends of straight PVC sections shall be separated by a minimum of 20-feet of straight, linear, PVC sections.
- c. Provide RTRC or PVC coated rigid galvanized steel conduit elbows and fittings with urethane interior coating at all changes in direction with radius of less than 25-feet and at all vertical runs to 18 inches above finished floor elevation. For interior slab penetrations, provide continuous RTRC or PVC coated rigid galvanized steel conduit and fittings with urethane interior coating from change in direction to 18 inches above finished floor elevation, except where stubbed-up under and inside equipment or switchgear where conduit shall be terminated at minimum two inches above concrete housekeeping pad.
 - d. Elbows for underground electrical service entrance, feeders, transformer primary / secondary, telecommunication, and low voltage conduits shall be RTRC or PVC coated rigid galvanized steel with long radius as follows:
 - 1) Up to 1-inch conduit, minimum 12-inch radius.
 - 2) 1.5-inch conduit, minimum 18-inch radius.
 - 3) 2-inch conduit, minimum 24-inch radius.
 - 4) 2.5-inch conduit, minimum 30-inch radius.
 - 5) 3-inch conduit, minimum 36-inch radius.
 - 6) 3.5 to 6-inch conduit, minimum 48-inch radius.
 - e. Conduit for all floor boxes shall be routed below building slab from floor box to nearest column, wall, or as indicated.
 - f. Conduits shall not be routed horizontally in building slab, grade beams or pavement.
2. Encase all underground conduits in concrete.
 - a. Concrete shall be tinted red throughout with a ratio of 10 pounds of dye per yard of concrete unless prohibited by utility for utility conduits. Concrete encasement for utility installed conductors shall be as specified by the utility and comply with their standards and specifications. Where utility does not require but allows concrete encasement of conduits, provide concrete encasement as specified herein.
 - b. Provide minimum 3-inch concrete encasement around conduits.
 - c. Provide conduit spacers for parallel branch/feeder conduits.
 - d. When prior written approval from Owner and Architect to omit concrete encasement of conduits below building slab is given, conduits either specified or approved in writing to be routed under building slab without concrete encasement for electrical branch circuits or voice / data / video / communications horizontal drops or outlets shall be installed 18 inches below finished floor and on select fill. All other conduits, including but not limited to electrical feeders, voice / data / video / communications vertical, riser, tie, trunk, or service cable conduits shall be installed 48-inches below finished floor and on select fill.
 - e. Use suitable manufactured separators and chairs installed 4 feet on centers. Securely anchor conduit at each chair to prevent movement during backfill placement.
 3. Install building voice / data / video / communications main service conduits and electrical service transformer primary and secondary conduits with top of concrete encasement minimum 48-inches below finished grade or pavement. Voice / data / video / communications conduits and electrical service primary conduits for utility owned electrical service transformers shall also comply with the respective utility company requirements and standards. All other underground conduits outside of building other than voice / data / video / communications main service conduits and electrical service transformer primary and secondary conduits shall have top of concrete encasement at 36 inches

- minimum below finished grade or pavement.
4. Provide two "caution" plastic tapes at 6-inches and 18-inches below finished slab, grade, or pavement; identify as specified in Section 26 05 00.
 5. Conduits located outside building, provide magnetic locator tape at top of first compacted layer of backfill or concrete.
 6. During construction, partially completed underground conduits shall be protected from the entrance of debris such as mud, sand, and dirt by means of conduit plugs. As each section of the underground conduit is completed, a testing mandrel with diameter 1/4-inch smaller than the conduit, shall be drawn through each conduit. A brush with stiff bristles shall be drawn through until conduit is clear of particles of earth, sand, or gravel. Conduit plugs shall then be installed.
 7. Utility underground conduit for Utility Company cable shall be installed per Utility Company standards, and their specifications for this project.
 8. Concrete shall be Portland Cement conforming to ASTM-C-150, Type 1, Type III or Type V if specified. Cement content shall be sufficient to product minimum strength of 2,500 PSI.
 9. Contractor shall stake out routing and location of underground conduits using actual field measurements. He shall obtain approval of the Owner and Architect before beginning trenching, horizontal drilling, and excavation.
 10. Verify location and routing of all new and existing underground utilities with the Owner and Architect on the job site. Stake out these existing utilities so that they will not be damaged. Stake out new utilities to provide coordination with other trades and with new and existing utilities, easements, property lines, restricted land use areas, and right-of-ways. Verify existing public utilities with Call811.
- D. Conduit shown in concrete walls, floor or roof slab:
1. PVC Coated Galvanized Rigid steel.
- E. Conduits that penetrate concrete slab, or within 100 feet of cooling towers, or at designated corrosive locations.
1. RTRC.
 2. PVC coated galvanized rigid steel.
- F. Connections to equipment mounted on roof, rotating equipment, transformers, and kitchen or food processing equipment, or where flexible conduit is required outdoors.
1. Liquid tight flexible metal conduit (1/2 inch may be used for roof top supply / exhaust fans only).
 2. Liquid tight flexible metal conduit for 24-inch maximum length.
 3. Conduit for roof-mounted equipment shall be routed inside the roof curb assembly roof opening. Provide permanent lock-off device at panelboard circuit breakers serving roof equipment and accessories to enable tag-out procedures for all power routed through roof curb and to the roof mounted equipment and accessories.
- G. Light fixture whips:
1. Accessible ceilings and open structure: 1/2-inch flexible steel conduit or steel MC cable, length not to exceed 6-feet.
 2. Non-accessible ceilings: 1/2-inch flexible steel conduit. Length as required to make a tap at an accessible j-box. Recessed light fixtures in non-accessible ceilings may be daisy chained using the light fixture's integral, UL listed j-box or internal wire way that is accessible through fixture from below the ceiling.
 3. Dedicated insulated ground wire.
 4. Light fixture whips shall not rest on ceiling grid or tile.
 5. Light fixture whips shall not be supported from the ceiling suspension system. Support from the structure with #13 AWG galvanized iron wire pendants and Caddy clips. Do not support conduit from structural bridging. Flexible conduit and

steel MC cable shall be kept a minimum of 2 inches clear of roof deck.

- H. Conduits at Natatorium or therapeutic pool areas:
 - 1. Underground conduit shall be as specified in this section.
 - 2. Exterior conduits and boxes within 100 feet of exhaust openings shall be x-wall RTRC or PVC coated galvanized rigid steel or stainless steel.
 - 3. Exposed conduits in chemical storage rooms, pool mechanical equipment (pump rooms, and pool equipment storage rooms shall be Schedule 80 PVC. Boxes shall be PVC, or 304 Stainless Steel.
 - 4. Exposed conduits and boxes in indoor pool areas and all other indoor public areas shall be Type 304 Stainless Steel.
- I. Conduits located inside greenhouses and natatorium pump and water treatment rooms:
 - 1. X-wall RTRC.
 - 2. Schedule 80 PVC.
 - 3. PVC coated galvanized rigid steel conduit and fittings.
- J. Conduits in classified hazardous (Classified) locations:
 - 1. Conduit fittings and seals UL listed for the classification.
- K. Conduits embedded in parking structure traffic wearing surface and concrete support structures:
 - 1. Schedule 40 PVC, RTRC, PVC coated rigid galvanized conduit.
 - 2. Schedule 40 ENT may only be used for flat runs embedded in traffic wearing surface concrete topping.
 - 2. Solvent welded fittings only for PVC conduit and ENT.
 - 3. Verify with Structural Engineer prior to construction for any additional limitations for raceway installation restrictions installed in parking structure including but not limited to maximum outside diameter of raceways permitted to be used in the wearing surface, and field cutting or drilling through parking structure structural members or support structures.
 - 4. All raceways shall be securely fastened to prevent floating during concrete installation. ENT raceways shall be completely embedded in concrete material to maintain fire and smoke integratory as required by the NEC.
 - 5. When using ENT or PVC conduits, provide transition to x-wall RTRC or PVC coated rigid galvanized conduit elbows and vertical risers to ensure that only flat horizontal runs of PVC conduit or ENT are used along the top of the parking structure structural support deck and that they are completely concealed and embedded by the wearing surface concrete material topping.

3.3 CONDUIT PENETRATIONS, SLEEVES AND ESCUTCHEONS

- A. Furnish sleeves for placing in construction for all conduit passing through concrete or masonry walls, partitions, beams, all floors other than grade level, and roofs. A conduit sleeve shall be one size larger than the size of conduit, which it serves except where larger sizes are required for manufactured water, fire, or smoke stop fittings.
 - 1. Sleeves set in concrete floor construction shall be minimum Schedule 40 galvanized steel.
 - 2. Sleeves shall extend 3-inches above the finished floor.
- B. Sleeves in concrete or masonry walls shall be RTRC or Schedule 40 galvanized steel. Sleeves shall be set flush with finished wall.
- C. Install manufactured UL listed water, fire, and smoke stop fittings, or caulk around conduit or cables in sleeves with sufficient UL listed fire safe insulation or foam to maintain wall or floor slab fire or smoke rating. Refer to Architecture drawings for locations of rated walls.

- D. Provide Linkseal Mechanical Seals around conduit penetrations through walls below grade. Provide a pull box to install a water stop inside wall penetration. Internally seal low voltage cabling conduit penetrations with waterproof caulking.
- E. Sleeves penetrating walls below grade shall be Schedule 40 black steel pipe with ¼-inch thick steel plate secured to the pipe with continuous fillet weld. The plate shall be located in the middle of the wall and shall be 2-inches wider all around than the sleeve that it encircles. The sleeve should extend a minimum of 24-inches on either side of the penetration. The entire assembly shall be hot-dipped galvanized after fabrication. Do not sleeve or penetrate grade beams.
- F. Conduit passing through the housing on connected equipment shall pass through a cleanly cut hole protected with a threaded steel bushing. Route conduit through roof openings, for piping and ductwork or through suitable roof jack, with pitch pocket. Coordinate location with roofing installation as required.
- G. Conduit passing through fire rated wall shall be sealed with Fire Stop. Route conduit to preserve fire resistance rating of partitions and other elements, using materials and methods under the provisions of Division 7.

3.4 POWER DISTRIBUTION UNDERGROUND FEEDER CONDUIT AND UNDERGROUND SERVICE ENTRANCE CONDUIT

- A. Power underground feeder and service entrance shall be of individual conduit encased in concrete. Unless shown otherwise, the type of conduit used shall not be mixed in any one underground conduit and shall be the size indicated on the drawings. The concrete encasement surrounding the underground conduit shall be rectangular in cross-section, having a minimum concrete thickness of 3-inches, except that conduit for 120V and above shall be separated from control and signal conduits by a minimum concrete thickness of 3-inches. Encasement concrete shall be tinted in red.
- B. During construction, partially completed underground conduits shall be protected from the entrance of debris such as mud, sand, and dirt by means of conduit plugs. As each section of the underground conduit is completed, a testing mandrel shall be drawn through until each conduit is clear of particles of earth, sand, or gravel. Conduit plugs shall then be installed.
- C. Furnish the exact dimensions and location of power underground conduit to be encased in time to prevent delay in the concrete work.
- D. Conduit for service entrance underground conduits shall be as indicated on the drawings.
- E. Primary power underground conduit shall be installed in accordance with utility company standards and the utility company specifications for this project.

3.5 TELECOMMUNICATIONS, LOW VOLTAGE AND EMPTY CONDUIT SYSTEM RACEWAYS

- A. Conduit shall be installed in accordance with the specified requirements for conduit and with the additional requirements that no length of run shall exceed 100-feet for 1 inch or smaller trade sizes and shall not contain more than two 90-degree bends or the equivalent. Pull or junction boxes shall be installed to comply with these requirements. Provide plastic bushings at all conduit terminations. Provide a grounding bushing on each data and voice conduit.
- B. Conduits shall be installed from outlet box to above an accessible ceiling. All cables

routed through open spaces (no-ceiling below roof deck or above floor deck) shall be routed in conduit. Telecommunications systems, CATV, CCTV, fire alarm and BMCS cables can be installed above accessible ceilings without conduit. Cables installed above accessible ceiling shall be plenum rated. Conduit rough in of these cables shall include a 90-degree turn-out to an accessible location with insulated bushings on the end of the conduit.

1. Provide conduit from each telecommunications outlet box to accessible ceiling plenum.
 2. Provide conduit from each security / surveillance device outlet box to accessible ceiling plenum.
 3. Provide two conduits for each multi-media outlet box and each outlet box indicated to contain more than four data, audio, or video drops to accessible ceiling plenum.
 4. Provide the following minimum conduits for telecommunications and multi-media wall, floor, and ceiling mounted outlet boxes. Use the largest diameter conduit indicated below unless instructed otherwise in writing from the Architect:
 - a. Non-masonry outlet box: Two 1-inch conduits.
 - b. Masonry outlet box: Two 1-inch conduits, or three 3/4-inch conduits.
 - c. Where indicated differently on plans or where conflicts arise, notify the Architect / Engineer prior to installation.
- C. All conduit in which cable is to be installed by others shall have pull string installed. The nylon pull string shall have not less than 200 lb. tensile strength. Not less than 12-inches of slack shall be left at each end. Provide blank cover plate before substantial completion if box is for a future installation after substantial completion of the project. Conduit shall extend to a minimum six inches above nearest accessible ceiling and be turned horizontally with plastic bushing at terminations.
- D. Conduits for Building Entrance Facilities:
1. Underground Outside Plant: Install a pull box every 300-feet or after 180 degree turns.
 2. Inside Plant: Install a pull box every 150-feet or after 180 degree turns. All turns shall be large sweeps, not sharp 90s, with the radius of the sweep at least 10X the diameter of the conduit. Hence, a 4-inch conduit requires a 40-inch minimum radial sweep. If field conditions absolutely mandate a sharp 90-degree bend to be installed, then a pull box shall be installed at that location regardless of distance.
 3. Building entrance facilities shall not terminate in an IDF or any other space except the MDF.
 4. Coordinate the termination location of the building entrance facilities in the MDF with the room layout and equipment configuration.
 5. Provide 4-inch conduit unless indicated otherwise. Provide (3) fabric innerducts in each 4-inch conduit.

3.6 EXTERIOR IN-GRADE PULL BOXES

- A. Provide pull boxes where specified and as required.
- B. Pull boxes located in pavement shall be set with proper extensions so that top of cover is flush with pavement.
- C. Pull boxes located in non-paved areas shall be set two-inches above surrounding finished grade. Provide 12-inch wide by 8-inch deep reinforced concrete crown around neck or opening and sloped down away from pull box opening.

3.7 ALUMINUM ALLOY CONDUCTORS

- A. Where aluminum alloy conductors are specified, approved and substituted for copper conductors, provide the required conduit size based on conduit fill using NEC or recognized cable manufacturer's conduit fill tables for aluminum alloy compact conductors.

3.8 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Conduit Systems: Provide adequate marking of conduit larger than one inch exposed or concealed in interior accessible spaces to distinguish each run as either a power (120/208V or 277/480V) or signal / telecommunication conduit (Fire Alarm, BAS, BMCS, Security, CCTV, Access Control, Intrusion Detection, Telecom, etc.). Except as otherwise indicated, use orange banding with black lettering. Provide self-adhesive or snap-on type plastic markers. Locate markers at ends of conduit runs, near switches and other control devices, near items of equipment served by the conductors, at points where conduit passes through walls or floors or enters non-accessible construction, and at spacing of not more than 50-feet along each run of exposed conduit. Switch-leg conduit and short branches for power connections need not be marked, except where conduit is larger than 1-inch.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 05 35

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS FOR EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Electrical connections as required and scheduled, and as specified.

1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Refer to other Divisions for specific individual equipment electrical requirements.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. UL Label: Products shall be UL listed to the extent possible.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS AND COMPONENTS

- A. General: For each electrical connection indicated, provide a complete assembly including, but not limited to, pressure connectors, terminals (lugs), electrical insulating tape, heat-shrinkable insulating tubing, cable ties, solderless wire nuts, and other items and accessories needed to complete splices and terminations.
- B. Raceways: Refer to related sections.
- C. Conductors and Connectors: Refer to related section. Conductors at equipment terminations shall be copper.
- D. Terminals: Provide electrical terminals as indicated by the terminal manufacturer for the application.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

- A. General: Install electrical connections as shown, in accordance with applicable portions of the NECA Standard of Installation, and industry practices.
- B. Conductors: Connect electrical power supply conductors to equipment conductors in accordance with equipment manufacturer's written instructions and wiring diagrams. Where possible, match conductors of the electrical connection for interface between the electrical supply and the installed equipment.
- C. Splice Insulation: Cover splices with electrical insulation equivalent to, or of a higher rating than, insulation on the conductors being spliced.
- D. Appearance: Prepare conductors by cutting and stripping covering, jacket, and insulation to ensure a uniform and neat appearance where cables and wires are terminated.
- E. Routing: Trim cables and wires to be as short as practical. Arrange routing to facilitate inspection, testing, and maintenance.

- F. Motor Connections: Where possible, terminate conduit in conduit boxes at motors. Where motors are not provided with conduit boxes, terminate the conduit in a suitable conduit, and make motor connections. Conduit passing through the housing on connected equipment shall pass through a cleanly cut hole protected with an approved grommet. For all AHU or fan motors and all other motors 10 HP and larger, at the motor connection do not use wire nuts. Provide copper alloy split bolt connectors or compression lugs and bolts. Insulate connection with Scotch Super 88 vinyl electrical tape over rubber tape, or Tyco Gelcap Motor Connection Kit.
- G. Conduit connections to equipment including, but not limited to, Variable Frequency Drives, Manual and Automatic Transfer Switches, Surge Suppression Devices, motor controllers, electrical disconnects, food service / processing equipment, electronics, control panels and Owner furnished equipment:
1. Make conduit penetrations only at the bottom flat surface of the equipment and only where permitted by the equipment manufacturer to avoid un-intentional water entry. Coordinate installation of electrical connections for equipment with equipment installation work. Where equipment manufacture does not permit a bottom conduit entry, verify with Owner/Engineer and locate the conduit entry at the side surface as close as possible to the bottom of the enclosure.
 2. Where conduit originates from an elevation above the conduit entry, provide a "T" conduit below the enclosure's bottom elevation. Provide conduit from the conduit up to the enclosure bottom horizontal surface for electrical connection.
- H. Identification: Refer to Electrical General Provisions for identification of electrical power supply conductor terminations with markers approved as to type, color, letter and marker size by the Architect. Fasten markers at each termination point, as close as possible to each connecting point.
- I. Equipment and Furnishings: Refer to other Divisions. Coordinate power and control provisions shown for equipment and furnishings with the provisions required for the furnished equipment and furnishings. Where the power and control requirements are less than or equal to those specified, modifications to power and control provisions shall be made at no cost as a part of coordination. Where power and control requirements are in excess of those shown, notify the Architect in writing of the requirements.
- J. Elevators and Escalators, and Wheelchair Lifts: Refer to Other Divisions. Coordinate power and control provisions shown with the provisions required for the furnished equipment. Where the power and control requirements are less than or equal to those specified, modifications to power and control provisions shall be made at no cost as a part of coordination. Where power and control requirements are in excess of those shown, notify the Architect in writing of the requirements. Provide lockable disconnect switches for main power, control power, lighting power, etc. as required by the NEC and all local codes. Provide all necessary means of two-way communication for emergency phones.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 05 37

ELECTRICAL BOXES AND FITTINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Provide electrical box and fitting work as required, scheduled, indicated, and specified.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. UL Label: Electrical boxes and fittings shall be UL listed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FABRICATED MATERIALS

- A. Interior Outlet Boxes: Provide galvanized steel interior outlet wiring boxes, of the type, shape, and size, including depth of box, to suit respective locations and installation. Construct with stamped knockouts in back and sides. Provide gang boxes where devices are shown grouped. Single box design; sectional boxes are not acceptable, except for wall mounted electronic displays.
 - 1. Type of Various Locations:
 - a. Wall mounted interactive media boards, video displays, televisions, electronic signage and similar installations; recessed wall mounted box for power and/or multi-media (low voltage) outlets: Arlington Industries #TVBS 613, 4-gang steel box with white trim plate.
 - b. Technology, data, voice, video and multi-media outlet boxes at locations other than wall mounted interactive media boards, video displays, televisions, electronic signage and similar installations: minimum 4-inch square (2-gang), 3-inch deep interior outlet boxes. Raco #260H large capacity box with ½ through 2-inch knockouts.
 - c. Security, access control, and video surveillance outlet boxes: single gang, 3-inch deep outlet boxes mounted long axis vertically.
 - d. All other applications: minimum 4-inch square (2-gang) 2-1/8-inch deep boxes.
 - e. Masonry Walls: Galvanized switch boxes made especially for masonry installations; depths of boxes must be coordinated for each installation.
 - f. Surface: Type FS or FD box with surface cover.
 - g. Corrosive locations or natatorium areas: 316 stainless steel construction suitable for the installation.
 - h. Hazardous (Classified) Locations: Explosion proof boxes, seals and fittings.
 - i. Special: Where above types are not suitable, boxes as required, taking into account space available, appearance, and Code requirements
 - 2. Interior Outlet Box Accessories: Outlet box accessories required as for installation, including covers or wall device plates, mounting brackets, wallboard hangers, extension rings, plaster rings for boxes in plaster construction, fixture studs, cable clamps and metal straps for supporting outlet boxes. Accessories shall be compatible with outlet boxes used and meet requirements of individual wiring.
- B. Damp Location Outlet and Damp or Wet Location Switch Boxes: Deep type, hot dipped galvanized cast-metal weatherproof outlet wiring boxes, of type, shape, and size required. Include depth of box, threaded conduit ends, and stainless steel cover plate

with spring-hinged waterproof caps suitable for application. Include faceplate gasket and corrosion-resistant, tamper / vandal proof fasteners.

- C. Wet Location Outlet Boxes: Hot dipped galvanized cast-iron weatherproof outlet wiring boxes, of type, shape, and size required. Include depth of box, threaded conduit ends.
- D. Junction and Pull Boxes: Galvanized sheet steel junction and pull boxes, with screw-on covers, of type, shape, and size, to suit respective location and installation.
 - 1. Type for Various Locations:
 - a. Minimum Size: 4-inch square, 2-1/8-inches deep.
 - b. 150 Cubic Inches in Volume or Larger: Code gauge steel with sides formed and welded, screw covers unless shown or required to have hinged doors. All boxes mounted above ceiling shall have screw covers. Boxes in all other areas with covers larger than 12-inches shall have hinged with screw covers. Knockouts factory stamped or formed in field with a cutting tool to provide a clean symmetrically cut hole.
 - c. Exterior or Wet Areas: 304 stainless steel NEMA 4X construction with gaskets and corrosion-resistant fasteners.
- E. Conduit Bodies: Provide galvanized cast-metal conduit bodies, of type, shape, and size, to suit location and installation. Construct with threaded conduit ends, removable cover, and corrosion-resistant screws.
- F. Bushings, Knockout Closures, and Locknuts: Provide corrosion-resistant punched-steel box knockout closures, conduit locknuts, and insulated conduit bushings of type and size to suit use and installation.
- G. Outlet boxes in fire rated walls: Provide 2-hour rated gasket within box and below cover, equal to Rectorseal Metacaulk box guard and cover guard.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF BOXES AND FITTINGS

- A. Install electrical boxes and fittings as shown and as required, in compliance with NEC requirements, in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions, in accordance with industry practices.
- B. Provide recessed device boxes for wall mounted interactive media boards, video displays, televisions, electronic signage and similar installations.
- C. Provide minimum 4-inch square (2-gang), 3-inch deep interior outlet boxes for technology, data, voice, video, and multi-media outlet boxes at locations other than wall mounted interactive boards, video or visual displays. Provide single gang only, 3-inch deep outlet boxes mounted long axis vertically for security, access control, and video surveillance, coordinate with security equipment installation. Provide minimum 4-inch square (2-gang) 2-1/8-inch deep boxes for all other applications. Where indicated differently on plans or where conflicts arise, notify the Architect / Engineer prior to installation. Box extenders or plaster rings shall not be used to increase size. Provide increased box size as required.
- D. Junction and pull boxes, condulets, gutters, located above grid ceilings shall be mounted within 18-inches of ceiling grid. Junction and pull boxes above grid ceilings shall be mounted in the same room served. Junction boxes and pull boxes required for areas with inaccessible ceilings shall be located above the nearest accessible ceiling area. All junction box or pull box openings shall be side or bottom accessible. Removal of light

fixtures, mechanical equipment or other devices shall not be required to access boxes. Outlet boxes above ceiling for low voltage terminations shall face towards the floor.

- E. Use outlet and switch boxes for junctions on concealed conduit systems except in utility areas where exposed junction or pull boxes can be used.
- F. Determine from the drawings and by measurement the location of each outlet. Locate electrical boxes to accommodate millwork, fixtures, marker boards, and other room equipment at no additional cost to the Owner. The outlet locations shall be modified from those shown to accommodate changes in door swing or to clear interferences that arise from construction as well as modifying them to center in rooms. The modifications shall be made with no cost as part of coordination. Check the conditions throughout the job and notify the Architect of discrepancies. Verify modifications before proceeding with installation. Set wall boxes in advance of wall construction, blocked in place and secured. Set all wall boxes flush with the finish and install extension rings as required extending boxes to the finished surfaces of special furring or wall finishes. Provide wall box support legs attached to stud to prevent movement of box in wall.
- G. Unless noted or directed otherwise at installation, place outlet boxes as indicated on architectural elevations and as required by local codes.
- H. Outlets above counters, mount long axis horizontally. Refer to architectural elevations and coordinate to clear backsplash and millwork.
- I. Provide pull boxes, junction boxes, wiring troughs, and cabinets where necessary for installation of electrical systems. Surface mounted boxes below 9 feet and accessible to the public shall not have stamped knockouts.
- J. Provide weatherproof boxes for interior and exterior locations exposed to weather or moisture.
- K. Provide knockout closures to cap unused knockout holes in boxes.
- L. Locate boxes and conduit bodies to ensure access to electrical wiring. Provide minimum 12-inch clearance in front of box or conduit body access.
- M. Secure boxes to the substrate where they are mounted, or embed boxes in concrete or masonry.
- N. Boxes for any conduit system shall not be secured to the ceiling system, HVAC ductwork or piping system.
- O. Provide junction and pull boxes for feeders and branch circuits where shown and where required by NEC, regardless of whether or not boxes are shown.
- P. Coordinate locations of boxes in fire rated partitions and slabs to not affect the fire rating of the partition or slab. Notify the Architect in writing where modification or construction is required to maintain the partition or slab fire rating.
- Q. Exterior boxes installed within 50-feet of cooling towers or water treatment areas shall be of 304 stainless steel, weatherproof NEMA 4X construction.
- R. Identification: Paint the exterior and cover plates of building interior junction boxes and pull boxes located above accessible ceilings or non-finished areas to correspond to the following colors:
 - 1. Orange: - 480/277 VAC systems.

2. Light Blue: - 240 VAC three phase delta systems.
 3. Red – All Emergency circuits, regardless of voltage, and fire alarm system.
 4. Light Green - 120/208 VAC 3 phase and 120/240 VAC single-phase systems
 5. Yellow – Building Management and Control System – BMCS.
 6. White - Security and Surveillance equipment circuits.
- S. All box covers shall be labeled with Panel ID and circuit numbers of all circuits available in box using permanent black marker. Boxes containing main feeders are to list where fed from and load (example “MSB to Panel HA”). Information listed is to be legible, markovers are not acceptable. Multi-sectional panel numbers are not to be listed on covers (example “LA2” referring to Panel LA sec. 2 is to be listed as “LA”). Label covers for special applications explaining contents (example “Emerg. Gen. Annunciator controls”, “IDF ground”). Do not attach box covers that have both sides painted or labeled differently. In public areas where boxes are painted same color as room per architect, label inside covers. Boxes that are not used shall be labeled as not used and include panel ID. Example “Not Used Panel LA”. Unused raceways not in sight of panel shall be terminated in a box and labeled not used and include panel identification.
- T. Align adjacent wall mounted outlet boxes for switches, thermostats, and similar devices.
- U. Use flush mounting outlet box in finished areas unless specifically indicated as being used with exposed conduit.
- V. Locate flush-mounting box in masonry wall to require cutting of masonry unit corner only. Coordinate masonry cutting to achieve neat opening.
- W. Do not install flush mounting box back-to-back in walls; provide minimum 6 inches with stud separation. Provide minimum 24 inches with separation in acoustic rated walls.
- X. Secure flush mounting box to interior wall and partition studs. Accurately position to allow for surface finish thickness. Provide UL listed materials to support boxes in walls to prevent movement. Ensure box cannot be pushed inside wall.
- Y. Use stamped steel bridges to fasten flush mounting outlet box between studs.
- Z. Install flush mounting box without damaging vapor barriers, wall insulation or reducing its effectiveness.
- AA. Use adjustable steel channel fasteners for hung ceiling outlet box.
- BB. Do not fasten boxes to ceiling support wires.
- CC. Support systems are to hang vertically straight down. All-thread supports, when used, are not to be installed at an angle or bent.
- DD. Use gang box where more than one device is mounted together. Do not use sectional box.
- EE. Use gang box with plaster ring for single device outlets.
- FF. Support outlets flush with suspended ceilings to the building structure.
- GG. Mount boxes to the building structure with supporting facilities independent of the conduits or raceways.

- HH. Where multiple feeders are in one pull box, conductors shall be wrapped with 3M No. 7700 Arc and fireproof tape.
- II. Provide plaster rings of suitable depth on all outlet boxes. Face of plaster ring shall be within 1/8 inch from finished surface.
- JJ. Equip boxes supporting fixtures designed to accept fixture studs with 3/8-inch stud (galvanized malleable iron) inserted through back of box and secured by locknut. Boxes not equipped with outlets shall have level metal covers with rust-resisting screws.
- KK. Do not mount junction boxes above inaccessible ceilings or in inaccessible spaces. Do not mount junction boxes above ceilings accessible only by removing light fixture, mechanical equipment or other devices. At inaccessible spaces use junction box furnished with light fixture or light fixture wiring compartment UL listed for through wiring.
- LL. No more than 12 conduits containing branch circuits may be installed in any junction or pull box.
- MM. All junction boxes shall be protected from building finish painters' over spray and from fire proofing overspray. Remove protective coverings when painting and fire proofing are complete.
- NN. Bond equipment grounding conductor to all junction and pull boxes.
- OO. Do not mount boxes or conduit bodies on walls directly above electrical panels or switchgear located next to walls.
- PP. Do not mount boxes or conduit bodies within 18 inches of outside edges of roof access openings.
- QQ. Box extenders or plaster rings shall not be used to increase the Code mandated cable capacity of a box. Provide proper size box.

3.2 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust flush-mounting outlets to make front flush with finished wall material.
- B. Install knockout closures in unused box openings.

END OF SECTION

INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

SECTION 26 05 40

ELECTRICAL GUTTERS AND WIREWAYS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Provide electrical gutter work as shown, as specified and as required.
- B. Application: The types of electrical gutters required for the project include the following:
 - 1. Electrical wiring gutters.
 - 2. Voice / Data / Video / Communication and signal distribution wireway.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. UL Label: Gutters and wireways shall be UL labeled.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ELECTRICAL GUTTERS AND WIREWAYS

- A. General: Provide hinged electrical gutters and wireways in the types and sizes indicated or required, minimum 16 gauge thickness, with rounded edges and smooth surfaces; constructed in compliance with applicable standards; with features required.
- B. Size: Provide size indicated. Where size is not indicated, construct in accordance with the NEC and other standards. Gutters shall be of manufacturer's standard lengths, without field cutting or field extensions.
- C. Accessories: Provide gutter and wireway accessories where indicated, constructed of same metal and finish as gutters or wireways.
- D. Supports: Provide gutter and wireway supports indicated, conforming to NEC, and as recommended by the manufacturer, and as specified in Section 26 05 33 Conduit Systems.
- E. Materials and Finishes: NEMA 1 gutters and wireways shall have gray powder coat finish over galvanized steel. Gutters and wireways installed outside shall be NEMA 3RX minimum. Gutters or wireways installed within 100-feet of cooling towers, at kitchen or food preparation areas, and natatorium, spa or therapy pool areas shall be of 304 stainless steel NEMA 4X construction.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Provide gutters and wireways only where specified or required. Use of gutters and wireways shall be kept to a minimum.
- B. Finishing: Remove burrs and sharp edges of gutters and wireways wherever they could be injurious to conductor insulation or jacket.
- C. Installation: Install gutters and wireways where shown or required, in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions, NEC, NECA "Standard of Installation," and with recognized industry practices to ensure that the gutters and wireways comply with the

specified requirements. Comply with requirements of NEMA and the NEC pertaining to installation of electrical gutters.

- D. Grounding: Electrically ground gutters and wireways to ensure continuous electrical conductivity. Provide equipment grounding conductor.
- E. Conductors:
 - 1. Complete gutter and wireway installation before starting the installation of conductors.
 - 2. Provide sufficient space to permit access for installing, splicing, and maintaining the conductors.
- F. A maximum of 12 conduits containing branch circuits shall be allowed to be installed in any gutter or wireway.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 05 50

FIRESTOPS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Provide firestop as required, and as specified. Refer to Architectural drawings for all fire and smoke rated partitions, walls, floors, etc.
- B. Types: Firestop required for the project includes smokestop.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. UL Label: Firestops shall be UL labeled.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Nelson.
- B. 3M (Minnesota Mining Manufacturing).
- C. Hilti.
- D. Specified Technologies, Inc.
- E. Metacaulk.

2.2 MATERIAL AND COMPONENTS

- A. General: Except as otherwise indicated, provide firestop manufacturer's standard materials and components as indicated by published product information, designed and constructed as recommended by the manufacturer, and as required for installation.

2.3 FIRESTOP

- A. Conduits: Provide a soft, permanently flexible sealant for 1-1/2 to 2 hour rated fireproofing for steel conduits (up to 4" diameter).
- B. Low Voltage Cables, Fiber Optic Cable and Innerduct: Provide Specified Technologies, Inc. EZ-Path single, double, or triple pathways as required.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF FIRESTOPS

- A. General: Install firestops in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions and industry practices to ensure that the firestops comply with requirements. Comply with UL and NFPA standards for the installation of firestops.

END OF SECTION

INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

SECTION 26 24 13

SWITCHBOARDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Work Included: Switchboard work as shown, scheduled, indicated, required, and specified.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. UL Labels: Provide switchboards UL labeled for service entrance and meeting requirements of UL 891.
- B. NEMA Compliance: Comply with National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) Standard PB2, "Dead-Front Distribution Switchboards."

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Indicate:
 1. Detailed dimensions for equipment foot print, front and side elevations.
 2. Conduit entrance locations and requirements and restrictions.
 3. Enclosure material, finish, and NEMA classification type.
 4. Nameplate legends.
 5. Size and number of bus bars.
 6. Switchboard instrument details.
 7. Electrical characteristics including voltage, ampacity, overcurrent device frame size and trip ratings, withstand ratings, and time current curves of all overcurrent devices and components.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Schneider Electric - Square D.
- B. ABB General Electric Co.
- C. Siemens.
- D. Eaton.

2.2 MATERIALS AND COMPONENTS

- A. Except as otherwise indicated, provide switchboard manufacturer's materials and components as indicated and as required for a complete installation.

2.3 DEAD-FRONT DISTRIBUTION SWITCHBOARDS

- A. The overcurrent protective device short circuit, coordination and arch flash studies performed by the overcurrent protective device manufacturer shall be used by the respective switchgear vendor(s) to select appropriate equipment, switchgear, and overcurrent protective device characteristics such as but not limited to: equipment bracing, AIC rating, circuit breaker frame size and trip settings, and fuse type/class. The

appropriate equipment suitable and required by the studies for code compliance shall be included with the submittal data for review and provided at no additional cost to the Owner. The appropriate equipment recommended by the studies for enhanced selective coordination or enhanced arc flash energy reduction beyond code compliance shall be included with the submittal data for review and consideration purposes by the engineer.

- B. Provide a factory-assembled, dead-front construction, metal enclosed, self supporting, switchboard of voltage, phase, ampacity, and short circuit interrupting rating and bracing shown.
1. Switchboard shall consist of the required number of front and rear aligned vertical sections bolted together to form one metal enclosed rigid switchboard. The switchboard shall be designed as a free-standing with only front access. Rear and/or side access only where indicated to reduce switchboard depth and where NEC required rear access clearance is available.
 2. Switchboard shall include protective devices and equipment shown with interconnections, instrumentation, and control wiring. Small wiring, necessary fuse blocks, and terminal blocks in the switchboard shall be provided. Groups of control wires leaving the switchboard shall be furnished with terminal blocks with numbering strips.
 3. Factory installed permanent lock-off provision for pad-locking in the off position for all protective devices.
- C. Enclosure Construction: The switchboard framework shall be fabricated for floor mounting. The framework shall be formed code gauge steel, welded and bolted together to support cover plates, busing, and component devices.
1. Each section shall have an open bottom and individually removable top plates for installation and termination of conduit. Top and bottom conduit areas shall be shown and dimensioned on the shop drawings. Front plates used for mounting meters, selector switches, or other front-mounted devices shall be hinged, with wiring installed and laced, and with flexibility at the hinged side. Closure plates shall be screw removable and small enough for easy handling by one technician.
 2. Weatherproof enclosure front door(s) shall be pad-lockable and suitable for the intended environmental conditions. When indicated or specified, rear doors shall also be pad-lockable.
- D. Busing: The switchboard busing shall be copper.
1. The bus bars shall be braced to comply with the integrated equipment rating of the switchboard. The main horizontal bus bars between sections shall be located on the back of the switchboard to permit maximum available conduit entry area. The horizontal main bus bar supports, connections, and joints shall be bolted or welded, as required, so as not to require periodic maintenance. Bolted joint connections shall have at least two bolts per joint per phase. Half lapped bus joint construction is not acceptable.
 2. Buses shall be arranged A-B-C, left-to-right, top-to-bottom, and front-to-rear throughout. A ground bus shall be secured to each vertical section structure and extend the entire length of the switchboard.
 3. The main horizontal bus and incoming line shall be isolated and insulated from outgoing busing and cable connections.
 4. Each group mounted section shall have maximum full height bus. Where space is indicated, space shall be bused to install future switches or future circuit breakers sized as shown or a 600 Amp frame size circuit breaker or switch, whichever is greater.
 5. The main horizontal bus shall be non-tapered, fully rated, extended and drilled for future additions and splice plates.
- E. Integrated Equipment Rating: Each switchboard, as a complete unit, shall be given a

single integrated equipment rating by the manufacturer. The integrated equipment short circuit rating shall certify that equipment can withstand the stresses of a fault equal to that shown in RMS symmetrical amperes. Ratings shall have been established by actual tests by the manufacturer on similar equipment construction as the subject switchboard. This test data shall be available and furnished, if requested, with or before the submittal of shop drawings.

- F. Indicating Instruments: Switchboard instrumentation shall be digital display, panel mounted, rated for 120V, 60 hertz. The display unit shall be UL listed in accordance with UL 508. The electronic metering device shall have the following features:
1. Voltmeter, phase to phase and phase to ground or neutral.
 2. Current, per phase RMS and 3 phase coverage.
 3. Demand current per phase.
 4. Power factor per phase and 3 phase average.
 5. Real power, 3 phase total.
 6. Reactive power, 3 phase total.
 7. Apparent power, 3 phase total.
 8. Frequency.
 9. Average demand real power.
 10. Adjustable demand interval (5 to 60 minutes).
 11. Nonvolatile memory.
 12. Password protected set-up and reset.
 13. 3 current transformers with primary to match bus size and 5 ampere secondary with metering class accuracy.
 14. Full scale readouts with the following accuracy:
 - a. Current and voltage measurement +/-0.1%
 - b. Power and energy +/-0.2%
 - c. Frequency +/-0.5%
 - d. Power Factor +/-1.0%
 - e. Data update time 0.5 seconds (4 wire)
 15. Metering Output.
 - a. Pulse output based on kWh, kvarh, or kVAh.
 - b. Analog output 4-20mA based on kWh, kvarh, or kVAh.
 16. Monitoring:
 - a. Harmonic analysis through 63rd with THD and TIF.
 - b. Event recorder.
 - c. Waveform capture.
 - d. Data logger.
 - e. Triggered trace memory.
 17. Communication:
 - a. Front port and dual rear mounted RS485 ports.
 - b. BACnet protocol (coordinate with BMCS contractor).
 - c. Mini RTU: digital 4 in/4 out.
 - d. Analog 1 in/4 out.
 - e. Local/remote display of all values.
 18. Software:
 - a. Windows based software shall be provided to enable setpoint programming.
- G. The Main Protective Device(s) shall be individually mounted molded case circuit breaker(s):
1. Adjustable: current, I²t settings, ground fault (where required), instantaneous trip, and short time trip. Solid state true RMS sensing, without fusible elements, 100-percent continuous current rating.
 2. Main protective devices with frame rated at 1000 Amps or greater shall have integral ground fault interrupter and provided with a portable test set or test

- switch.
 - 3. Circuit breakers with 1,200 Amp frame and above shall have Energy Reducing Maintenance System switch with local status indicator (ERMS).
 - 4. Provide shunt trip capability and wiring to terminal block for remote shunt trip switch wiring termination weather remote trip device is indicated or not.
- H. Feeder and Branch Protective Devices greater than 1,200 Amps shall be individually mounted:
- 1. Molded case circuit breakers:
 - a. Adjustable: current, I^2t settings, ground fault (where required), instantaneous trip, and short time trip. Solid state trip true RMS sensing, without fusible elements; 100-percent continuous current rating.
 - b. Energy Reducing Maintenance System switch with local status indicator (ERMS).
 - c. Shunt trip capability and wiring to terminal block for remote shunt trip switch wiring termination weather remote trip device is indicated or not.
 - 2. Fusible switches:
 - a. Each switch shall have an individual door over the front, equipped with a voidable interlock that prevents the door from being opened when the switch is in the ON position unless the interlock is purposely defeated by activation of the voiding mechanism. All switches shall have externally operated handles.
 - b. Fused switches 600 Amps and below, equipped for class J fuses.
 - c. Fused switches 601 Amps and above shall be equipped with Class R or L rejection type fuse holders. Class RK1 or L of ampere rating and type as indicated on the plans suitable for application of the system.
 - d. When required by the latest edition of the NEC or the AHJ, 1,200 Amp switches regardless of fuse size installed shall have Energy Reducing Maintenance System switch with local status indicator (ERMS).
- I. Feeder and Branch Protective Devices 1,200 Amps and below shall be group mounted:
- 1. Molded case circuit breakers:
 - a. Greater than 250 Amp: Solid state true RMS sensing with adjustable: current, I^2t settings, ground fault (where required), instantaneous trip, and short time trip; 80-percent continuous current rating.
 - b. 250 Amp and smaller: Solid state true RMS sensing with fixed current setting by rating plug or dial. Breaker shall have adjustable instantaneous trip function with short time tracking.
 - c. 1,200 Amp frame circuit breakers regardless of trip shall have Energy Reducing Maintenance System switch with local status indicator (ERMS).
 - 2. Fusible switches:
 - a. Quick-make, quick-break units utilizing the double-break principle of circuit interrupting to minimize arcing and pitting and shall conform to the ratings shown.
 - b. Individual door over the front, equipped with a voidable interlock that prevents the door from being opened when the switch is in the ON position unless the interlock is purposely defeated by activation of the voiding mechanism. All switches shall have externally operated handles.
 - c. 600 Amps and below equipped for Class J fuses.
 - d. 601 Amps and above shall be equipped for Class R or L rejection type fuse holders.
 - e. When required by the latest edition of the NEC or the AHJ, 1,200 Amp fused switches regardless of fuse size installed shall have Energy Reducing Maintenance System switch with local status indicator (ERMS).

- J. Ground Fault Interrupter (GFI) protection: Where shown or required, ground fault protection shall be achieved with adjustable pickup for ground fault currents, field-adjustable from 200 amperes and instantaneous to 60 cycle time delay. The ground fault protection system shall include necessary current sensors, internal wiring, and relays to coordinate opening the monitored faulted circuits.
1. Ground fault protection shall be set at minimum setting for both current and time during construction. The switchboard manufacturer shall include in the submittal data for the switchboard, the minimum setting of the devices and the recommended setting for normal building operation.
 2. The ground fault system shall be factory-tested before shipment as specified:
 - a. The switchboard manufacturer shall provide a factory ground fault protection system test for circuit testing and verification of tripping characteristics. The manufacturer shall pass predetermined values of current through the sensors and measure the tripping time for each phase and neutral. The measured time-current relationships shall be compared to the trip-characteristic curves. If the ground fault device trips outside the range of values indicated on the curve, the ground fault device shall be replaced or recalibrated.
 - b. Relays, electrically operated switches, shunt-trip switches, circuit breakers, and similar items shall have proper voltages applied to their circuits and satisfactory operation demonstrated.
 - c. Upon completion of the factory ground fault protection system test, the current and time on each ground fault device shall be set to minimum values.
- K. Mimic bus: Indicate busing, connections, and devices in single line form on the front panels of the switchboard using red colored plastic strips, fastened flat against the panel face with screws.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF SWITCHBOARDS

- A. Install switchboards where shown, in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions, and industry practices to ensure that the switchboards meet the specifications. Provide weatherproof NEMA 3R enclosure housing outdoors, at wet locations, or where indicated on the drawings. Provide NEMA 3RX enclosure housing at corrosive locations of either aluminum or stainless-steel construction suitable for the intended environment when indicated on the drawings.
- B. Comply with the requirements of NEMA and NEC, and NECA Standard of Installation, for installation of switchboards.
- C. Where switchboard is used or indicated as the utility service building disconnect, provide main bonding jumper and neutral to ground bond connected to the building's grounding system. Do not bond neutral to ground when there is a neutral to ground bond upstream from the same derived neutral system serving the switchboard.
- D. Torque bus connections and tighten mechanical fasteners.
- E. Install fuses, of ratings shown, in each switchboard. Provide spare fuse cabinet with three fuses of each size provided. Locate in central plant as directed by Owner.
- F. Concrete Pads: Install switchboards on a 4" reinforced concrete housekeeping pad. The housekeeping pad shall extend 3" beyond the housing of the switchboard unless shown

otherwise. Switchboard shall be bolted to the housekeeping pad using 3/8" minimum galvanized bolts and anchors on 30" maximum centers. Furnish the exact position of any block outs, dimensions, and location of the housekeeping pads to prevent delay of the concrete work.

- G. Adjustment: Adjust operating mechanisms for free mechanical movement. Adjust circuit breaker time characteristic curves as recommended by the Fault Current and Coordination Analysis or as directed by the Engineer.
- H. Indicating Instruments: Provide initial factory start-up and programming with Owner present. Integrate with the Building Management System for monitoring and logging of all system data.

3.2 TESTING

- A. Notify Owner's Commissioning Authority (CxA) prior to performing any tests so that the CxA may witness tests at the CxA's discretion.
- B. Pre-energization checks: Before energizing, check switchboards for continuous of circuits and for short circuits.
- C. Switchboard insulation resistance test: Each switchboard bus shall be insulation resistance tested after installation is complete except for line and load side connections. Tests shall be made using Biddle Megger or equivalent test instrument at a voltage of not less than 1000 vDC. Resistance shall be measured from phase-to-phase and from phase-to-ground. Minimum acceptable value for insulation resistance is 2 megohms.
- D. Ground Fault Interrupter (GFI) test: After completion of construction and before final acceptance testing, the ground fault protection system shall be field-tested and reset to the manufacturer's settings for both current and time by a representative of the manufacturer's engineering service department. After the test, set ground fault to 50 percent of overcurrent device rating or 1,200 Amperes, whichever is lower.
- E. Provide thermal infrared scan of switchboard under full load as directed and witnessed by Owner. Correct any deficiencies causing abnormal heating and repeat the scan. Provide digital video documentation with deficiencies corrected for comparison to future test. Make corrections as needed as soon as possible as directed by the Owner. Repeat the scan at the 11-month prior to closeout, and make corrections prior to close-out.
- F. Submittals: Furnish instruments and personnel required for tests. Submit 4 copies of certified test results to the Architect for review. Test reports shall include switchboard tested, date and time of test, relative humidity, temperature, and weather conditions.

3.3 TRAINING

- A. Provide minimum 2 hours of dedicated training provided by a factory authorized representative to Owner's personnel regarding programming, operating, and use of switchboard components including all indicating instruments and safety features.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 24 16

PANELBOARDS AND ENCLOSURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Panelboards and enclosures, including cabinet, as shown, scheduled, indicated, and specified.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. UL Standards: Panelboards and enclosures shall confirm to all applicable UL standards and shall be UL labeled.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Indicate:
 1. Detailed dimensions.
 2. Enclosure material, finish, and NEMA classification type.
 3. Location of main circuit breaker.
 4. Mounting and trim.
 5. Acceptable incoming conductors' size.
 6. Electrical characteristics including voltage, ampacity, overcurrent device frame size and trip ratings, bus material and rating, withstand ratings, lugs, and time current curves of all overcurrent devices and components.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Schneider Electric - Square D.
- B. ABB-General Electric Co.
- C. Siemens.
- D. Eaton.

2.2 MATERIALS AND COMPONENTS

- A. General: Panelboards shall be dead-front type equipped with fusible switches or circuit breakers as shown and as required.
- B. The overcurrent protective device short circuit, coordination and arc flash studies performed by the overcurrent protective device manufacturer shall be used by the respective switchgear vendor(s) to select appropriate equipment, switchgear, and overcurrent protective device characteristics such as but not limited to: equipment bracing, AIC rating, circuit breaker frame size and trip settings, and fuse type/class. The appropriate equipment suitable and required by the studies for code compliance shall be included with the submittal data for review and provided at no additional cost to the Owner. The appropriate equipment recommended by the studies for enhanced selective coordination or enhanced arc flash energy reduction beyond code compliance shall be included with the submittal data for review and consideration purposes by the engineer.

- C. Busing Assembly: Panelboard phase, neutral, and equipment ground busing shall be copper. Bus structure and mains shall have ratings as shown and scheduled. Furnish a bare uninsulated ground bus inside each panelboard enclosure. Two section panelboards shall be connected with copper cable, with an ampacity conforming to the upstream overcurrent device. Neutral bus termination quantity for branch circuit panelboards shall match or exceed the maximum number of single pole circuit breakers the panelboard will accept.
- D. Main circuit breakers and feeder / branch circuit breakers:
1. Less than 125 Amps: Thermal magnetic with factory fixed trip.
 2. 125-600 Amps: Thermal magnetic with adjustable instantaneous trip of 5X – 10X with short time tracking.
 3. 601 Amps and larger: Solid state true RMS sensing with adjustable: current set by rating plug or adjustable dial, I²t settings, ground fault (where required), instantaneous trip, and short time trip; 80-percent continuous current rating.
 4. Provide permanent lock-off device for all fire alarm system branch circuit breakers, for all smoke control fans and equipment, and where indicated or required for circuit breaker to be used as a remote safety disconnect switch.
 5. General requirements:
 - a. Make prepared space provisions for additional breakers or fused switches so that no additional bus or connectors will be required to add circuit breakers or fused switches in the available device mounting space.
 - b. Two and three pole breakers shall have internal common trips.
 - c. All circuit breakers used as the main or branch mounted back-fed main shall be bolt-on. All circuit breakers used in 600 Amp and smaller panelboards shall be bolt-on breakers. Circuit breakers for distribution panelboards rated 601 amps and larger shall have plug-on or bolt-on circuit breakers.
 - d. Branch circuit panelboard shall have interrupting capacity as shown or as required, but in no case less 10k AIC for 120/208/240-Volt systems, and 18k AIC for 277/480-Volt systems.
 - e. 15 and 20 Amp circuit breakers for lighting circuits shall be UL listed switch duty (SWD).
 - f. Personnel ground fault interrupter (GFI) circuit breakers, where shown, shall be maximum 5 mA ground fault trip and shall include a TEST button.
 - g. Equipment ground fault interrupter (EGFI/EGPD) circuit breakers, where shown or required shall be 30mA ground fault trip and shall include TEST button.
 - h. Circuit breakers with 1,200 Amp and larger frame shall have Energy Reducing Maintenance Switching with local status indicator (ERMS).
- E. Fusible Switches for distribution panelboards: Fusible switches shall be quick-make, quick-break type. Each switch shall be enclosed in a separate steel enclosure. The enclosure shall employ a hinged cover for access to the fuses. Interlock cover with the operating handle to prevent opening the cover when the switch is in the ON position. This interlock shall be constructed so that it can be overridden for testing fuses without interrupting service. The switches shall have padlocking provisions in the OFF position. Switches shall include positive pressure rejection type fuse clips for use with UL Class J fuses and be UL labeled for 200,000 AIC.
- F. Spaces: Where space for future breakers or switches is shown, panelboard enclosure shall include removable blank panels or knockouts to allow installation of future breakers or switches, prepared spaces, and panelboard busing shall be complete, including required connectors.

- G. Integrated Equipment Rating: Do not apply series ratings. Each panelboard, as a complete unit, shall have a short-circuit rating equal or greater than the available short circuit current. Rating shall have been established by tests on similar panelboards with the circuit breakers or fusible switches installed.
- H. GFCI circuit breakers not available in the required panel AIC rating shall be series rated with the upstream over current protection device to provide the panelboard with required AIC rating. Coordinate series rating requirements with manufacturer. Mark the panel per NEC 110. The marking shall be visible and state the following: "CAUTION-ENGINEERED SERIES COMBINATION SYSTEM RATED XXX AMPERS. IDENTIFIED REPLACEMENT COMPONENTS REQUIRED".
- I. Panelboard Enclosures:
 - 1. Provide sheet steel enclosures, minimum 16-gauge nominal thickness, with multiple knockouts, unless shown otherwise. Provide all NEMA 1 panelboard fronts with spring-loaded door pulls, and flush lock and key, panelboard enclosures keyed alike to match the Owner's standard key system; coordinate with Owner.
 - 2. All NEMA 1 enclosure panelboards shall be hinged "door-in-door" type with interior hinged door with hand operated latch or latches, as required providing access only to circuit breaker or fusible switch operating handles, not to exposed energized parts. Outer hinged door shall be securely mounted to the panelboard box with factory bolts, screws, clips, or other fasteners, requiring a tool for entry. Hand operated latches are not acceptable. Push inner and outer doors shall open left to right. Manufacturer hardware (OEM), screws, and bolts shall be used to secure dead fronts and covers. Do not use third party hardware. Do not use power tools to secure panel hardware. Provide gray powder coat finish over a rust inhibitor.
 - 3. Equip with interior circuit directory frame, card, and clear plastic covering for panelboards.
 - 4. Panelboards located in kitchen preparation or natatorium areas shall have Type 316 stainless steel front, door, and trim with a NEMA 1 rating for the entire enclosure.
 - 5. Panelboards at exterior locations shall be NEMA 4X Type 316 stainless steel.
 - 6. Panelboards at hose down areas, cooling towers, in greenhouses, and other corrosive locations shall be NEMA 4X 316 stainless steel.
 - 7. Enclosure shall be for recessed or surface mounting as shown or as required.
 - 8. Enclosures shall be fabricated by the same manufacturer as panelboards to be enclosed. Multi-section panelboards shall have same physical dimensions.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF PANELBOARDS AND ENCLOSURES

- A. General: Install panelboards and enclosures, as shown, including electrical connections, in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions, the requirements of NEC, NECA Standard of Installation, and industry practices. Circuit breakers shall be factory installed except for required field modifications due to actual site conditions.
- B. Coordination: Coordinate installation of panelboards and enclosures with conductor and raceways installation work.
- C. Anchoring: Anchor enclosures to walls and structural surfaces ensuring that they are permanently and mechanically secured.

- D. Directory Card: Provide a typed circuit directory card(s) upon completion of work. Directory card shall be of super heavy-weight index card stock, 110 lb, white. Directory shall include type of load (i.e.: receptacles, lighting, exhaust fan, etc.) and location (i.e.: Room 102, Office, etc.) Room number shall be identified as the actual graphics room number assigned to the space and not the room number identified on the Plans. Circuits with shunt trip shall be identified with the control circuit operating the shunt trip (i.e.: Kitchen Hood No. 2). Shunt trip breakers with common trip circuit shall be grouped in the panelboard (i.e.: circuits 1, 3, 5 and 7).
- E. Fuses: Install fuses, of the ratings and class shown.
- F. Circuit Arrangement: Branch circuits shall be arranged to provide the best possible phase balance, unless shown otherwise.
- G. Panelboards not intended to be used as service entrance (SE) rated or for establishing a separately derived neutral system shall have the factory installed neutral to ground bonding screws and straps removed and disposed of.
- H. Recessed or flush mounted panelboards: Terminate spare conduits in junction box 18-inches above accessible ceiling close to panelboard location. Label junction box cover as "not used" and include panel identification.
1. Provide (3) 1-inch and (3) $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch spare conduits above accessible ceiling to j-box from each panelboard section.
 2. Where recessed panelboard is located above another building floor, also provide (3) 1-inch and (3) $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch conduits to j-box in ceiling space on floor below.
- I. Conductors shall be bent neatly opposite the fuse switch or circuit breaker to which they are to be attached. Vertically installed conductors shall be neatly tie-wrapped. Conductors shall be connected in a neat and professional manner. Conductors brought in from the top or bottom of the cabinet shall be bent neatly opposite the fuse or circuit breaker to which they are to be attached. Each conductor shall be run along the full height of the panel and returned to the circuit breaker or fuse location to allow relocation of the conductor to any position along the bus. Panelboard shall be cleaned of all construction debris prior to substantial completion review. Neutral and grounding conductors shall be installed similar to the phase conductors.
- J. Circuit breakers and conductors installed for SPD devices shall be located on the same side as the SPD to allow the shortest and straightest run of conductors in respect to the location of the SPD device. Route all conductors to the SPD device with straight as possible run, using longest sweep bends and the shortest conductor length possible. Twist all SPD conductors and secure with tie straps wherever possible.
- K. Install copper ground bus for copper ground conductors. Ground conductors size #1 and larger are to be landed to panelboard enclosure with mechanical lugs and not to ground bus.
- L. Install panels so that breaker number 1 is the top left breaker.
- M. In panels that contain multi-layered neutral bus, install neutrals beginning with the back neutral bus row and work forward. Do not make up neutrals on front neutral bus row unless all other rows are full.
- N. Label breaker mounting space with stick-on number labels.
- O. Mount the fully aligned panelboard such that the maximum height of the top circuit breaker above the finished floor shall not exceed 78-inches. Mount panelboards as high

as practical and such that the bottom of the cabinets will not be less than 6 inches above the finished floor.

3.2 TESTING

- A. Before energizing, energization, check for continuity of circuits and short circuits.
- B. Provide thermal infrared scan of panelboards under full load as directed and witnessed by Owner. Correct any deficiencies causing abnormal heating and repeat the scan. Provide digital video documentation with deficiencies corrected for comparison to future test. Make corrections as needed as soon as possible as directed by the Owner. Repeat the scan at the 11-month prior to closeout, and make corrections prior to close-out.

END OF SECTION

INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

SECTION 26 27 73

LINE VOLTAGE WIRING DEVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Provide wiring device work as shown, scheduled, indicated, and specified. Low voltage and/or digital control switches required for lighting controls and lighting control systems shall be as specified and required for the low voltage and / or digital control lighting system. Refer to drawings or other specification sections for low voltage / digital lighting control systems. Cover plates for lighting control systems shall be as specified in this section unless specifically required otherwise by the low voltage / digital control device bulkhead or form factor.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. UL Label: Wiring devices shall be UL labeled.
- B. NEMA Standard WD1 and WD6.
- C. Fed. Spec. WC596, W-S-896

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Mark up a complete copy of the specification section for the product to indicate a) acknowledgement of the specification requirement (Comply), or b) acknowledgement that the particular specification requirement does not apply to this specific project (Not Applicable) or, c) acknowledgement that the specification requirement cannot be made or that a variance is being submitted for review to the Architect/Engineer/Owner (Does Not Comply, Explanation:.) Do not submit an outline form of compliance, submit a complete copy of the specification section with the product data.
- B. Submit a sample of each style and color of 120-Volt duplex receptacle and each 120/277-Volt switch with related cover plate. Attach plate to wiring device and label back side of plate with job description with permanent black marker.
- C. Submit manufacturer's product data sheet for each style of device and plate on the project.
- D. Submit drawings of plans, elevation and sections of receptacles and outlets in casework, cabinetwork and built-in place furniture. Coordinate dimensions with millwork shop drawings and related architectural drawing series.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Toggle switches, straight blade and twist lock devices, interior cover plates:
 - 1. Leviton.
 - 2. Hubbell.
 - 3. Pass and Seymour .
 - 4. Eaton.

- B. Dimming
 - 1. Leviton.
 - 2. Lutron.

2.2 WIRING DEVICE COLOR

- A. Device color shall be gray except 20A, 125V receptacles and toggle wall switches which are directly supplied from an emergency source shall be red, and heavy duty 30 Amp and larger simplex devices which shall be black in color where the building standard color is not available. Provide equivalent hospital grade devices where red is not available in grade specified. Verify with Owner / Architect prior to submitting for approval. Color change kits as required for dimming switches. Low voltage lighting control devices specified elsewhere shall match the line voltage wiring device color specified in this section.

2.3 RECEPTACLES

- A. Industrial grade tamper resistant smooth face duplex receptacles, 2 pole, 3 wire grounding, with ground connection and poles internally connected to mounting yoke, with metal mounting straps, locking plug-tail or back and side wired with screw type terminals, NEMA indicated, (X=color designation).
 - 1. 20A, 125V duplex NEMA #5-20R: Leviton #5362-SGX.
 - 2. 20A, 125V isolated ground duplex NEMA #5-20R: Leviton #5362-IGX.
 - 3. 20A, 125V ground fault circuit interruption (GFCI) NEMA #5-20R weather and tamper resistant: Leviton #G5362-WTX.
 - 4. 20A, 125V weather resistant (WR), tamper resistant: Leviton #TWR20-GY.
 - 5. 20A, 125V plug load control, split circuit marked for "controlled", tamper resistant: Leviton #TDR20-S1G.
 - 6. 15A, with 20A feed-through, NEMA #5-15R, 125V duplex, arc fault (AFCI), tamper resistant: Leviton #AFTR1-HGX.
- B. Heavy-Duty Simplex: Single heavy-duty type receptacles, with green hexagonal equipment ground screw, with metal mounting straps, back or side wiring, black molded phenolic compound.
 - 1. 15-60A, 125-250V, straight blade, NEMA configuration as indicated or as required by Owner.
 - 2. 15-50A, 125-480V, twist lock, NEMA configuration as indicated or as required by Owner.
- C. Hospital grade receptacles, 2 pole, 3 wire grounding, with ground connection and poles internally connected to mounting yoke, with metal mount straps, locking plug-tail or back and side wired with screw type terminals, molded phenolic compound, NEMA configuration indicated.
 - 1. 20A, 125V grounded duplex NEMA #5-20R: Leviton #8300-X.
 - 2. 20A, 125V isolated ground duplex NEMA #5-20R: Leviton #8300-LIG (orange).
 - 3. 20A, 125V ground fault circuit interruption (GFCI) with indicator light: Leviton NEMA 5-20R-8898-HGX.
 - 4. 20A/125V Tamper Resistant Duplex NEMA 5-20R: Leviton 8300-SGX.
- D. USB 2-port charger / tamper-resistant with 125-Volt receptacles:
 - 1. USB type A/C, 1 type A and 1 type C port, 5.1A 5.0VDC charging. 20A, 125V, NEMA 5-20R: Leviton #T5833-HGX.
 - 2. USB A, 2 type A ports, 5.1A 5.0VDC charging. 20A, 125V, NEMA 5-20R: Leviton #T5832-HGX.

- E. USB 4-port charger:
 - 1. USB type A+C, 2 type A ports and 2 type C ports. 5.0A 5.0VDC charging. Hubbell #USB4ACX.
 - 2. USB type A, 4 type A ports. 5.0A 5.0VDC charging. Hubbell #USB4X.

2.4 WALL SWITCHES

- A. Toggle: Industrial grade flush toggle switches, with mounting yoke insulated from mechanism, equipped with plaster ears, switch handle, back and side-wired screw terminals.
 - 1. Single-pole, 120/277V, 20A switch: Leviton #1221-2X.
 - 2. Double pole 120/277V, 20A switch: Leviton #1222-2X.
 - 3. Three-way, 120/277V, 20A switch: Leviton #1223-2X.
 - 4. Four-way, 120/277V, 20A switch: Leviton #1224-2G.
 - 5. Pilot light single-pole, 120/277V, 20A switch: Leviton #1221-PL.
 - 6. Momentary, 120/277V, 20A, single-pole double throw, center off: Hubbell only #HBL 1557G.
- B. Toggle key operated switch (verify manufacture and key type with Owner prior to construction).
 - 1. Single-pole, 120/277V, 20A key operated switch: Hubbell HBL #1221GY
 - 2. Two-pole, 120/277, 20A key operated, Hubbell HBL #1222GY
 - 3. Three-way, 120/277V, 20A key operated switch: Hubbell HBL #1223GY
 - 4. Four-way, 120/277V, 20A key operated switch: Hubbell HBL #1224GY
 - 5. Momentary, single pole double throw, center off, 20A key switch: Hubbell #HBL 1557LG.
 - 6. Key: Hubbell #HBL 1209. Key switches shall be keyed alike to match the Owner's standard key system. Coordinate with Owner.
- C. Rotary key operated switch (verify manufacturer and keying with Owner prior to construction).
 - 1. Single-pole, 120/277V, 20A key operated switch: Leviton #1221-KL.
 - 2. Two-pole, 120/277, 20A key operated, Leviton #1222-2KL..
 - 3. Three-way, 120/277V, 20A key operated switch: Leviton #1223-3KL.
 - 4. Four-way, 120/277V, 20A key operated switch: Leviton #1224-4KL.
 - 5. Key switches shall be all keyed alike to match the Owner's standard key system. Leviton #WS-35 or as otherwise directed by Owner.

2.5 WALL DIMMERS

- A. Wall Box Dimmers: Self-contained, wall box mounted, linear slide square law dimmers with ON/OFF switch. Dimmers shall operate continuously at rated load in an ambient temperature up to 40°C and an input of 100 to 277V. Heat sink fins may be removed only as approved by Owner / Engineer for narrow ganging after applying de-rating.
 - 1. Single-pole, 120/277V, 1000/2308 Watt incandescent / magnetic low voltage: Leviton #AWSMT-MBW.
 - 2. Single-pole, 120/277V, 1500/3463 Watt incandescent / magnetic low voltage, 2-gang heat sink: Leviton #AWSMT-MCW.
 - 3. Single-pole, 120/277V, 1920/4432-Watt LED / fluorescent 0-10V dc, 75 mA current sink: Leviton #AWSMT-7DW.
 - 4. Three, four- or five-way remote switch: Leviton #AWSRT-00W.
 - 5. Color change kit as required.

2.6 GFCI – GROUND FAULT CIRCUIT INTERRUPTER, BLANK FACE

- A. 20A, 125V, GFCI, switch rated, blank face feed through, Hubbell #GFBF20GYL, gray finish, stainless steel cover plate black laser engraved with device protected, (example: DRINKING FOUNTAIN GFCI).

2.7 INTERIOR WALL COVER PLATES AND FASTENERS

- A. Type 302 non-magnetic stainless-steel with satin finish (also required for wall box device cover plates for low voltage and digital lighting controls specified elsewhere).
- B. Cover plate laser plate engraving for device identification (other than low voltage lighting controls).
 - 1. Provide laser cover plate engraving with black filling for all wiring devices indicating panelboard name, circuit, and voltage.
 - 2. Wiring devices connected to emergency/stand-by generator or inverter shall include the word "EMERGENCY".
 - 3. Text orientation shall be upright, readable from left to right when cover plate is installed.
 - 4. Remotely located lighting switches shall also indicate the room or area and zone controlled by each switch. Coordinate specific wording with Owner/Architect.
 - 5. Blank face GFCI cover plates shall also intuitively indicate the load or equipment served, device, or area protected downstream ("EDF" for drinking fountains, "RM RECEPPTS", "HOOD RECEPPTS", "VENDING", "REFRIG", etc.) For other loads, Owner/Architect shall determine name plate wording.

2.8 EXTERIOR COVER PLATES

- A. Thomas & Betts CK Series, cast aluminum standard depth, locking mount, while-in-use, wet location, universal configuration.
 - 1. Vertical mount receptacle: #CKSUV.
 - 2. Horizontal mount receptacle: #CKMU.
 - 3. Two-gang: #2CKU.
 - 4. 30-60 Amp Devices: #CKLSUV.

2.9 CORD REELS AND DROP CORDS

- A. Cord Reels:
 - 1. Lighted cord reels: Industrial grade, LED hand Lamp only, 125V, 45-foot 16/3 SJE0 cord, white finish, LED hand lamp. Hubbell #HBLI45163LED with #HBL340PB pivot base.
 - 2. 20 Amp (2) duplex receptacle cord reels: Industrial grade, 125V, (2) 20A duplex receptacles, GFCI protection, 45-foot 12/3 SJO cord, white finish, yellow outlet box. Hubbell #HBLI45123GF220 with #HBL340PB pivot base.
 - 3. 30 Amp receptacle cord reels: Industrial grade, 125/250V, 30A, 45-foot 10/4 SJO cord, white finish, yellow outlet box. Hubbell #HBLI45104 with #HBL340PB pivot base. 30 Amp NEMA receptacle termination as required by Owner.
 - 4. 50 Amp receptacle cord reels: Industrial grade, NEMA 4 wet location, 600V, 55A, 50-foot 6/4 SOOW cord, yellow finish, self-retracting, with NEMA 50-Amp maximum receptacle termination as required by Owner. KH-Industries RTMH4L-WW-K6K.
 - 5. Recessed enclosure for 20 and 30-Amp cord reels recessed above T-grid drop ceilings: Hubbell #HBLIPRBOX recessed cord reel enclosure, white finish, plenum rated.

- B. Drop cord receptacles:
 1. 20A, 125V, 25-feet 600 VAC, 3-conductor 12 AWG SOOW cable, twist lock plug, two 125V, 20A duplex WR GFCI outlets, safety yellow rubber outlet box, mesh strain relief cord grips. KH Industries #PP4DD-520-B12F-520.
 2. 20A, 125/250V, 25-feet 600 VAC, 4-conductor 12AWG SOOW cable, twist lock plug, four 125/250V NEMA L1420P outlets, safety yellow rubber outlet box, mesh strain relief cord grips. KH Industries #PP7DD-520-B12F-L1420.
 3. 30-60 Amp, voltage, NEMA plug/receptacle as required by Owner, SOOW cable, number of conductors and length as required, mesh strain relief cord grips.
- 2.10 FIRST RESPONDER EMERGENCY REMOTE POWER OFF (FREPO) STATION
- A. Knox Company Remote Power Rapid Access 4500 Series Shutdown Station
 1. Recessed mount for public spaces and new construction, surface mount for when mounted to equipment or existing construction.
 2. Single lock keyed for local Fire Department/AHJ, verify configuration and keying with Knox Company.
 3. Red Finish.
 4. Tamper alert for integration with building security system.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Cover plates for receptacles and toggle switches shall be of the same manufacturer throughout unless otherwise noted.
 1. Key switches and keys shall be as specified and also as approved by Owner.
 2. Submit samples for each specified toggle switch and duplex receptacle color to Architect.
- B. Install wiring devices where shown and as required, in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, requirements of NEC, and in accordance with industry practices. Do not install devices until wall construction and wiring is completed.
- C. Install receptacles and switches only in electrical boxes that are clean, free from building materials, debris, and similar matter.
- D. Install wiring devices plumb and aligned in the plane of the wall, floor, ceiling or equipment rack.
- E. Install switches in boxes on the strike side of doors as hung. Install so the up position will close the circuit or will be the highest level of illumination. Where more than one switch is in the same location, install switches in a multi-gang box with a single cover plate.
- F. Provide a cover plate for every wiring device and blank cover plates for unused rough-in-only boxes that matches the building standard. Fasten all plates outdoors with type 302 Allen Head "tamper-proof" screws.
- G. Mounting heights of all wiring devices shall comply with local accessibility standards and local codes, except where wiring devices are indicated for special purpose and access is only required by maintenance or service personnel.
- H. Refer to Architectural drawing and elevations, etc. for exact location of wiring devices. Coordinate location of all wiring devices with other trades, specialty items, and millwork and resolve all conflicts prior to rough-in. Field coordinate exact mounting location with all trades to avoid and resolve conflicts during construction.

- I. Locate receptacles for electric drinking fountains/coolers and bottle fill stations below equipment so that the receptacle is accessible and concealed as much as practical from public view by the equipment open cowling so that the receptacle remain readily accessible. For dual level basin equipment, locate receptacle under the upper basin.
- J. Provide convenience outlet receptacle within 25-feet of all new electrically operated mechanical equipment.
- K. Where exterior receptacles are intended for continuous use, mount in horizontal position with while in use cover plate. (Exterior electric drinking fountains, ice makers, ice storage bins, landscape lighting low voltage transformers, seasonal decorative lighting, etc.)
- L. Install wall box dimmers to achieve full rating specified after de-rating for ganging as recommended by manufacturer.
- M. Do not share neutral conductor on load side of dimming switches.
- N. Install receptacles with grounding pole down, except in any of the following conditions where the grounding pole shall be installed in the up position: healthcare occupancies, if required by local AHJ, if required by Owner's construction standards or if directed by Owner or Architect. If installed horizontally, install with neutral pole on top.
- O. Connect wiring device grounding terminal to branch circuit equipment grounding conductor.
- P. Provide pigtail to each receptacle and each switch. Neutral and phase conductors shall be installed using side or rear entry lugs only. Do not wrap conductors around screw terminals. Tighten all screws and lugs as recommended by manufacturer.
- Q. All receptacles and switches shall have a minimum of two wraps of Scotch 33 or equivalent tape around terminal screws.
- R. Provide toggle switch within sight of all trap primers, circulation pumps, 120-Volt motors and motorized equipment to serve as the equipment disconnect switch.
- S. Mount cord reels and cord reel recessed enclosures to structure with galvanized steel struts and as recommended by manufacturer. Field verify exact location of cord reels with Owner/Architect. Mounting location shall avoid conflicts with piping, light fixtures and ductwork, etc. when cord reel is extended and retracted. Set ball stop as directed by Owner / Architect. Provide hand lamp only type cord reels in commercial / educational automotive garages with classified (hazardous) locations. Provide local toggle switch at standard switch height for hand lamp only cord reels.
- T. Mount drop cord suspension hook or j-box to structure to support the cord's weight and additional normal use pulling tension and as recommended by manufacturer. Use cable grips, either with cord grip hanging hook at open ceilings or with chrome plated escutcheon cover plate mounted to recessed j-box at finished ceilings. Field verify exact location, drop height, and NEMA outlet configuration of drop cords with Owner/Architect. Provide weatherproof receptacle cap or covers if located in wet location. Mounting location shall avoid conflicts with piping, light fixtures and ductwork, etc.

3.2 GROUND FAULT PROTECTION FOR PERSONNEL

- A. When GFCI personnel protection receptacles are not commercially available or cannot be installed at a readily accessible location or indicated otherwise on the drawings, GFCI personnel protection shall be provided by a remote blank face GFCI wiring device or by

an up-stream GFCI receptacle that also provides downstream GFCI protection and located in a readily accessible location. When branch circuit breaker device with integral GFCI protection is required or specified, it shall be within the manufacture's recommended distance limitations of the connected receptacle(s) or load(s) for proper GFCI personnel protection at the farthest outlet.

- B. GFCI personal protection locations include but are not limited to the following:
1. For other than dwelling units: All single phase 125-250-Volt (150-Volts to ground or less) receptacles 50-Amperes or less, and all three phase 125-250-Volt (150-Volts to ground or less) receptacles 100-Ampres or less in the locations indicated below.
 2. Dwelling units: All single phase 125-250-Volt receptacles installed in the following locations indicated below.
 3. Provide personnel GFCI protection as indicated above in the following locations and all additional locations as required by the NEC.
 - a. Outdoors (with exceptions for not readily accessible receptacles with dedicated branch circuits for snow melting, deicing, pipeline/vessel heat receptacles. Provide these loads with 30mA EGFI circuit breaker protection).
 - b. Bathrooms/toilets/restrooms.
 - c. Janitors/custodial closets and mop sinks.
 - d. Laundry areas.
 - e. Parking structures, service garages, garages and accessory buildings.
 - f. Basements, crawl spaces (including 120-Volt lighting) .
 - g. Within 6-feet of all water sources including sinks, mop-sinks, lavatories, bathtubs, shower stalls, faucets, eye wash stations, emergency shower stations.
 - h. Indoor damp and wet locations.
 - i. Locker rooms.
 - j. Indoor swimming pools and natatoriums areas and adjacent corridor/hall convenience receptacle outlets located within 25-feet of all access doors.
 - k. Non-dwelling unit therapeutic tubs/pools/whirlpool areas and adjacent corridor/hall convenience receptacle outlets located within 25-feet of all access doors.
 - l. Receptacles serving dwelling unit kitchen counter tops.
 - m. Vending machines.
 - n. Elevators, dumb waiters, escalators, moving sidewalks: receptacles in pits, hoist ways, well ways or those mounted on the cars of elevators and dumb waiters.
 - o. Electric vehicle charging equipment.
 - p. All receptacles serving kitchen or food preparation counter tops.
 - q. Automotive vacuum machines.
 - r. Drinking water fountains/coolers and bottle fill stations.
 - s. Corded high-pressure spray washing machines.
 - t. Tire inflation machines.
 - u. Dish washers.
 - v. Receptacles at end of cord reels or drop cords.
 - w. Boat houses, boat hoist, and all pier/dock receptacles and lighting (excludes shore power that requires GFPE).
 - x. Central plant, mechanical rooms and electrical rooms.
 - y. Wood, metal, or other material fabrication or vocational training shops.
 - z. Receptacles that serve educational science and science prep room counter tops.
- C. Where a GFCI protected receptacle outlet is required or indicated behind vending machine, refrigerators or other equipment, provide remote GFCI blank face in same room

as protected receptacle and at a readily accessible location with standard receptacle outlet behind equipment. Refrigerators shall be GFCI protected only where located within 6-feet of power cord distance from the edge of a sink to the surface of the refrigerator.

- D. Unless indicated otherwise, locate blank face GFCI device near light switches at same height as light switches or ganged with the light switch. Provide GFCI protection for all receptacle outlets located below 42-inches in all infant through 2-year old day care and similar areas designated for occupancy by infant through 2-year old day care occupants so the GFCI device can easily be intentionally tripped or tested and reset.
- E. Provide branch circuit breaker 30mA (EDP) or 100mA (EPE) equipment protection for utilization equipment as required by the NEC and where indicated on the drawings.

3.3 FIRST RESPONDER REMOTE EMERGENCY POWER OFF (FREPO) STATION

- A. Provide Knox Company first responder remote emergency power off (FREPO) stations as indicated and/or where required by local AHJ. Mounting locations shall be as directed by the local AHJ and exact locations coordinated with the Architect. FREPOs shall be circuited only to shunt trip or shut-down control circuiting. FREPOs shall be recessed mounted in public locations and in all new construction when attached to building construction. Provide surface mount FREPOs when mounted to equipment or existing construction.
- B. Integrate the FREPOs to shut-down the building non-emergency and non-legally required power sources which include the main electrical utility service disconnect circuit breaker(s), other than non-life safety or non-legally required distribution scale UPS equipment, and non-life safety or non-legally required local power generation equipment.
- C. Provide FREPOs for fire pump, life safety, and legally required electrical generation equipment only when required by the AHJ. When required by the AHJ, fire pump, life safety, and legally required power generation and/or stored energy power supply equipment shall each have separate dedicated FREPOs that shut down only their associated power generation/stored energy equipment. FREPOs for emergency, and legally required systems shall have minimal 25-foot physical separation from the building main utility service FREPOs and clearly labeled with the equipment that they will shut down. FREPOs for fire pumps shall have minimal 25-foot physical separation from the any other FREPOs and from the building main utility service disconnect and clearly labeled with the equipment that it will shut down.
- D. Integrate the FREPOs tamper switch with the building security or building management control system (BMCS) as directed by Owner.

3.4 TESTING

- A. Before energizing, check for continuity of circuits, short circuits, and grounding connections.
- B. After energizing, check wiring devices to demonstrate proper operation and receptacles for correct polarization, voltage and phase orientation if intended 3-phase equipment is phase orientation dependent for proper motor rotation or operation.
- C. Test each individual GFCI receptacle and all downstream receptacles protected by an upstream GFCI device with simulated ground fault tester, make corrections as necessary.
- D. Operate each wall switch with circuit energized and verify proper operation.

END OF SECTION